

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

| Courses | | CODE | | | Course Family | | | у | Credit Weight | | SEMEST | ER | Con | pilation | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Electromagne | etic Field | | 2020103080 | | | | Compulsory Study | | | T=3 | T=3 P=0 ECTS=4.77 | | | L | - | 10, 2023 |
| | | | | | Pro | gram | Súbje | | e Clus | ter Co | oordinator | Study P | rogram (| Coordi | inator | |
| | | Dr. Puput Wanarti Rusimamt Joko, M.Pd. MT. | | to., Prof. Dr. Dr. Pu ST.,M | | Puput Wanarti Rusimamto., MT; | | Dr. Lusia Rakhmawati, S.T., M.T. | | | | | | | | |
| Learning model | Case Studies | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program | PLO study prog | gram t | hat is charg | ed to the | e cour | 'se | | | | | | | | | | |
| Learning Outcomes (PLO) | PLO-5 | | derstanding of the principles of electrical engineering | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (1 20) | PLO-8 | Able t field | o apply engine | eering pri | nciples | s, ider | ntify, f | ormul | ate and | analyz | e dat | a/informatior | to solve p | oblems i | n the e | electrical |
| | Program Objec | tives (| PO) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PO - 1 | | o apply engin omagnetic field | | inciple | s, ide | ntify, | formu | ulate an | d analy | /ze da | ata/informatio | on to solve | problem | s in th | e field of |
| | PO - 2 | Able to | o convey idea | s and inn | ovatior | n resu | lts in | the fie | eld of ele | ectrom | agnet | ic fields effe | tively both | orally an | d in wr | riting |
| | PO - 3 | Able to | o plan, comple | ete and e | valuate | e task | s relat | ed to | electro | magnet | tic fiel | ds | | | | |
| | PLO-PO Matrix | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | P.O PLO-5 PLO-8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PO-1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PO-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PO-3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PO Matrix at th | e end | of each lear | ning sta | ge (Sı | ub-PC | D) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | P.O Week | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 9 | 9 : | 10 11 | 12 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| | | PO |)-1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | PO |)-2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | PO | 9-3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | ÷ | • | | • | | | • • | • | ÷ | ! | • | • • | • | |
| Short Course Description | Students can dis divergence, dedu and torque, induc as well as explori | ce ener tance a | rgy and poten and magnetic | tial, cateo circuits, i | jorize c EMF, m | condu nagne | ctors tic eff | and c ects t | apacita hat cha | nce, cla nge ov | assify er tim | ampere law e, Maxwell's | and magne equations, | tic fields electron | , magn nagnet | netic force |
| References | Main : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Hayt, En | gineerir | ng Electromag | net , fifth | Editior | n, terj | emah | an ole | eh The H | louw L | iong (| (ITB), MacGr | arw- Hill, 1 | 981 | | |
| | Seri Buki Liang Ch | u Schau i Shen, | um, Elektroma Jin An Kong Electromagne | gnetika . Aplikasi | I.D. Kra Elektro | aus. 1 omag | .984. netik , | edisi | i 3, Pene | erbit Er | langg | | | | | |
| | Supporters: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | HF Radia | ation Ef | and Sergey V fects, . With P heory and Co | ress | | | | | | | | | | | asical | Theory in |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Support lecturer | Dr. Ir. Achmad Im Dr. Puput Wanart | am Agung, M.Pd. i Rusimamto, S.T., M.T Iapsari Peni Agustin Tj | | 1.Т. | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--------------------------|
| Week- | Final abilities of each learning stage | Evalu | ation | Lear Studer | Ip Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, timated time] | Learning materials [References] | Assessment Weight (%) |
| | (Sub-PO) | Indicator | Criteria & Form | Offline(offline) | Online (<i>online</i>) | [noise is a set of the set of th | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| 1 | Students are able to explain the historical background and applications of electromagnetics | 1.Explain the historical background 2.Explain electromagnetic applications in wireless technology, transmission line design and electromagnetic testing. | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | Presentations, discussions, reflections and assignments 3 X 50 | | | 4% |
| 2 | Students are able to understand the use of Cartesian coordinates, cylindrical coordinates and spherical coordinates in solving electromagnetic field problems. | Explain vector notation Explain vector algebra Explain coordinate systems Explain the differential volume and surface elements and lines | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | Presentation, discussion, reflection and assignment 3 X 50 | | Material: Meeting material 2 References: Schaum Book Series, JD Kraus Electromagnetics. 1984. | 4% |
| 3 | Students are able to explain theories regarding static electric fields and the application of Coulomb's and Gauss's Laws | Understand Coulomb's law Find the electric field strength Explain point charge fields Explain the line charge field Explain the plane charge field Explain the volume charge field | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | | Group assignments, group discussions, and 3 X 50 presentations | Material: Meeting material 3 Bibliography: Hayt, Engineering Electromagnet, fifth Edition, translation by The Houw Liong (ITB), MacGrarw- Hill, 1981 | 4% |
| 4 | Students are able to explain electric flux density | 1. Explaining Electric Flux 2. Explaining Electrical Flux Density Vectors 3. Explain Gauss's Law 4. Explaining the Divergence Theorem | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | | Group discussion, group presentation, and reflection 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 4 References: Schaum Book Series, JD Kraus Electromagnetics. 1984. | 4% |
| 5 | Students are able to understand energy and electrical potential | Explain the energy required to move an electric charge in an electric field Explain line integrals Explain potential differences Explain the potential field of electric charges Explain the potential field of a charge system | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | | Tracing sources of information, group discussions, and concluding the results of 3 X 50 group discussions | Material: Meeting material 5 Bibliography: Krauss John E., Electromagnetics, McGraww-Hill Book Co. third Edition, 1999 | 4% |

| 6 | Students are able to understand conductors, dielectrics and capacitance | Explain Current and Current Density Explaining Conductors and Conductivity Explain semiconductors Explain the properties of dielectric materials Explain capacitance | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | Group discussions, group presentations, and reflection 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 6 Bibliography: Krauss John E., Electromagnetics, McGraww-Hill Book Co. third Edition, 1999 | 4% |
|----|---|---|---|--|--|-----|
| 7 | Students are able to understand conductors, dielectrics and capacitance | Explain Current and Current Density Explaining Conductors and Conductivity Explain semiconductors Explain the properties of dielectric materials Explain capacitance | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | Presentations, discussions and reflections as well as 3 X 50 group presentations | Material: Meeting material 7 References: Liang Chi Shen, Jin An Kong, Electromagnetic Applications, 3rd edition, Erlangga Publisher, Jakarta, 1995 | 4% |
| 8 | Carrying out UTS Meetings 1 to 7 | Meetings 1 to 7 | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Test | Written Test 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 1-7 References: Hayt, Engineering Electromagnet, fifth Edition, translation by The Houw Liong (ITB), MacGrarw- Hill, 1981 | 15% |
| 9 | Students are able to explain theories regarding static magnetic fields and the application of Biot-Savart and Ampere's Laws | Explain Biot Savart's law Explain Ampere's integral law Explain Stoke's theorem Explain Stoke's theorem Explain flux and magnetic flux density Explain scalar potential and magnetic vector potential Explain the law of steady magnetic fields | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities | Presentation, discussion and reflection 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 9 Reader: Farhad Rachidi and Sergey V Tkachenko,. 2008. Electromagnetic Field Interaction with Transmission lines from Casical Theory in HF Radiation Effects, . With Press | 4% |
| 10 | Students are able to explain theories regarding static magnetic fields and the application of Biot-Savart and Ampere's Laws | Explain Biot Savart's law Explain Ampere's integral law Explain Stoke's theorem Explain magnetic flux and magnetic flux density Explain scalar potential and magnetic vector potential Explain the law of steady magnetic fields | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities | Presentation, discussion and reflection 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 10 References: Jian-Ming Jin, Theory and Computation of Electromagnetic Fields, 2nd Ed. IEEE Press, John Wiley and Son, 2015 | 4% |

| 11 | Students are able to explain force and torque in a magnetic field | Explain the magnetic force on particles. Explain the combination of electric fields and magnetic fields Explain the magnetic force on a current element Explain thork and power Explain torque Explain the magnetic moment of a plane coil | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities | | Discussion, presentation and reflection 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 11 Bibliography: Schaum Book Series, JD Kraus Electromagnetics. 1984. | 4% |
|----|---|--|---|---|--|---|----|
| 12 | Students are able to explain force and torque in a magnetic field | Explain the magnetic force on particles. Explain the combination of electric fields and magnetic fields Explain the magnetic force on a current element Explain work and power Explain torque Explain the magnetic moment of a plane coil | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | Presentation, discussion and reflection 3 X 50 | | Material: Meeting material 12 Reader: Farhad Rachidi and Sergey V Tkachenko,. 2008. Electromagnetic Field Interaction with Transmission lines from Casical Theory in HF Radiation Effects, . With Press | 4% |
| 13 | Students are able to explain inductance and magnetic circuits | Explain self- induction voltage Explain inductors and inductance Explain magnetic circuits Describes a terrace with an air gap Explaining double coils Explain parallel magnetic circuits | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment | | Group discussions, presentations, discussions and reflections (independent learning) 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 13 References: Liang Chi Shen, Jin An Kong, Electromagnetic Applications, 3rd edition, Erlangga Publisher, Jakarta, 1995 | 4% |
| 14 | Students are able to explain displacement currents and induced electromotive forces | Explain displacement flow Explain Faraday's law Describes a conductor that moves in a field that is independent of time Describes a conductor that moves in a changing field | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities | | Group discussion, presentation and reflection (independent study) 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 14 References: Jian-Ming Jin, Theory and Computation of Electromagnetic Fields, 2nd Ed. IEEE Press, John Wiley and Son, 2015 | 4% |

| 15 | Students are able to explain the theories of electromagnetic waves and solve cases | Explaining the Wave Equation and its Solution in Rectangular Coordinates Explaining Wave Propagation in various Media Explaining Interface Field Conditions for Normal Collisions Explaining Oblique Collisions and Snell's Law | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests | Presentation, discussion and reflection 3 X 50 | Material: Meeting material 15 References: Hayt, Engineering Electromagnet, fifth Edition, translation by The Houw Liong (ITB), MacGrarw- Hill, 1981 | 3% |
|----|---|--|---|---|--|-----|
| 16 | Meetings 9 to 15 | Meetings 9 to 15 | Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests | Written test 3 X 50 | | 30% |

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

| No | Evaluation | Percentage |
|----|--------------------------|------------|
| 1. | Participatory Activities | 50.5% |
| 2. | Portfolio Assessment | 18% |
| 3. | Test | 31.5% |
| | | 100% |

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.

8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.