



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Education, Undergraduate Study Program in Out-of-School Education

Courses	CODE			Co	ourse F	amily	,		(Credit \	Neigh		SEI	MESTE	R	Cor	mpilatior	
Inclusive Edu	8620502	117			Compulsory Study P		ıdy Pı	ogram T=2		Γ=2 P	=0 E0	TS=3.1	8	2			il 27, 202	
AUTHORIZAT	ON	SP Deve	loper		Su	ibjects			Course	Clust	er Coo	rdinat	or	Stu	ıdy Pro	gram C	Coordin	ator
		lma Kurro Dwirisnar M.Pd.						e	lma Kuri	rotun <i>i</i>	Ainin, S	i.Pd., N	1.Pd.		Rivo N	ugroho	, S.Pd.,	M.Pd.
Learning model	Case Studies																	
Program	PLO study program which is charged to the course																	
Learning Outcomes	PLO-1																	
(PLO)	PLO-2	Demonstrate the	e charact	er of be	eing to	ugh, c	ollabor	ative,	adaptive	e, inno	vative,	inclus	ve, lifelo	ong lea	ırning a	nd entr	eprene	urial spirit
	PLO-9	Able to empowe	r the cor	nmunity	and a	apply s	ocial e	ntrep	reneursh	nip in t	he mar	agem	ent of no	n-form	nal educ	ation u	nit insti	tutions
	PLO-12	Able to demons	rate a re	sponsil	ble atti	itude a	nd wor	k toge	ether in a	accord	lance w	ith pro	fessiona	al norm	s and e	ethics		
	Program Object	ctives (PO)																
	PO - 1																	
	PO - 2	Mastering the concept of inclusive education, and its implementation and resolving problems procedurally.																
	PO - 3	Make decisions in applying understanding to students with special needs based on analysis of information and assessment data to provide alternative solutions to learning problems at school.																
	PO - 4	Responsible for	the perfo	rmance	e of the	e learn	ing car	rried c	out.									
	PLO-PO Matrix																	
														_				
		P.O		PLO-	1		PLO-2	2	PI	LO-9		PLC)-12					
		PO-1					1					,	,					
		PO-2					1			/								
		PO-3		/									,					
		PO-4																
			FO-4															
	PO Matrix at th	ne end of each le	arning	stane	(Sub-	-PO)												
	1 0 Matrix at th		zarriirig	otage	(dab	. 0,												
		P.O									Week							
		F.0					l _	_	1 , 1		1	10		40	10		45	10
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		PO-1	-		1			1									1	
		PO-2		1			1					1				1		
		PO-3				1					1			•	1			
		PO-4							1	•			1					
Short Course Description	(characteristics) guidelines); Con Assessment, Cu education (8 bas the implementati incorporating the	l examine in der (law no 8 physic cept and Implem irriculum Adaptati sic principles of ec on of inclusive ed e noble values of inclusive education	cal, men entation on, Prep lucation) ucation f Indones	tal and of incl paration ; Suppo for all s ian edu	I intell usive of Lort Systudent tudent ucatior	ectual educat earning stem fo s at all nal cult	disabi tion in g Equi or Prov I levels ture. Ir	lities) Indo ipmen viding s, type ndicate	; Policy nesia (w t, Imple Inclusive es and u ors of th	for in thich in the control of the c	npleme include ation of cation; f educa ccess o	nting is the Learr Learr Access tion the	nclusive Student ning, As sibility a rough th course a	e educ Admis sessm nd Ass ne GDF are if s	ation in sion Sent); Maistive to PK soci	n Indon ystem, lanager echnolo al para s have	esia (r Identifi nent o gy. Dis digm ap a com	egulation cation ar finclusive cussion coproach by preach signification in the contraction of the contractio
		programs.																
References	Main :																	

- 1. Budiyanto. (2011). Best Practices Inclusive Education in Japan, Australia, India, and Thailand, CRICED Tsukuba University.
- 2. Carrington. Suzanne, and Macarthur. Jude (Ed). (2012). Teaching In Inclusive School Communities,
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- 4. Choate. Joyce S., (2004). Pengajaran In k lusif Yang Sukses: Cara Handal untuk mendeteksi dan memperbaiki kebutuhan khusus, Hellen Keller International. Pearson Education Inc.
- 5. Hellen Keller International, Menjadikan Lingkungan Inklusif: Ramah Terhadap Pembelajaran (LIRP)
- 6. Kementrian Pendidikan Nasional, Modul Pelatihan Pendidikan Inklusif , kerjasama Kementrian Australia- Indonesia.
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- 21. Lani Florian, Margaret J. McLaughlin. 2008. Disability Classification in Education_ Issues and Perspectives
- 22. Leda Kamenopoulou. 2018. Inclusive Education and Disability in the Global South-Springer International. Publishing_Palgrave Macmillan.
- 23. MIke Adams. 2006. Towards Inclusive Learing in Higher Education_ Developing Curricula for Disabled Students.
- 24. Mike Cole.2003. Education, Equality and Human Rights_ Issues of Gender, Race, Sexuality, Disability and Social Class. Routledge
- 25. Richard Hanks. 2010. Common SENse for the Inclusive Classroom_ How Teachers Can Maximise Skills to Support Special Education Needs. Jessica Kingsley Pub.
- 26. Shruti Taneja Johansson (editor)_ Nidhi Singal (editor)_ (Senior lecturer) Paul Lynch (editor). 2019. Education and Disability in the Global South_ New Perspectives from Africa and Asia.
- 27. Todd. Partnership for Inclusive Education_ A Critical Approach to Collaborative Working

Supporting lecturer

Dr. Asri Wijiastuti, M.Pd. Prof. Dr. Sujarwanto, M.Pd. Ima Kurrotun Ainin, S.Pd., M.Pd. Danis Ade Dwirisnanda, S.Pd., M.Hum. Muhammad Nurul Ashar , S.Pd., M.Ed.

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Eval	uation	Help Le Learning Student As [Estima	methods,	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)	
	,	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	1.Understand the concept of inclusive education 2.Explain the advantages and disadvantages of inclusive education service practices	Explain the concept of inclusive education	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Offline. Presentation- Substantive/Scientific. Listen to the lecturer's explanation of the basic concepts of inclusive education. Analyze the videos you have watched regarding best practices in inclusive education and then discuss them in a guided manner. 2 X 50	Presentation- Substantive/Scientific. Listen to the lecturer's explanation of the basic concepts of inclusive education. Analyze the videos you have watched regarding the best practices of inclusive education and then discuss them in a guided manner.	Material: The concept of inclusive education, weaknesses and advantages of inclusive education. Reference: Hellen Keller International, Making an Inclusive Environment: Learning Friendly (LIRP).	3%	
2	Understand the basis for implementing inclusive education	- Explain the basis for implementing inclusive education	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation- Substantive/Scientific. Offline. Discuss reading materials available through discussion forums, and do assignments that are relevant to the topic of philosophy and basic principles and regulations in inclusive education. 2 X 50	Presentation- Substantive/Scientific. Offline. Discuss reading materials available through discussion forums, and do assignments that are relevant to the topic of philosophy and basic principles and regulations in inclusive education. 2 X 50	Material: Understanding the basis for implementing inclusive education. Reference: General Guidelines for Implementing Inclusive Education, (2011) Department of Education and Culture.	3%	

3	1.Understand the	- Explain the	Criteria:	Presentation-	Discuss available	Material:	3%
	principles of implementing inclusive education 2. Explain the definition and learning characteristics of students with visual impairments 3. definition and learning characteristics of hearing impaired students 4. Explain the definition and learning characteristics of students 4. Explain the definition and learning characteristics of students with mental barriers	principles of implementing inclusive education	The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Substantive/Scientific. Offline. Discuss available reading materials via video conference, discussion forums, and assignments. 2 X 50	reading materials via video conference, discussion forums, and assignments.	Understanding the principles of implementing inclusive education. Reference: Choate. Joyce S., (2004). Successful Inclusive Teaching: A Powerful Way to Detect and Remediate Special Needs, Hellen Keller International. Pearson Education Inc.	
4	1.Understanding the inclusion index 2.Explain the definition and learning characteristics of students with the autism spectrum 3.Explain the definition and learning characteristics of students with learning difficulties	Explain the inclusion index	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. Offline. Discuss available reading materials via video conference, discussion forums, and assignments. 2 X 50	Discuss available reading materials via video conference, discussion forums, and assignments.	Material: Understanding the inclusion index Reference: Budiyanto. (2011). Best Practices Inclusive Education in Japan, Australia, India, and Thailand, CRICED Tsukuba University.	3%
5	1.Understanding the Culture of Inclusion in Indonesia 2.Explain the definition and learning characteristics of students with other special needs as well as students with temporary special needs	Explaining the culture of inclusion in Indonesia	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. Offline. Discuss reading material available through discussion forums, and do assignments that are relevant to the topic. 2 X 50	Discuss reading material available through discussion forums, and do assignments that are relevant to the topic.	Material: cultivation of inclusion in Indonesia Reader: Choate. Joyce S., (2004). Successful Inclusive Teaching: A Powerful Way to Detect and Remediate Special Needs, Hellen Keller International. Pearson Education Inc.	3%
6	1.Understanding the Development of Inclusive Education in the World 2.Explains the description of the 2011 Guidelines for Implementing Inclusive Education 3.Describe the mechanism for accepting new students	1.Explain the development of inclusive education in the world 2.Describes views on inclusive education from various countries	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. Offline. Discuss the reading material available via video conference and 2 X 50 discussion forums		Material: Understanding the Development of Inclusive Education in the World Library: David Mitchell. 2007. What Really Works in Special and Inclusive Education_ Using evidence-based teaching strategies.	3%
7	1.Understanding the Learning Characteristics of Students with Special Needs 2.Concept and Implementation of inclusive education in Indonesia.	1.Explain the prevalence of students with special needs 2.Explain the learning characteristics of students with special needs with visual, hearing and physical barriers	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative 2 X 50		Material: Concept and implementation of inclusive education in Indonesia. Bibliography: Ruth Colker. 2008. (Cambridge Disability Law and Policy Series) - When is Separate Unequal _ A Disability Perspective. Cambridge University Press.	4%

8	Midterm exam	The better the	Criteria:	Written Test	On line	Material: Evaluation	20%
		answer, the better the grade	UTS Assessment Form of Assessment : Test	2 X 50		of meeting materials 1 - 7 Reference: Armineh Soorenian (auth.). 2013. (Studies in Inclusive Education) - Disabled International Students in British Higher Education_ Experiences and Expectations. SensePublishers.	25.0
9	1.Understanding the Learning Characteristics of Students with Special Needs 2.Describing Duplication 3.Describe Modifications 4.Describing Substitutions 5.Describe Omission 6.Describing Escalation 7.IEP/ IEP	Explain the learning characteristics of students with special needs with intellectual barriers, socioemotional barriers, autism, learning difficulties, and giftedness.	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. 2 X 50	On line. Discussion, questions and answers and giving individual assignments	Material: Understanding the Learning Characteristics of Students with Special Needs Library: Salend. Spencer J., (2011). Creating Inclusive Classrooms: Effective and Reflective Practice, Seven Edition. Boston: Pearson Education Inc.	4%
10	1.Understanding the Identification and Assessment of Students with Special Needs 2.Describe the preparation of learning devices	1.Explain the identification and assessment of students with special needs 2.Carry out identification and assessment of students with special needs	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation- Substantive/Scientific 2 X 50	On line. Assignments and Discussions.	Material: Describe the preparation of learning devices Reader: David Mitchell. 2007. What Really Works in Special and Inclusive Education_ Using evidence-based teaching strategies.	4%
11	1.Understanding the Planning Matrix for students with special needs 2.Describe the implementation of learning in the classroom in an inclusive education setting	Explain the Planning Matrix for students with special needs	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation- Substantive/Scientific. Offline. Discussion, questions and answers and giving individual assignments 2 X 50	Discussion, questions and answers and giving individual assignments 2 X 50	Material: Describe the implementation of learning in the classroom with an inclusive education setting. Reader: Leda Kamenopoulou. 2018. Inclusive Education and Disability in the Global South-Springer International. Publishing_Palgrave Macmillan.	4%
12	1.Understanding Individualized Learning Programs (PPI) 2.Community support and empowerment system in providing inclusive education	Explaining the Individual Learning Program (PPI)	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation- Substantive/Scientific. Offline. Assignment and Discussion 2 X 50	Assignment and Discussion 2 X 50	Material: Community support and empowerment system in providing inclusive education. Reference: Ann Lewis, Brahm Norwich. 2004. Special Teaching for Special Children_A Pedagogy for Inclusion_(Inclusive Education). Open University Press.	4%
13	1.Understanding curriculum adaptation in inclusive schools 2.Describe the management of inclusive education	Explaining the curriculum in inclusive schools	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. Offline. Discussion, questions and answers and giving individual assignments 2 X 50		Material: Describe the management of inclusive education Reference: Salend. Spencer J., (2011). Creating Inclusive Classrooms: Effective and Reflective Practice, Seven Edition. Boston: Pearson Education Inc.	4%

14	1.Understanding curriculum adaptation in inclusive schools 2.Explaining the Support System for the Implementation of Inclusive Education (resource center, parents/guardians, ULD/PSLD, SLB, NGO/LSM, 3.Describe community support and empowerment in implementing inclusive education	Carrying out the curriculum adaptation process in inclusive schools	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. Offline. Assignment and Discussion 2 X 50		Material: Support System for Implementing Inclusive Education (resource center, parents/guardians, ULD/PSLD, SLB, NGO/LSM, Library: Elizabeth Walton. 2016. The Language of Inclusive Education_Exploring Speaking, Listening, Reading and Writing. Routledge.	4%
15	1.Understanding assessment for students with special needs in inclusive schools 2.Explaining Accessibility in public spaces 3.Explains assistive technology that supports activities and learning	Explain the assessment system (grading, grade promotion, and reporting) for students with special needs in inclusive schools	Criteria: The more active you ask, the better the score. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Interaction- Educative/Collaborative. Offline. Discussion, questions and answers and giving individual assignments 2 X 50	Discussion, questions and answers and giving individual assignments	Material: Explaining Accessibility in public spaces Reader: Todd. Partnership for Inclusive Education_A Critical Approach to Collaborative Working	4%
16	Final exams	The better the answer, the better the grade	Criteria: The better the answer, the better the grade Form of Assessment: Test	Offline, work on UAS questions		Material: Evaluation of meeting materials 9 to 15 Reader: David Mitchell. 2007. What Really Works in Special and Inclusive Education_ Using evidence-based teaching strategies.	30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	50%
2.	Test	50%
		100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence. 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined
- indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.

 Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning,
- Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.