

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Education, Educational Technology Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

				SEN	ΛE	STE	ER L	EA	RN	ING	P	LAN	J					
Courses			CODE				Course Family			Cro	Credit Weight				SEMESTER		mpilation te	
General Psychology				8620302115							Т=:	T=2 P=0 ECTS=3.18		2		Jul	y 18, 2024	
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer					Course Cluster Coordinator					Study Program Coordinator					
															D	or. Utari I M	Dewi .Pd.	, S.Sn.,
Learning model		Case Studies																
Program		PLO study program that is charged to the course																
Learning		Program Objectives (PO)																
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix																
			P.0															
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																
			P.	0			Week											
				1	2	3	4 5	;	6 7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Short Course Descript	This course disc sensation and pe	cusses rceptior	the nature 1, consciou	e an usne	id scop iss, lea	pe of ps Irning an	sycho Id me	ology, 1 emory.	he biol	ogica	l foun	dations	s of ber	navior,	human	dev	elopment,	
References		Main :																
		1. Laura A 2. Robert S Humanik	6 Fieldr														ırta :	Salemba
		Supporters:																
Supporti lecturer	ing	Muhammad Syaf Ni Wayan Sukma			, S.P	si., M.I	Psi.											
		ch learning ge		alua	luation				Lea Stude	rning ent A	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]			Learning materials [References		Assessmen Weight (%)		
	(Su	(Sub-PO)		ndicator Criteria & F		eria & Fo	orm		line (Online (<i>online</i>)		ne)]						
(1)		(2)		(3)			(4)		(5)			(6)			(7)		(8)

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1	Understand the nature and scope of psychology	 can explain the nature, scope, can explain and differentiate the meaning of the fields of study in psychology. Can explain approaches in psychology 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
2	Understand the nature and scope of psychology	 can explain the nature, scope, can explain and differentiate the meaning of the fields of study in psychology. Can explain approaches in psychology 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
3	Understand the biological foundations of behavior	 Can explain the nervous system Can explain Neurons Can explain the structure of the brain and its various functions 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 4 X 50		0%
4	Understand the biological foundations of behavior	 Can explain the nervous system Can explain Neurons Can explain the structure of the brain and its various functions 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 4 X 50		0%
5	Understanding the process of human development	 Can explain childhood development Can explain adolescent development Can explain the development of adults and the elderly 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
6	Understanding the process of human development	 Can explain childhood development Can explain adolescent development Can explain the development of adults and the elderly 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
7	Understand the processes of sensation and perception	Can explain how humans sense and perceive the world Can explain the Visual System Can explain the Auditory System Can explain the senses of the skin, nose and tongue	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%

8	Understand the processes of sensation and perception	Can explain how humans sense and perceive the world Can explain the Visual System Can explain the Auditory System Can explain the senses of the skin, nose and tongue	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
9	Midterm exam		2 X 50		0%
10	Understanding the process of human consciousness	1.Can explain the nature of consciousness 2.Can explain consciousness	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
11	Understanding the process of human consciousness	1.Can explain the nature of consciousness 2.Can explain consciousness	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
12	Understanding learning behavior		Types of learning Learning theories: Behavioristic, cognitive, humanistic Biological, psychological and cultural factors in learning 2 X 50		0%
13	Understanding learning behavior		Types of learning Learning theories: Behavioristic, cognitive, humanistic Biological, psychological and cultural factors in learning 2 X 50		0%
14	Understanding human memory processes	 Can explain the basic nature of memory Can explain the processes of encoding, storage, retrieval Can explain about memory and health 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
15	Understanding human memory processes	 Can explain the basic nature of memory Can explain the processes of encoding, storage, retrieval Can explain about memory and health 	Contextual Instruction (CI) Small Group Discussion (SGD) 2 X 50		0%
16	Final exams		2 X 50		0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or
 observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the
 course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- **12.** TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.