

References

Main:

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Educational Sciences Bachelor of Education Management Study Program

Document Code

Courses		cc	CODE Course Fa		Fami	nily Credit Weight			SEI	MEST	ER	Con	npilatio				
Education Start-Up Management			20402156			Study Pr Elective			T=2	P=0	ECT	S=3.18	3	6		Apri 2023	l 27, 3
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer				Cour	se Clu	ıster (Coord	inator	Stu	ıdy Pr	ogram	Coo	rdinato	
		Ad	itya Chand	ra Setiawa	ın, M.P	²d.		Dr. M M.Pd		mad S	Syahid	ul Haq	,	Syunu	Trihar M.F		S.Pd.,
earning.	Project Based	d Learning					I						1				
rogram	PLO study p	rogram that	is charge	d to the c	ourse	;											
.earning Outcomes PLO)	PLO-7			ield of edu on the resu							solve	proble	ms in	the fie	eld of e	educa	tional
•	PLO-9	Able to uti	lize techno	logy and ir	nforma	tion in p	roble	m sol	ving e	fforts a	accord	ling to	area (of expe	ertise		
	PLO-12	Able to int	ernalize th	e entreprer	neurial	spirit cr	eative	ely an	d inno	vative	ely						
	Program Ob	jectives (PO)															
	PO - 1	Utilize lear															based
	PO - 2	Master the					-up m	nanag	emen	t in de	pth ar	nd be a	ble to	apply	it acc	ording	to nee
	PO - 3	Make the in choosin										ata, an	ıd beiı	ng able	e to pr	ovide	guidan
	PO - 4	educationa	in choosing various alternative solutions independently and in groups. Responsible for self-learning performance, agreements with group colleagues by implementing relevant educational start-up management and entrepreneurial independence based on educational and non-educational project start-ups.														
	PLO-PO Matrix										c bao	ea on	euuca	ational	anu n	ion-ec	lucatior
	PLO-PO Mat	rix				a entrep	reneu	ırıal ır	псре			ea on	euuca		and n	ion-ec	lucatior
	PLO-PO Mat	T	2.0	PLO-			PLO-9			PLO-1			euuca		anu n	ion-ed	lucation
	PLO-PO Mat	F		PLO-									euuca		anu ii	ion-ed	lucation
	PLO-PO Mat	F	2.0	PLO-			PLO-9						educa		and ii	ion-ec	lucation
	PLO-PO Mat	F P	P.O O-1				PLO-9						euuca		and in	ion-ec	ducation
	PLO-PO Mat	F P	2.0 0-1 0-2				PLO-9			PLO-1			educa		and i	ion-ec	ducation
		F P P	0.0 0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4	V	-7	F	PLO-9			PLO-1			educa		and i	ion-ec	ducation
		F P	0.0 0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4	V	-7	F	PLO-9			PLO-1			educa		and i	ion-ec	ducation
		P P P	0.0 0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4	V	-7	F	PLO-9			PLO-1		ed on	euuca		and in	on-ec	ducation
		P P	0.0 0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4 ach learn	ing stage	-7 (Sub-	-PO)	PLO-9✓✓✓✓✓	7		PLO-1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		PO-1	0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4 ach learn	ing stage	-7	-PO)	V V V			PLO-1	12						
		PO-1 PO-2	0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4 ach learn	ing stage	-7 (Sub-	-PO)	PLO-9✓✓✓✓✓	7		PLO-1	10	11	12	13	14	15	
		PO-1 PO-2 PO-3	0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4 ach learn	ing stage	-7 (Sub-	-PO)	PLO-9✓✓✓✓✓	7	V 8	PLO-1	10	11	12	13	14		16
		PO-1 PO-2	0-1 0-2 0-3 0-4 ach learn	ing stage	-7 (Sub-	-PO)	PLO-9✓✓✓✓✓	7		PLO-1	10	11	12	13	14	15	

- Ries, Eric. 2011. The Lean Startup: How Todays Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business
- Ries, Eric. 2017. The Startup Way: How Modern Companies Use Entrepreneurial Management to Transform Culture and Drive Long-term Growth. New South Wales: Currency

Supporters:

- 1. Rogers, Everett M. 1983. Diffusion of innovations (3rd ed). New York: Free Press of Glencoe.
- Gupta, Shishir. 2017. Startup Easy: The Essentials: a Step by Step Guide for Entrepreneurs. South Carolina: CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform
- David, Kidder. 2012. The Startup Playbook: Secrets of the Fastest-Growing Startups from Their Founding Entrepreneurs. San Francisco: Chronicle Books

Supporting lecturer

Dr. Ima Widiyanah, M.Pd. Aditya Chandra Setiawan, S.Pd., M.Pd.

Help Learning, Learning methods, Final abilities of **Evaluation** Student Assignments,
[Estimated time] Learning materials each learning Assessment Weekstage (Sub-PO) Weight (%) [References Indicator Criteria & Form Offline (Online (online) offline) (1) (2)(3)(4)(5) (7)(8) Students are able to make inferences Criteria: Material: 1 1.Students are Varied Varied lectures 5% Score Criteria: lectures (lecture, question and Understanding able to Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: about the basic (lecture. answer and discussion Innovation and understand the concepts of question methods) Diffusion and Innovation and Lecture and 2 X 50 Lecture Diffusion Contract and answer Contracts Semester and References: Form of Learning Plan; discussion Ries, Eric. Assessment : 2. Students are methods) 2011. The Participatory able to explain 2 X 50 Lean Startup: Activities the meaning of How Today's Innovation and Entrepreneurs Diffusion; Use 3.Students are Continuous able to Innovation to differentiate Create Radically between types Successful of Innovation Businesses. and Diffusion: New York: 4.Students are Crown able to explain **Business** the characteristics of Innovation and Diffusion. 2 Students are able Criteria: Varied Varied lectures Material: 5% 1.Students are Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 to make inferences lectures (lecture, question and Understanding able to explain about the basic (lecture, answer and discussion start-ups and the meaning of concepts of Startquestion methods) various types Start-Up; and 2 X 50 of star-ups 2.Students are answer References: 2. able to and Ries, Eric. Form of differentiate discussion (2011). The Assessment: between types methods) Lean Startup: Participatory of Start-Ups; 2 X 50 How Today's Activities 3.Students are Entrepreneurs able to explain Use the Continuous characteristics Innovation to

Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business

of Start-Ups.

3	Students are able	1.Students are	Criteria:	Varied	Varied lectures	Material: Star-	5%
	to make inferences about the basic concepts of Educational Start-Ups	able to explain the meaning of Education Start-Up; 2. Students are able to differentiate between types of Educational Start-Ups; 3. Students are able to explain the characteristics of Education Start-Ups; 4. Students are able to explain examples of Educational Start-Ups.	Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	lectures (lecture, question and answer and discussion methods) 2 X 50	(lecture, question and answer and discussion methods) 2 X 50	Up Characteristics References: Rogers, Everett M. 1983. Diffusion of innovations (3rd ed). New York: Free Press of Glencoe.	
4	Students are able to make inferences about the basic concepts of Educational Start-Ups	1.Students are able to explain the meaning of Non-Educational Start-Up; 2.Students are able to differentiate between types of Non-Educational Start-Ups; 3.Students are able to explain the characteristics of Non-Educational Start-Ups; 4.Students are able to explain examples of Non-Educational Start-Ups; 4.Students are able to explain examples of Non-Educational Start-Ups.	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Varied lectures (lecture, question and answer and discussion methods) 2 X 50	Varied lectures (lecture, question and answer and discussion methods) 2 X 50	Material: Star- Up education Bibliography: Gupta, Shishir. 2017. Startup Easy: The Essentials: a Step by Step Guide for Entrepreneurs. South Carolina: CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform	5%
5	Students are able to make inferences about the basic concepts of Ecosystems and Start-Up Development	1.Students are able to explain the meaning of Ecosystem and Start-Up Development; 2.Students are able to differentiate between types of Ecosystem and Start-Up Development; 3.Students are able to explain the characteristics of Ecosystems and Start-Up Development; 4.Students are able to explain examples of Ecosystems and Start-Up Development; 5.Students are able to explain examples of Ecosystems and Start-Up Development.	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Varied lectures (lecture, question and answer and discussion methods) 2 X 50	Varied lectures (lecture, question and answer and discussion methods) 2 X 50	Material: Star- up development ecosystem References: 2. Ries, Eric. (2011). The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business	5%

6	Students are able to make inferences about Start-Up Planning	1.Students are able to explain the concept of Start-Up planning; 2.Students are able to explain Start-Up planning procedures; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up planning; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up planning; (Seminar I).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Star-up Planning Bibliography: Ries, Eric. 2011. The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business	5%
7	Students are able to make inferences about Start-Up Planning (Seminar I)	1.Students are able to explain the concept of Start-Up planning; 2.Students are able to explain Start-Up planning procedures; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up planning; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up planning (Seminar I).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Start- up planning Bibliography: David, Kidder. 2012. The Startup Playbook: Secrets of the Fastest- Growing Startups from Their Founding Entrepreneurs. San Francisco: Chronicle Books	5%
8	Midterm Exam (UTS)	Material for Meetings 1 to 7	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Project Based Learning (UTS) 2 X 50	Project Based Learning (UTS) 2 X 50	Material: UTS Reader: Ries, Eric. 2011. The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business	15%
9	Students are able to make inferences about Start-Up Organizing	1.Students are able to explain the concept of organizing a Start-Up; 2.Students are able to explain the procedures for organizing a Start-Up; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up organizing; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up organizing; (Seminar II).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Organizing a start-up Reference: David, Kidder. 2012. The Startup Playbook: Secrets of the Fastest- Growing Startups from Their Founding Entrepreneurs. San Francisco: Chronicle Books	5%

10	Students are able to make inferences about Start-Up Organizing (Seminar II)	1.Students are able to explain the concept of organizing a Start-Up; 2.Students are able to explain the procedures for organizing a Start-Up; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up organizing; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up organizing; (Seminar II).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Implementation of star-up References: Gupta, Shishir. 2017. Startup Easy: The Essentials: a Step by Step Guide for Entrepreneurs. South Carolina: CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform	5%
11	Students are able to make inferences regarding Start-Up Implementation	1.Students are able to explain the concept of implementing Start-Up; 2.Students are able to explain the procedures for implementing Start-Up; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up implementation; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up (Seminar III).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Start- up design resulting from Project discussions with the Library Working Group Team: David, Kidder. 2012. The Startup Playbook: Secrets of the Fastest- Growing Startups from Their Founding Entrepreneurs. San Francisco: Chronicle Books	5%
12	Students are able to make inferences about Start-Up Implementation (Seminar III)	1.Students are able to explain the concept of implementing Start-Up; 2.Students are able to explain the procedures for implementing Start-Up; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up implementation; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up (Seminar III).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Star- up Evaluation References: 2. Ries, Eric. (2011). The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business	5%

13	Students are able to make inferences about Start-Up Evaluations	1.Students are able to explain the concept of Start-Up evaluation; 2.Students are able to explain the Start-Up evaluation procedures; 3.Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up evaluations; 4.Students are able to implement Start-Up evaluation (Seminar IV).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Star- up evaluation of project results in the form of group performance presentation. Readers: David, Kidder. 2012. The Startup Playbook: Secrets of the Fastest- Growing Startups from Their Founding Entrepreneurs. San Francisco: Chronicle Books	5%
14	Students are able to make inferences on Start-Up Evaluation (Seminar IV)	1. Students are able to explain the concept of Start-Up evaluation; 2. Students are able to explain the Start-Up evaluation procedures; 3. Students are able to explain examples of Start-Up evaluations; 4. Students are able to implement Start-Up evaluation (Seminar IV).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Star- Up evaluation of project results in the form of presentation session-2 Readers: Ries, Eric. 2011. The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. New York: Crown Business	5%
15	Students are able to carry out Start- Up Dissemination (Work Degree/Exhibition)	1.Students are able to explain the dissemination of Start-Up projects; 2.Students are able to implement Start-Up dissemination (Start-Up Exhibition).	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment: Practice / Performance	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Project Based Learning 2 X 50	Material: Star- up Exhibition Reader: Gupta, Shishir. 2017. Startup Easy: The Essentials: a Step by Step Guide for Entrepreneurs. South Carolina: CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform	5%
16	Final Semester Examination (UAS)	Meeting Materials 9 to 15	Criteria: Score Criteria: Special: 90-100; Very Good: 76-89; Fair: 56-75; Less: 0-55 Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Project Based Learning (UAS) 2 X 50	Project Based Learning (UAS) 2 X 50	Material: UAS Reader: David, Kidder. 2012. The Startup Playbook: Secrets of the Fastest- Growing Startups from Their Founding Entrepreneurs. San Francisco: Chronicle Books	15%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

Eva	ning	
No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	20%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	50%
3.	Practice / Performance	30%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.