Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

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Courses			CODE				C	ours	e Fam	ily		Cred	lit We	ight		SEM	ESTER	R Co	mpilation te
New Generat	ion Network		202010241	7								T=2	P=0	ECTS	5=3.18		5	Jul	y 18, 202
AUTHORIZA [*]	TION		SP Develo	Course Cluster Coordinator						Study Program Coordinator									
			Pradini Pus	spitan	ingay	⁄u, Ph	ı.D.						sti Pu , S.T.,	tu Asto M.T.)	Dr		Rakh Γ., Μ.	ımawati, T.
Learning model	Case Studies																		
Program Learning	PLO study pro	gra	m that is char	is charged to the course															
Outcomes	Program Object	ctive	es (PO)	(0)															
(PLO)	PO - 1		le to apply bas nciples	ic kn	owled	dge o	of Ne	ew G	enerat	ion N	Vetwo	ork to	gain	a thor	ough ι	ınders	tanding	of e	ngineering
	PO - 2	Ab	le to communica	ate ef	fectiv	ely bo	oth ve	erbal	ly and	in wr	iting ı	regard	ding N	ew Ge	neratio	n Netv	vork to	oics	
	PO - 3	Ab	le to apply New	Gene	eratio	n Net	work	topic	c meth	ods a	and sl	kills n	eeded	to sol	ve prob	lems i	n the e	ngine	ering field
	PO - 4	Ab	le to work in cro	ss-dis	sciplir	nary a	and c	cultur	al arts	team	S								
	PO - 5	Ab rel	le to understan evant current iss	d the sues	nee	d for	lifelo	ong l	learnin	g in	the f	ield o	f New	/ Gene	eration	Netwo	ork whi	ch is	related to
	PLO-PO Matrix	(
	P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 PO-5																		
	PO Matrix at th	e e	nd of each lea	rning	g sta	ge (S	sub-l	PO)											
			P.O									Wee	ek						
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			PO-1																

Short Course Description

Students can discuss the concept of radio wave spectrum, identify networks from technical and financial aspects, differentiate telecommunications network standards, determine the basic concepts of 5G, explain Cognitive Radio, Massive centralized RAN, Vehicular Communication, explain IoT and Mobile telecommunications, categorize network architecture, mobility management, RAN, classifies D2D, Big data, and explores the latest and future developments in telecommunications networks using the case method in lectures.

References

Main:

PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 PO-5

- $1. \ \ \text{Next Generation Networks, . 2008. Jingming Li Salina, Pascal Salina, John Wiley \& Sons}$
- 2. 5G Mobile Communications Concepts and Technologies, 2019, Saad Z. Asif, CRC Press, Taylor&Francis Group

Supporters:	
	n Wireless Communications Systems from Mobile to 5G, 2018, Athanasios G. ntina S. Nikita, Panagiotos Mathiopoulos, CRC Press Taylor&Francis Group

Supporting lecturer Dr. Nurhayati, S.T., M.T. Pradini Puspitaningayu, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalu	ation	Learr Studer	lp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, timated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	References]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	1.Students are able to understand & explain the concept of computer networks, 2.Students are able to understand & explain the influence of networks in everyday life, 3.Students are able to understand & explain the characteristics of network architecture, 4.Students are able to understand & explain the characteristics of network architecture, 4.Students are able to understand & explain network classification based on scale,	1.Accuracy in explaining Computer Network Concepts 2.Accuracy in explaining trends in the development of computer networks and the Internet 3.Accuracy in explaining Network Architecture 4.Accuracy in explaining the classification of computer networks based on scale and types of computer network topology	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion			0%
2	1.Students are able to understand & explain the concept of computer networks, 2.Students are able to understand & explain the influence of networks in everyday life, 3.Students are able to understand & explain the characteristics of network architecture, 4.Students are able to understand & explain the characteristics of network architecture, 4.Students are able to understand & explain network classification based on scale,	1.Accuracy in explaining Computer Network Concepts 2.Accuracy in explaining trends in the development of computer networks and the Internet 3.Accuracy in explaining Network Architecture 4.Accuracy in explaining the classification of computer networks based on scale and types of computer network topology	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion			5%

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3	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the meaning and function of the Protocol, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the functions of each OSI and TCP/IP Layer, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the Reference Protocol and the Model Protocol, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the OSI Protocol, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the OSI Protocol and the TCP/IP Protocol, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the Encapsulation and Decapsulation Processes at each layer	1.Accuracy in explaining the Communication Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining Protocol Characteristics and Functions 3.Accuracy in distinguishing between the OSI Reference model and the TCP/IP Protocol. Accuracy in explaining the encapsulation and decapsulation processes at each layer.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 100		0%

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4	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the meaning and function of the Protocol, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the functions of each OSI and TCP/IP Layer, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the Reference Protocol and the Model Protocol, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the Reference Protocol and the Model Protocol, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the OSI Protocol and the TCP/IP	1.Accuracy in explaining the Communication Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining Protocol Characteristics and Functions 3.Accuracy in distinguishing between the OSI Reference model and the TCP/IP Protocol. Accuracy in explaining the encapsulation and decapsulation processes at each layer.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 100		5%
	explain and differentiate between the Reference Protocol and the Model Protocol, 4.Students are able to	and decapsulation processes at				
	explain and differentiate between the OSI Protocol and the TCP/IP Protocol, 5.Students are able to					
	understand, explain and differentiate the Encapsulation and Decapsulation Processes at each layer					

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5	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the meaning and function of the Protocol, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the functions of each OSI and TCP/IP Layer, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the Reference Protocol and the Model Protocol, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the Reference Protocol and the Model Protocol, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between the OSI Protocol and the TCP/IP Protocol, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the Encapsulation and Decapsulation Processes at each layer	1.Accuracy in explaining the Communication Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining Protocol Characteristics and Functions 3.Accuracy in distinguishing between the OSI Reference model and the TCP/IP Protocol. Accuracy in explaining the encapsulation and decapsulation processes at each layer.	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 100		5%
6	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Data Coding Functions, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between types of data coding, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Serial and Parallel Transmission Modes, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Serial and Parallel Transmission Modes, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Synchronization Techniques and types of Synchronization Techniques	1.Accuracy in explaining the Physical Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining and Differentiating Data Coding 3.Accuracy in explaining and distinguishing between types of synchronization	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Class discussions, groups discussing directly and looking for related material.		5%

7	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Data Coding Functions, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between types of data coding, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Serial and Parallel Transmission Modes, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Serial and Parallel Transmission Modes, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Synchronization Techniques and types of Synchronization Techniques	1.Accuracy in explaining the Physical Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining and Differentiating Data Coding 3.Accuracy in explaining and distinguishing between types of synchronization	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Class discussions, groups discussing directly and looking for related material.		2%
		UTS questions correctly.	Form of Assessment : Test	·		
9	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of the Data Link Layer, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Multiple Access Techniques, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between types of IEEE standard protocols, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Error Control and Flow Control Methods, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Error Control and Flow Control Methods, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between types of Error Control and Flow Control methods		Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, class discussions, group discussions directly and looking for related material.		2%

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10	 Students are 		Presentations,		5%
	able to	Form of	class		
	understand,	Assessment :	discussions,		
	explain and	Participatory	group		
	differentiate the	Activities	discussions directly and		
	concept of the		looking for		
	Data Link		related		
	Layer,		material.		
	Students are		material.		
	able to				
	understand,				
	explain and				
	differentiate				
	Multiple Access				
	Techniques,				
	3.Students are				
	able to				
	understand,				
	explain and				
	differentiate				
	between types				
	of IEEE				
	standard				
	protocols,				
	4.Students are				
	able to				
	understand,				
	explain and				
	differentiate				
	Error Control				
	and Flow				
	Control				
	Methods,				
	5.Students are				
	able to				
	understand,				
	explain and				
	differentiate				
	between types				
	of Error Control				
	and Flow				
	Control				
	methods				
	memous				

11	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of the Data Link Layer, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Multiple Access Techniques, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between types of IEEE standard protocols, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate between types of IEEE standard protocols, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Error Control and Flow Control Methods, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate	Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, class discussions, group discussions directly and looking for related material.		3%

					 1	
12	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of network layers, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Addressing Systems in Computer Networks, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of IP Address Subnetting, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the CIDR and VLSM Subnetting Concepts, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the CIDR and VLSM Subnetting Concepts, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Simple Computer Networks using the Subnetting Concept	1.Accuracy in explaining the Network Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining and differentiating addressing systems in computer networks 3.Accuracy in explaining IP Address Subnetting 4.Accuracy in explaining and differentiating CIDR and VLSM subnetting concepts	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Group discussions, presentations		3%

13	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of network layers, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Addressing Systems in Computer Networks, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of IP Address Subnetting, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the CIDR and VLSM Subnetting Concepts, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the CIDR and VLSM Subnetting Concepts, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Simple Computer Networks using the Subnetting Concept	1.Accuracy in explaining the Network Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining and differentiating addressing systems in computer networks 3.Accuracy in explaining IP Address Subnetting 4.Accuracy in explaining and differentiating CIDR and VLSM subnetting concepts	Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Group discussions, presentations		5%

14	1.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of network layers, 2.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Addressing Systems in Computer Networks, 3.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the concept of IP Address Subnetting, 4.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the CIDR and VLSM Subnetting Concepts, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate the CIDR and VLSM Subnetting Concepts, 5.Students are able to understand, explain and differentiate Simple Computer	1.Accuracy in explaining the Network Layer Concept 2.Accuracy in explaining and differentiating addressing systems in computer networks 3.Accuracy in explaining IP Address Subnetting 4.Accuracy in explaining and differentiating CIDR and VLSM subnetting concepts	Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Group discussions, presentations		5%
	explain and differentiate					
15	Students are able to explain the new generation network resume material		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	group discussion		5%
16	Final exams		Form of Assessment : Test	test/quiz		30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

Evaluation i orodinago nodapi oaco c		
No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	50%
2.	Test	50%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
 are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
 knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main
- points and sub-topics.

 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.