

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Electrical Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses				CODE		Course	Famil	У	Crea	dit Wei	ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Alternati	ng C	urrent Machine		8320103068	3				T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.77	5	July 18, 2024
AUTHOR	IZAT	ION		SP Develop	er			Cours	e Clu	ster C	oordinator	Study Progr Coordinator	am
		Dr. Nur Kholis				lis, S.T., M.T.							
Learning model		Case Studies											
Program	m PLO study program that is charged to the course												
Outcom	g es	Program Objec	tives	(PO)									
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix											
				P.0									
		PO Matrix at th	e end	of each lea	rning stage	(Sub-PC	C)						
			F	P.O				,	Week	(
				1 2	3 4	56	7	8	9	10	11 12	13 14	15 16
Short Course Descript	tion	Students have k windings and ca asynchronous me direction of rotati characteristics) a design and sele general electrical	dents have knowledge about synchronous generators, including: definition, working principles, types, parts, a dings and calculations of quantities, characteristics of synchronous generators. Have knowledge of synchronurnchronous motors, including: definition, working principles, types, principles & methods of starting and braking, methods of rotation of rotation speed, characteristics (rotation characteristics, torque characteristics, metracteristics) anchor reactions, losses and yields (efficiency), and slip. Students have the ability and responsible at sign and select synchronous generators, synchronous and asynchronous motors according to load characteristics are reacted by ULL).			arts, armature nchronous and king, reversing cs, mechanical sible attitude to acteristics and nanagement							
Reference	ces	Main :											
		 Djoko Ac Joko, 20: Mislan. 1 O’ Supar M. Ts. Mhd. 	hyanto 13. Ba 991. N Kelly, Dkk. Sulair	b, 1990. Mesi han Ajar Mes Jesin Tak Se Denis. 1992. 2009. Pemba nan, Mabuch	n-Mesin Listrik in Arus Bolak rempak. Surat Performance Ingkinan Tena i Magarisawa.	k. Jakarta Balik. Ju baya: Uni and Cont ga Listrik 1984. M	a : Erlar irusan T iversity trol of E k. BSE, lesin Ta	ngga. Feknik E Press I Electrica BNSP ak Serel	Elektro KIP S al Mac depdi mpak	o Faku Surabay chines. kas, Ja Dalarr	ltas Teknik U ya London: McC akarta n Praktek. Jał	nesa Surabaya Graw-Hill karta: Pradya F	a Paramita
		Supporters:											
Support lecturer	ing	Dr. Ir. Achmad Im Mahendra Widya	nam Ag rtono,	gung, M.Pd. S.T., M.T.									
Week-	Fine eac stag	al abilities of h learning ge h-PO)		Eva	luation			He Lear Stude	elp Le ning nt As stima	earning metho signm ted tin), ds, ents, ne]	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)
	Ju	5-1-0)	lı	ndicator	Criteria &	Form	Offli offli	ne(ne)	C	online	(online)	1	
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5	5)		(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Students have knowledge about synchronous generators, including: understanding synchronous generators, working principles of synchronous generators, types of synchronous generators, parts of synchronous generators, parts of synchronous generators and their functions, armature windings and calculating their quantities, characteristics of synchronous generators (zero load, loaded, regulating, external and short circuit) losses, generator efficiency, and voltage regulation and line work	1. Be able to explain the relationship between magnetic fields and electric fields 2. Be able to explain how energy is stored in a magnetic field	Criteria: The score is 1 to 4	1. MPL2. 9 X 50 Cooperative Model		0%
2	Students have knowledge about synchronous generators, including: understanding synchronous generators, working principles of synchronous generators, types of synchronous generators, parts of synchronous generators and their functions, armature windings and calculating their quantities, characteristics of synchronous generators (zero load, loaded, regulating, external and short circuit) losses, generator efficiency, and voltage regulation and line work	1. Be able to explain the relationship between magnetic fields and electric fields 2. Be able to explain how energy is stored in a magnetic field	Criteria: The score is 1 to 4	1. MPL2. 9 X 50 Cooperative Model		0%
3	Students have knowledge about synchronous generators, including: understanding synchronous generators, working principles of synchronous generators, types of synchronous generators, parts of synchronous generators and their functions, armature windings and calculating their quantities, characteristics of synchronous generators (zero load, loaded, regulating, external and short circuit) losses, generator efficiency, and voltage regulation and line work	1. Be able to explain the relationship between magnetic fields and electric fields 2. Be able to explain how energy is stored in a magnetic field	Criteria: The score is 1 to 4	1. MPL2. 9 X 50 Cooperative Model		0%
4	Understand the basics of electromechanics	1. Be able to explain the emergence of electromotive force 2. Be able to explain the coupling of forces in simple electrical machines.	Criteria: 1. 1-4 score assessment	1. Cooperative Model 6 X 50		0%

5	Understand the basics of electromechanics	1. Be able to explain the emergence of electromotive force 2. Be able to explain the coupling of forces in simple electrical machines.	Criteria: 1. 1-4 score assessment	1. Cooperative Model 6 X 50		0%
6	Understanding Induction Motors	.1. Explain the working principle of an induction motor.2. Explain the equivalent circuit of an induction motor.3. Explain power and torque.4. Explain the types of induction motors.5. Explain the working principle of an induction generator6. Explains the rotation settings	Criteria: 1. 1-4 score assessment	1. MPBM 6 X 50		0%
7	Understanding Induction Motors	.1. Explain the working principle of an induction motor.2. Explain the equivalent circuit of an induction motor.3. Explain power and torque.4. Explain the types of induction motors.5. Explain the working principle of an induction generator6. Explains the rotation settings	Criteria: 1. 1-4 score assessment	1. MPBM 6 X 50		0%
8	1. UTS2. Understanding Synchronous Motors	1. Explain the working principle of a synchronous machine. 2. Explain vector diagrams 3. Explain voltage regulation. 4. Explain the parallel work of synchronous machines. 5. Explain current, power and synchronization torque. 6. Explain synchronous motors. 7. Explain the power angle of a synchronous machine. 8. Explain the working principle of a synchronous condenser	Criteria: score 1 - 4	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 9 X 50		0%

9	Understanding Synchronous Motors	1. Explain the working principle of a synchronous machine. 2. Explain vector diagrams 3. Explain voltage regulation. 4. Explain the parallel work of synchronous machines. 5. Explain current, power and synchronization torque. 6. Explain synchronous motors. 7. Explain the power angle of a synchronous machine. 8. Explain the working principle of a synchronous condenser	Criteria: score 1 - 4	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 9 X 50		0%
10	Understanding Synchronous Motors	1. Explain the working principle of a synchronous machine. 2. Explain vector diagrams 3. Explain voltage regulation. 4. Explain the parallel work of synchronous machines. 5. Explain current, power and synchronization torque. 6. Explain synchronous motors. 7. Explain the power angle of a synchronous machine. 8. Explain the working principle of a synchronous condenser	Criteria: score 1 - 4	Lectures, discussions, questions and answers 9 X 50		0%
11	Understanding Synchronous Motors and Their Applications	1. Explain power and torque. 2. Explain the types of induction motors. 3. Explain the working principle of an induction generator. 4. Explain the rotation settings.	Criteria: Assessment score 1 - 4	Lectures, Discussions, case studies 9 X 50		0%
12	Understanding Synchronous Motors and Their Applications	1. Explain power and torque. 2. Explain the types of induction motors. 3. Explain the working principle of an induction generator. 4. Explain the rotation settings.	Criteria: Assessment score 1 - 4	Lectures, Discussions, case studies 9 X 50		0%

13	Understanding Synchronous Motors and Their Applications	1. Explain power and torque. 2. Explain the types of induction motors. 3. Explain the working principle of an induction generator. 4. Explain the rotation settings.	Criteria: Assessment score 1 - 4	Lectures, Discussions, case studies 9 X 50		0%
14	1. Understand the Application of Synchronous Motors2. UAS	1. Explain voltage regulation. 2. Explain the parallel work of synchronous machines. 3. lighting in electric power systems 4. Weaknesses and advantages of synchronous motors 5. UAS	Criteria: score for each variable 1 - 4	Lectures, Discussions, 3 X 50		0%
15	1. Understand the Application of Synchronous Motors2. UAS	1. Explain voltage regulation. 2. Explain the parallel work of synchronous machines. 3. lighting in electric power systems 4. Weaknesses and advantages of synchronous motors 5. UAS	Criteria: score for each variable 1 - 4	Lectures, Discussions, 3 X 50		0%
16	1. Understand the Application of Synchronous Motors2. UAS	1. Explain voltage regulation. 2. Explain the parallel work of synchronous machines. 3. lighting in electric power systems 4. Weaknesses and advantages of synchronous motors 5. UAS	Criteria: score for each variable 1 - 4	Lectures, Discussions, 3 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be guantitative or gualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.

- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.