

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

				SEME	ESTER	LEARN	IING	PLAN	J		
Courses	Courses			CODE		Course Family		Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Electric circuit I			2020103163				T=3 P=0	ECTS=4.77	1	July 18, 2024	
AUTHOR	IZAT	ION		SP Develope	r		Cours	e Cluster C	oordinator	Study Program Coordinator	
								Dr. Lusia Rakhmawati, S.T., M.T.			
Learning model		Case Studies									
Program	1	PLO study p	rogran	n that is char	ged to the c	ourse					
Learning		Program Objectives (PO)									
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix									
				P.O							
		PO Matrix at	the en	d of each lea	arning stage	(Sub-PO)					
P			P.0	0 1 2	3 4 5	5 6 7	8	Week 9 10	11 12	13 14	15 16
Short Course Description Understanding and theory of electrical voltage analysis, (some		trical ci	rcuits, (4) dire	ct current elec	ctric power (	5) mesh	ı current an	alysis, (mesh	current analy	sis), (6) node	
Reference	ces	Main:									
		<ol> <li>Boylestad, Robert L., 2007. Introductory Circuit Analysis -11th ed . New Jersey; Pearson Prentice Hall</li> <li>Floyd, 2007. Electric Circuits Fundamentals 13 7th ed. New Jersey; Pearson Prentice Hall</li> <li>William, Jack, &amp; Steven. 2005. Engineering Circuit Analysis Sixth Edition (diterjemahkan oleh Wiwit Kastawan) . Jakarta: Erlangga.</li> <li>Ramdhani, Mohamad. 2008. Rangkaian Listrik . Jakarta: Erlangga</li> <li>dll</li> </ol>									
Supporters:											
Supporting lecturer Prof. Dr. H. Muno Dr. Tri Rijanto, M											
Week-	of e	al abilities each rning stage		Evaluation			Help Learnin Learning meth Student Assign [Estimated ti		ods, lents, ne]	Learning materials [ References	Assessment Weight (%)
	(SU	Sub-PO) II		ndicator	Criteria & F		ine ( ine )	Online	( online )	]	
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(	5)		(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Describe, give examples and apply atomic theory, basic knowledge concepts and circuit parameters	1.Explain the meaning of electron flow 2.Explain the meaning of electric current 3.Explain the meaning of electric potential 4.Explain the meaning of voltage/voltage difference 5.Explain the meaning of electrical units 6.Explain the meaning of electrical units	Criteria: The correct answer gets a score of 100	Discussion, providing examples of application and assignments in the 3 X 50 theory class		0%
2	Describe, give examples and apply basic knowledge concepts and circuit parameters	1. Explain the meaning of electron flow 2. Explain the meaning of electric current 3. Explain the meaning of electric potential 4. Explain the meaning of voltage/voltage difference 5. Explain the meaning of electrical units 6. Explain the meaning of electrical units	Criteria: The correct answer gets a score of 100	Discussion, providing examples of application and assignments in the 3 X 50 theory class		0%

 		T	1	T	T	
Understand and apply the basic laws of electricity and basic theory of electrical circuits	1.Explain direct current (DC) generation 2.Explain the types of direct current 3.Explain Faraday's law 4.Explain Kirchhoff's law 19s 5.Explain Ohm's law 6.Explain Lenz's law 7.Calculate the branch voltage across some resistance 8.Calculate the equivalent resistance in a series circuit. 9.Calculating equivalent resistance in parallel circuits. 10.Calculating the branch current in a two-branch parallel circuit. 11.Calculating equivalent resistance in series-parallel (mixed) circuits 12.Calculate the magnitude of the conductance G	test score: number of correct answers x 100, divided by the number of test items	Discussion, giving examples of R series problems and assignments in theory class, 3 x 50			0%

4	Understand and apply the basic laws of electricity and basic theory of electrical circuits	1.Explain direct current (DC) generation 2.Explain the types of direct current 3.Explain Faraday's law 4.Explain Kirchhoff's law 19s 5.Explain Ohm's law 6.Explain Lenz's law 7.Calculate the branch voltage across some resistance 8.Calculate the equivalent resistance in a series circuit. 9.Calculating equivalent resistance in parallel circuits. 10.Calculating the branch current in a two-branch parallel circuit. 11.Calculating equivalent resistance in series-parallel (mixed) circuits 12.Calculate the magnitude of the conductance G	Criteria: test score: number of correct answers x 100, divided by the number of test items	Discussion, giving examples of R series problems and assignments in theory class, 3 X 50		0%
5	Can analyze and evaluate the concept of direct current electric power, and practice in the laboratory	1. Calculate the amount of DC2 electrical power. calculate DC3 electrical work. calculate DC4 electric heat. Skilled in carrying out practical work in the laboratory to validate electrical power.	Criteria: The test score is obtained by: number of correct answers x 100 then divided by the number of test items	Discussion, providing examples of electrical power problems and assignments in theory classes. 3 X 50		0%
6		Explain ohm's law		Scientific Approach		0%
7				3 X 50		0%
8						0%
9						0%
10						0%
11						0%
12						0%
13						0%
14						0%
15						0%

16				0%

## **Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study**

No	Evaluation	Percentage	ľ
		0%	

## Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
  which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special
  skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or
  observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the
  course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. **Assessment Criteria** are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.