



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Courses	CODE	CODE		Co	Course Family			Cred	Credit Weight			SEMESTER			Compilation Date			
Basics of Tel Systems	n 2020102	376			Compulsory Study Program Subjects		T=0	P=0	EC	TS=0		3		Apr 202	il 17, 3			
AUTHORIZAT	SP Deve					rse Cluster rdinator				Study Program Coordinator								
		Dr. Lusia Puspitan	Dr. Lusia Rakhmawati, S.T., M.T. ; Pradini Puspitaningayu, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.					Prof. Dr. I Gusti Putu Asto B., M.T.				Dr. Lusia Rakhmawati, S.T., M.			6.T., M.T			
_earning nodel	Case Studies	l																
Program	PLO study program that is charged to the course																	
Learning Outcomes (PLO)	PLO-5	Able to apply knowledge of mathematics, natural sciences, information technology, and engineering to gain a thorough understanding of the principles of electrical engineering																
,i LO)	PLO-8	Able to apply engineering principles, identify, formulate and analyze data/information to solve problems in the electrical field																
	Program Objectives (PO)																	
	PO - 1	Able to apply ba	Able to apply basic knowledge of telecommunications engineering to gain a thorough understanding of engineering principles															
	PO - 2	Able to commun	Able to communicate effectively both verbally and in writing regarding basic telecommunications engineering topics															
	PO - 3		Able to apply basic methods and skills of modern telecommunications engineering needed to solve problems in the engineering field															
	PO - 4	Able to work in cross-disciplinary and cultural arts teams																
	PO - 5	Able to understand the need for lifelong learning in the telecommunications sector related to relevant current issues																
	PLO-PO Mati	D-PO Matrix																
		P.O		PLO-5		Р	LO-8											
		PO-1																
		PO-2																
		PO-3																
		PO-4																
		PO-5																
	PO Matrix at	the end of each le	arning	g stage (Si	ub-P	0)												
		P.O							٧	Veek								
			1	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
		PO-1																
	1	1 1	1	1 1			1		1								1	

P.O	Week															
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
PO-1																
PO-2																
PO-3																
PO-4																
PO-5																

Short Course Description Students can discuss basic telecommunications concepts, identify information signals, differentiate various types of transmission channels and telecommunications networks, determine the electromagnetic spectrum and bandwidth in the broadband era, explain the differences between digital and analog signal transmission, summarize multiplexing techniques, categorize wireless communications, classify various telecommunications standards, as well as exploring the latest developments in telecommunications technology using the case method in lectures.

References

Main:

- ${\bf 1.} \quad {\bf Simon \ Haykin. \ 2001. \ Communication \ Systems \ , 4th \ edition. \ New \ York: \ John \ Wiley \ \& \ Sons}$
- Simon Fragain. 2001. Communication Systems, 4ar edition. New Folk. Solin Wiley & Sons
 Tarmo Anttalainen. 2003. Introduction to telecommunications network engineering. 2nd edition. Norwood: Artech House telecommunications library
 Freeman, Roger L., Fundamentals of Telecommunication, 2nd ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., NJ, USA, 2005

Supporters:

- 1. Martin Sauter. 2006. Communication Systems for the Mobile Information Society. John Wiley & Sons
- 2. M.R. Karim . 2002. W-CDMA and cdma2000 for 3G Mobile Network . McGraw-Hil

Supporting lecturer

Dr. Lusia Rakhmawati, S.T., M.T. Pradini Puspitaningayu, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalua	ation	Learn Student	p Learning, ing methods, t Assignments, imated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
	(SuĎ-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	[References]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Understand how the telecommunications process is carried out, developments in telecommunications technology, and telecommunications standards.	Explain the meaning of telecommunications Explain the history of telecommunications development 3. Explain the concept of simplex, half-duplex, full-duplex communication	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 1 Reader: Simon Haykin. 2001. Communication Systems, 4th edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons	2%
2	Understand the characteristics of signals and how they represent information (sound, image, video, text)	1. Describe the Basics of Telecommunication Networks 2. Demonstrate Conventional Telephone Operation 3. Demonstrate Signaling to the Telephone Exchange 4. Describe Telephone Numbering 5. Demonstrate Switching and Signaling	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 2 Reader: Tarmo Anttalainen. 2003. Introduction to telecommunications network engineering. 2nd edition. Norwood: Artech House telecommunications library	2%
3	Understand the analog transmission and modulation process	Explain the analog transmission and modulation process. 2. Demonstrate the mathematical aspects of analog modulation	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 3 Reader: Martin Sauter. 2006. Communication Systems for the Mobile Information Society. John Wiley & Sons	2%
4	Understand the process of digital transmission and modulation	Explain the digital transmission and modulation process. 2. Describe the comparison with analog modulation	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 4 Reader: Tarmo Anttalainen. 2003. Introduction to telecommunications network engineering. 2nd edition. Norwood: Artech House telecommunications library	2%
5	Know the concept of digital transmission and analog to digital signal conversion	Explain the difference between digital and analog transmits the basic principles of PCM (sampling, quantizing, encoding)	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50		Material: Meeting material 5 Reader: Martin Sauter. 2006. Communication Systems for the Mobile Information Society. John Wiley & Sons	2%

6	Understand the basic concepts of communication networks and their topology	Explain local communication networks 2. Explain LAN topology 3. Explain MAN, WAN networks	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 6 Reader: Tarmo Anttalainen. 2003. Introduction to telecommunications network engineering. 2nd edition. Norwood: Artech House telecommunications library	2%
7	Know the types of telecommunications transmission media	Shows copper cable 2. Shows coaxial cable 3. Shows radio transmission 4. Shows satellite transmission	Criteria: Evaluation Rubric Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Case method 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 7 Reader: Simon Haykin. 2001. Communication Systems, 4th edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons	6%
8	Complete the Midterm Exam	Evaluation Rubric	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Test	UTS 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 1-7 Reader: Simon Haykin. 2001. Communication Systems, 4th edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons	20%
9	Understanding disturbances in transmission and the concept of quality of service	Students can simulate, present and discuss related material	Criteria: Can ask questions and answer the main points of the material Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 1 Reader: Tarmo Anttalainen. 2003. Introduction to telecommunications network engineering. 2nd edition. Norwood: Artech House telecommunications library	2%
10	Understand the calculation of transmission losses, the concept of gain in telecommunications networks, and the concept of signal to noise ratio.	Students can simulate, present and discuss related material	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	presentation, discussion 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 10 Reader: Martin Sauter. 2006. Communication Systems for the Mobile Information Society. John Wiley & Sons	2%
11	Understand multiplexing concepts: FDM, TDM, WDM.	Explain the process of combining and splitting signals, 2. Explain the concept of dividing bandwidth, speed and sampling time	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Case method 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 11 Reader: Martin Sauter. 2006. Communication Systems for the Mobile Information Society. John Wiley & Sons	6%
12	Know how telephone networks work, switching, numbering and routing techniques.	Explains central network topology, switching, numbering and routing techniques.	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Case method 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 12 Reader: Simon Haykin. 2001. Communication Systems, 4th edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons	6%
13	Know the basic concepts of cellular communications	Explain the basic concepts of cellular communications	Criteria: Accurate in making resumes and answering in discussions Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Case method 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 13 Reader: Simon Haykin. 2001. Communication Systems, 4th edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons	6%
14	Know the basic concepts of satellite communications	Explain the basic concepts of satellite communications	Criteria: Accurate in making resumes and answering in discussions Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Case method 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 14 Reader: MR Karim . 2002. W-CDMA and cdma2000 for 3G Mobile Networks. McGraw- Hil	6%

15	Know the basic concepts of data communication and OSI layer functions	Explains the basic concepts of data communication and OSI layer functions	Criteria: Accurate in making resumes and answering in discussions Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Case method 2 X 50	Material: Meeting material 15 Reader: Martin Sauter. 2006. Communication Systems for the Mobile Information Society. John Wiley & Sons	6%
16	Complete the Final Semester Exam	Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment: Test	UAS 2 x 50	Material: Meeting material 1-15 Reader: Simon Haykin. 2001. Communication Systems, 4th edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons	28%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage						
1.	Participatory Activities	52%						
2.	Test	48%						
		100%						

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on
 predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased.
 Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
 Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.