

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Education, Educational Technology Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

Coue	

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE		Course	Family	amily		Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Learning Theory				8620302137				T=2 P=0 ECTS=3.18		ECTS=3.18	1	July 18, 2024		
AUTHORIZATION				SP Developer			(Course Cluster Coordinator			oordinator	Study Program Coordinator		
			<u> </u>									Dr. Utari Dewi, S.Sn., M.Pd.		
Learning model	I	Case Studies												
Program		PLO study prog	gram th	nat is charge	ed to the cou	urse								
Learning Outcom		Program Objec	tives (I	PO)										
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix												
				P.O]									
		PO Matrix at th	e end o	of each learn	ning stage (S	Sub-PO)								
			Ρ.	0				W	eek					
				1 2	3 4	5 6	7	8 9	9 1	.0	11 12	13 14 2	15 16	
Short Course Descript	tion	This course discu learning theories group discussions	behav	iorism, cognit	definitions, go ivism, constru	oals, functio uctivism. Lo	ons, facto ectures a	ors tha are cai	at influe rried c	ence l out us	earning, princ ing online, in	siples, principle dependent as	es, and various signments and	
Referen	ces	Main :												
 Aunurrahman . 2012 . Belajar dan Pembelajaran. Bandung: Alfabeta Suyono dan Hariyanto. 2014. Belajar dan Pembelajaran: Teori dan Konsep Dasar . Bandung: Remaja Rosdakary Slameto. 2013. Belajar dan Faktor-Faktor yang Mempengaruhi . Jakarta: Rineka Cipta. Hergenhahn, B. R., Olson, M. H. 2015. Theories of Learning (Teori Belajar), Edisi Ketujuh. Jakarta: Prenadamed Gredler, M. E. 2011. Learning and Instruction Teori dan Aplikasi, Edisi Keenam. Jakarta: Kencana. Mudlofir, A., Rusydiyah, E. F. 2016. Desain Pembelajaran Inovatif dari Teori ke Praktek. Depok: Rajagrafindo Pe Suranto. 2015. Teori Belajar dan Pembelajaran Kontemporer . Yogyakarta: LaksBang Pressindo Slavin, R.E. 2005. Educational Psychology Theory and Practice . London: Allyn&Bacon 								nedia.						
		Supporters:												
Support lecturer		Dr. H. Lamijan Ha Citra Fitri Kholidy												
				Evaluation			Lea Stud		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		ds, ents,	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub	o-PO)	In	dicator	Criteria &	& Form	Offlin offlin		0	nline	(online)]		
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5))		(6)	(7)	(8)	

1	Understand the nature of learning, principles and factors that influence learning	 understand the concept of learning Describe the characteristics of learning explain the learning objectives explain the types of learning explain the principles of learning. 	Criteria: Test: question no 1 score: 2 question no 2 score: 4 question no 3 score: 4 Non test: Score 4 (86 - 100) : Very Good Score 3 (76 - 85) : Good Score 2 (61 - 75) : Fair Score 1 (50 - 60) : Less	scientific 2 X 50		0%
2	Understanding behaviorism learning theory	 Explain the basic concepts of Behaviorism theory describe the characteristics of Behaviorism theory Analyzing the assumptions of Behaviorist theory regarding learning Concluding the implications of Behaviorism theory for learning 	Criteria: Test: question no 1 score: 2 question no 2 score: 4 question no 3 score: 4 Non test: Score 4 (86 - 100) : Very Good Score 3 (76 - 85) : Good Score 2 (61 - 75) : Fair Score 1 (50 - 60) : Less	cognitive, collaborative 2 X 50		0%
3	Able to differentiate general learning principles and specific learning principles	Knowing the principles of learning in general. Knowing the principles of learning in particular. Inferring the meaning of learning principles	Criteria: Presentation assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
4	Able to understand the principles of learning and learning motivation	Explaining the 13 principles of learning. Explaining the importance of motivation in learning	Criteria: Assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
5	Able to understand learning theory according to BF Skinner's learning theory and able to explain the content of learning theory according to BF Skinner	Explaining BF Skinner's learning theory. Explaining examples of applications of Skinner's learning theory	Criteria: Presentation assessment rubric	Structured lectures Class discussions. 2 X 50		0%
6	Able to understand learning theory according to Pavlov's learning theory	Describe the concept of learning through Pavlov's learning theory. Describe the similarities and differences between Skinner's and Pavlov's learning concepts	Criteria: 1.Presentation assessment rubric 2.Paper assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%

7	Able to understand learning theory according to Robert Gagne's learning theory	Explaining the concept of learning through Robert Gagne's learning theory. Knowing the advantages and disadvantages of Robert Gagne's learning theory	Criteria: presentation assessment rubric and paper assessment rubric	Structured lecture Class discussion 2 X 50		0%
8	Sub Summative Exam			2 X 50		0%
9	Understanding learning theory according to Jean Piaget's learning theory Understanding learning theory according to Jerome Bruner's learning theory and according to Albert Bandura's social learning theory Able and concluding learning theory according to cognitivism	Explaining the concept of learning through Jean Peaget's learning theory Knowing the uniqueness of Jean Pieget's learning concept Explaining the concept of learning through Jerome Bruner's learning theory Explaining the concept of learning through Albert Bandura's learning theory	Criteria: Assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
10	Understanding learning theory according to Jean Piaget's learning theory Understanding learning theory according to Jerome Bruner's learning theory and according to Albert Bandura's social learning theory Able and concluding learning theory according to cognitivism	Explaining the concept of learning through Jean Peaget's learning theory Knowing the uniqueness of Jean Pieget's learning concept Explaining the concept of learning through Jerome Bruner's learning theory Explaining the concept of learning through Albert Bandura's learning theory	Criteria: Assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
11	Able to understand constructivist learning theory and types of constructivist learning theories Able to understand constructivist learning theory and types of constructivist learning theories	Explaining the constructivist view of learning. Explaining the 13 types of constructivist learning. Explaining Vigoski's constructivist learning theory. Explaining conclusions about the characteristics of constructivist learning theory.	Criteria: Assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
12	Able to understand constructivist learning theory and types of constructivist learning theories Able to understand constructivist learning theory and types of constructivist learning theories	Explaining the constructivist view of learning. Explaining the 13 types of constructivist learning. Explaining Vigoski's constructivist learning theory. Explaining conclusions about the characteristics of constructivist learning theory.	Criteria: Assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%

13	Understanding innovative learning: direct learning modelUnderstanding innovative learning cooperative learning modelUnderstanding innovative learning problem-based learning model	Explaining the concept of direct learning Simulating direct learning Explaining the concept of direct learning Simulating cooperative learning the concept of the problem-based learning problem-based learning	Criteria: 1.Paper assessment rubric 2.Presentation assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
14	Understanding innovative learning: direct learning modelUnderstanding innovative learning: cooperative learning modelUnderstanding innovative learning: problem-based learning model	Explaining the concept of direct learning Simulating direct learning Explaining the concept of direct learning Simulating cooperative learning Explaining the concept of the problem-based learning model Simulating cooperative	Criteria: 1.Paper assessment rubric 2.Presentation assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
15	Understanding innovative learning: direct learning modelUnderstanding innovative learning: cooperative learning modelUnderstanding innovative learning: problem-based learning model	Explaining the concept of direct learning Simulating direct learning Explaining the concept of direct learning Simulating cooperative learning Explaining the concept of the problem-based learning model Simulating problem-based learning	Criteria: 1.Paper assessment rubric 2.Presentation assessment rubric	Structured lectures Giving group assignments Discussions between students. 2 X 50		0%
16	Summative Exam			2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No Evaluation Percentage 0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.