

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Electrical Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE		Course Fa	amily	Cre	dit We	eight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date	
Setting System				8320103172				T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.77	4	July 18, 2024
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer		Course Cluster Coordinator			Coordinator	Study Program Coordinator			
											Dr. Nur Kholis, S.T., M.T.	
Learning model	I	Project Based Learning										
Program		PLO study program that is charged to the course										
Outcom	y es	Program Objectives (PO)										
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix										
	P.O											
		PO Matrix at th	e end	of each learn	ing stage (Si	ub-PO)						
			P.O Week 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16								15 16	
Short Course Description		Introduction to the concepts and general characteristics of regulatory systems, the meaning of open and closed loop transfer functions, block diagrams and their simplifications, system characteristics (sensitivity, accuracy, stability), transient analysis of first order and second order systems, methods for determining system stability, control techniques on process control, PID compensation techniques and linear system design planning.										
References		Main :										
		 Edward Arnold. 1995. Priciples of Control Engineering. Fred White Joseph J.Di Stefano. 1992.Sistem Pengendalian Dan Umpan Balik, Erlangga, Jakarta Ogata. 1997.Modern Control System 3rd Ed, Prentice Hall 										
		Supporters:										
Supporting lecturer Endryansyah, S.T., M.T. Dr. Puput Wanarti Rusimamto, S.T., M.T.												
Week- (Su		nal abilities of tch learning age ub-PO)		Evaluation		orm Off	Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials References	Assessment Weight (%)		
						offl	ine)			(1	
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)			(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Students are able to understand the concept of closed and open loop regulatory systems and their solution methods and applications.	 Explain the concept of closed and open loop regulatory systems. Explains examples of various problems related to closed loop and open loop regulatory systems along with their solution techniques. 	Lectures and discussions 3 X 50		0%
2	Students are able to understand the use of the Laplace Transformation in regulatory systems	 Explain the Laplace transformation, inverse Laplace transformation and differential equations. Explain the properties of the Laplace transform. Implement existing questions with the MATLAB program. 	3 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to understand the use of the Laplace Transformation in regulatory systems	 Explain the Laplace transformation, inverse Laplace transformation and differential equations. Explain the properties of the Laplace transform. Implement existing questions with the MATLAB program. 	3 X 50		0%
4	Students are able to explain System Modeling and Block Diagrams	 Explains creating mathematical models for simple systems. Explain calculating and creating the transfer function of a system. Explains simplifying the block diagram of a complex system. Explains determining the transfer of function of a regulatory system using Mason's postulates. 	3 X 50		0%

5	Students are able to explain System Modeling and Block Diagrams	 Explains creating mathematical models for simple systems. Explain calculating and creating the transfer function of a system. Explains simplifying the block diagram of a complex system. Explains determining the transfer of function of a regulatory system using Mason's postulates. 	3 X 50		0%
6					0%
7					0%
8					0%
9					0%
10					0%
11					0%
12					0%
13					0%
14					0%
15					0%
16					0%

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are

consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.

- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop
- Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent, Fracticer, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
 Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.