

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Electrical Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

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	SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN												
Courses				CODE		Course Fa	mily		Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date	
Electrical Measurer	l Inst ment	rumentation and		8320102039 Compulsory Study Progr Subjects		gram	T=2	P=0	ECTS=3.18	3	July 17, 2024		
AUTHOR	IZAT	ION		SP Developer				Course Cl	uster	Coord	linator	Study Program	Coordinator
											Dr. Nur Kholis, S.T., M.T.		
Learning model		Project Based L	earning										
Program	1	PLO study prog	gram th	nat is charged	to the cour	se							
Outcome	es [PLO-10	Have a	a responsible c	haracter and b	e committed	to profession	onal ethics (Gene	ral/SS(C4.6).		
(PLO)	_	PLO-13	Able to	o design circuits	s, devices and	products in	the electrica	and electro	onics (engine	ering expertis	e program (SSC3	3.1).
		PLO-14	Able to engine	become a pra ering and elect	ctitioner who o ronics engine	can apply his ering skills pi	knowledge rogram (SS	and skills to C4.1)	o deve	lop pr	oducts in a co	mprehensive elec	ctrical
	_	Program Objec	tives (F	PO)									
		PLO-PO Matrix	1										
				P.O PLO-10 PLO-13 PLO-14									
	-	PO Matrix at th	e end o	of each learni	ng stage (Sı	ıb-PO)							
			P.(0				Week		—			
				1 2	3 4	5 6	6 7	8 9	10	11	12	13 14 15	5 16
Short Course Descript	tion	This Electrical M according to mea	easuren suremer	nent course wi nt units and sta	ill study variou ndards.	us types of	electrical m	easuring in:	strume	ents a	nd their use,	taking measuren	nents correctly
Reference	ces	Main :											
 Cooper W D. 1999. Instrumentasi Elektronik dan Teknik Pengukuran, Edisi Ke-2. Jakarta: Penerbit Erlangga. Soedjana S dan Nishino O. 2000. Pengukuran dan Alat-Alat Ukur Listrik . Jakarta: Paradnya Paramita. Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Pengukuran Besaran Listrik. Jakarta: Lembaga Penerbit FEUI (LP-FEUI). Sapile S dan Nishino. 2005. Pengukuran dan Alat-Alat Ukur Listrik . Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita. 													
	Ī	Supporters:											
 1. Johnson, David E.; Hilburn, John L.; Johnson, Johnny R.; Scot, Peter D.; 2002, "Basic Circuit Analysis", John Wiley & Son (Asia Ltd. 2. Witte, Robert A. 2002, "Electronic Test Instrument : Analog and Digital Measurements", 2ⁿd ed., PrenticeHall 						Son (Asia) Pte.							
Supporti lecturer	ing	Dr. Subuh Isnur H	Haryudo,	, S.T., M.T.									
Week-	Fina eac stag	al abilities of h learning je b-PO)		Evaluation		9 Form	Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignment [Estimated time]		ng, nods, ments <mark>ime]</mark>	i,	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)	
(1)		(2)	Ir	aulcator (2)	Criteria	& ⊢orm	Offline (omine)	0	nine	(online)	(7)	(0)
(1)		(4)		(3)	(4	9	(5)		(0)	(7)	(6)

1	 Able to explain the system of units and electrical quantiles according to measurement standards Able to use a system of units and electrical quantities according to measurement standards 	 Able to explain electrical units and quantities; Able to explain measurement standardization; Able to identify and convert various units of electrical quantities into basic quantities; Able to explain the symbols of electrical measuring instruments. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 2 X 50	Material: Units and Quantities Library: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI).	3%
2	Able to describe the working principles and characteristics of electrical measuring instruments	 Can identify the concepts of electromotive force and electromagnetic force as sources of electric current in an electrical circuit; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electrical measuring instruments; Can explain the characteristics and types of electrical measuring instruments; Use of various electrical measuring instruments; 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures, discussions and performances 2 X 50	Material: Characteristics of measuring instruments Reference: <i>Rudy</i> <i>Setiabudi.</i> 2007. <i>Measurement</i> of <i>Electrical</i> <i>Quantities.</i> <i>Jakarta: FEUI</i> <i>Publishing</i> <i>Institute (LP-FEUI).</i>	3%
3	Able to describe the working principles and characteristics of electrical measuring instruments	 Can identify the concepts of electromotive force and electromagnetic force as sources of electric current in an electrical circuit; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electrical measuring instruments; Can explain the characteristics and types of electrical measuring instruments; Use of various electrical measuring instruments; 	Criteria: A=86-100; A-=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion, and practice 2 X 50	Material: Characteristics of measuring instruments Reference: Cooper W D. 1999. Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques, 2nd Edition. Jakarta: Erlangga Publishers.	4%

4	 Able to explain the basics of electricity about electric current Able to use Ammeter measuring instruments in measurements 	 Can explain the basic concepts of electric current: Can explain the various sources of electric current; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electric current measuring instruments; Can carry out electric current measurements. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures, discussions and practice 2 X 50	Material: Electric Current Literature: Sapiie S and Nishino. 2005. Measurements and Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita. Material: Electric current measurement Reference: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI).	3%
5	 Able to explain the basics of electricity about electric current Able to use Ammeter measuring instruments in measurements 	 Can explain the basic concepts of electric current: Can explain the various sources of electric current; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electric current measuring instruments; Can carry out electric current measurements. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion, and practice 2 X 50	Material: Electric Current Literature: Sapiie S and Nishino. 2005. Measurements and Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita. Material: Electric current measurement Reference: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI).	4%
6	 Able to explain the basics of electricity regarding electric voltage Able to use a Voltmeter measuring instrument in measurements 	 Can explain the basic concepts of electric voltage; Can explain the various types of electrical voltage; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electric voltage measuring instruments; Can carry out electrical voltage measurements. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures, discussions and performances 2 X 50	Material: Electrical Measuring Instruments Library: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI). Material: Voltage measuring instrument (Voltmeter) References: Sapiie S and Nishino. 2005. Measurements and Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita.	3%

7	 Able to explain the basics of electricity regarding electric voltage Able to use a Voltmeter measuring instrument in measurements 	 Can explain the basic concepts of electric voltage; Can explain the various types of electrical voltage; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electric voltage measuring instruments; Can carry out electrical voltage measurements. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B =76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion, and performance 2 X 50	Material: Electrical Measuring Instruments Library: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI). Material: Voltage measuring instrument (Voltmeter) References: Sapiie S and Nishino. 2005. Measurements and Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita.	4%
8	Midterm Exam (UTS)	Able to complete learning in the form of a portfolio from meetings 1-7	Criteria: A=86-100; A-=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Tests	Individual Project 2 X 50		20%
9	Be able to explain electrical elements as voltage sources	 Can explain various electrical elements as voltage sources; Can explain the working principles and characteristics of electrical elements; Can carry out measurements of electrical elements. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures, discussions and performance performances 2 X 50	Material: Electrical elements References: 1. Johnson, David E.; Hilburn, John L.; Johnson, Johnny R.; Scott, Peter D.; 2002, "Basic Circuit Analysis", John Wiley & Son (Asia) Pte. Ltd.	3%
10	 Able to describe the basics of electricity regarding power and electrical energy Able to use a Wattmeter measuring instrument in measurements 	 Can explain the concept of power and electrical energy Can explain the relationship between current, voltage, power and electrical energy Can explain the working principles of power and electrical energy measuring instruments Can apply the use of power and electrical energy in daily life and calculate it based on the numbers printed on the kWh meter 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance, Tests	Lectures, discussions and performance performances 2 X 50	Material: Power and Energy Reader: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI). Material: Characteristics of measuring instruments References: 1. Johnson, David E.; Hilburn, John L.; Johnson, David E.; Hilburn, Johnson, Johnny R.; Scott, Peter D.; 2002, "Basic Circuit Analysis", John Wiley & Son (Asia) Pte. Ltd.	3%

11	 Able to describe the basics of electricity regarding power and electrical energy Able to use a Wattmeter measuring instrument in measurements 	 Can explain the concept of power and electrical energy Can explain the relationship between current, voltage, power and electrical energy Can explain the working principles of power and electrical energy measuring instruments Can apply the use of power and electrical energy in daily life and calculate it based on the numbers printed on the kWh meter 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Discussion, and performance demonstration 2 X 50	Material: Power and Energy Reader: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI). Material: Characteristics of measuring instruments References: 1. Johnson, David E.; Hilburn, John L.; Johnson, Johnny R.; Scott, Peter D.; 2002, "Basic Circuit Analysis", John Wiley & Son (Asia) Pte. Ltd.	5%
12	 Able to describe the working principles and characteristics of an Oscilloscope Able to operate an Oscilloscope 	 Can explain the working principles and characteristics of an Oscilloscope; Can use Oscilloscope in measuring electrical circuits; Can analyze the data obtained. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9; B=76-80.9; B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9; C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Lectures, discussions, and practice/performance 2 X 50	Material: Power and Energy References: Soedjana S and Nishino O. 2000. Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Paradnya Paramita. Material: Oscilloscope Reader: Sapiie S and Nishino. 2005. Measurements and Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita.	3%
13	 Able to describe the working principles and characteristics of an Oscilloscope Able to operate an Oscilloscope 	 Can explain the working principles and characteristics of an Oscilloscope; Can use Oscilloscope in measuring electrical circuits; Can analyze the data obtained. 	Criteria: A=86-100; A-=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Practice/Performance	Discussion, and practice/performance 2 X 50	Material: Power and Energy References: Soedjana S and Nishino O. 2000. Electrical Measurements and Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Paradnya Paramita. Material: Oscilloscope Reader: Sapile S and Nishino. 2005. Measurements and Electrical Measuring Instruments. Jakarta: Pradnya Paramita.	5%

14	Able to use various electrical measuring instruments and take measurements	 Can use various kinds of electrical measuring instruments based on various electrical loads and can analyze the data obtained; Can analyze the data obtained; 	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Discussion and Practicum 2 X 50	Material: Electrical Measuring Instruments Library: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI).	3%
15	Able to use various electrical measuring instruments and take measurements	1.Can use various kinds of electrical measuring instruments based on various electrical loads and can analyze the data obtained; 2.Can analyze the data obtained;	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=-66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Practice / Performance	Discussion and Practicum 2 X 50	Material: Electrical Measuring Instruments Library: Rudy Setiabudi. 2007. Measurement of Electrical Quantities. Jakarta: FEUI Publishing Institute (LP- FEUI).	3%
16	Final Semester Examination (UAT)	Able to complete learning in the form of a portfolio from meetings 8-15	Criteria: A=86-100; A=81- 85.9;B=76-80.9;B=71- 75.9; B=66-70.9;C =61-65.9; C=56-60.9; D=41-55.9; E=0-40.9 Form of Assessment : Test	Practice and Test 2 X 50		30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	28.84%
2.	Portfolio Assessment	10.34%
3.	Practice / Performance	22.17%
4.	Test	37.67%
		99.02%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO** (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and subtopics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.