

Document Code

UNESA	Bachelor of Science in Office Administration Education Study Program															
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Courses		со	DE			Course Far	nily	Cre	dit W	eight		SEMES	STER	Cor	mpilat e	ion
Curriculum R	eview	872	8721003093			T=3 P=0 ECTS=4.77		3		July	/ 18, 2	.024				
AUTHORIZAT	ΓΙΟΝ	SP	Develo	per			Cour	Course Cluster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator					
												Brilliar	n Rosy	y, S.P	²d., M.	Pd.
Learning model	Case Studies						<u>-</u>									
Program Learning	PLO study program which is charged to the course															
Outcomes	Program Objectives (PO)															
(PLO)	PLO-PO Matrix															
	P.O															
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)															
													7			
		P.O						Week	(	ı	1 1			ı		_
			1	2 3	4	5 6	7 8	9	10	11	12	13 1	L4	15	16	_
Short Course Description	This course examine and material analysi and coping strategimisconceptions), pre	s, formı es usin	ulation o	of objectiv Lectures	es an	nd indicators o carried out u	of achieve sing a c	ement, ase st	esser udy a	ntial co	ncepts	and léar	ning,	misco	ncept	ions
References	Main :															
	2. Buku Guru d 3. Buku-buku e 4. Savendra, A Learning Sc 5. Yee,LeePer 6. Goos,M.,Stil 7. Savedra,Ani	<ol> <li>Dokumen kurikulum yang berlaku.</li> <li>Buku Guru dan Buku Siswa sesuai kurikulum yang berlaku.</li> <li>Buku-buku ekonomi untuk SMP/MTs, SMA/MA, dan SMK.</li> <li>Savendra, Anna Rosefsky and Opfer, Darlem V. 2012. Teaching and Learning 21st Century Skills, Lesson from The Learning Sciences. Hongkong: Asia Society, Partnership for Global</li> <li>Yee,LeePeng.2006. TeachingSecondarySchoolMathematicsaResourceBook .McGraw-Hill.</li> <li>Goos,M.,Stillman,G.,Vale,C.2007. TeachingSecondarySchoolMathematicsResearchand</li> <li>Savedra,AnnaRosefskyandOpfer,DarlemV.</li> <li>2012. TeachingandLearning21stCenturySkills, LessonfromTheLearningSciences. Hongkong:AsiaSociety,PartnershipforGlobalLearning.</li> </ol>														
	Supporters:															
Supporting	Dr. Siti Sri Wulandar	i. S.Pd.	. M.Pd.													

lecturer	Durinda Puspasa	ri, S.Pd., M.Pd.						
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Eva	luation	Lear Studei	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials [ References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( online )			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	

1	Able to examine the curriculum and the scope of the curriculum	1.Examining the meaning of curriculum 2.Examine the scope of the curriculum	Criteria: 1.Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly 2.Written: maximum 100%	Student- centered (Student centered approach) with learning methods: Lectures, questions and answers, and assignments. Learning model: Problem Based Learning 6 X 50		0%
2						0%
3	Able to review the development of the school curriculum	Examining the development of the school curriculum	Criteria:  1.Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly  2.Written: maximum  100%	Student-centered approach with learning methods: discussion, questions and answers, and assignments. Learning model: Problem Based Learning 6 X 50		0%
4						0%
5	Able to analyze the curriculum	Analyzing the curriculum Able to analyze the 2006, 2013 curriculum and the national curriculum	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Student- centered approach with learning methods: discussion, questions and answers, and assignments. Learning model: Problem Based Learning 9 X 50		0%
6						0%
7						0%
8	UTS			2 X 45		0%
9	Able to formulate curriculum objectives and indicators of achievement	Formulate objectives and indicators of curriculum achievement	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly	Student- centered (Student centered approach) with learning methods: discussion, questions and answers, and assignments. Learning model: Problem Based 6 X 50		0%
10						0%

11	Able to examine essential concepts and their learning	Examining essential concepts and learning	Criteria: 1.Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly 2.Written: maximum 100%	Student- centered approach with learning methods: discussion, questions and answers, and assignments. Learning model: Problem Based Learning 6 X 50		0%
12						0%
13	Able to examine misconceptions and overcoming strategies by utilizing ICT.	Examining misconceptions and overcoming strategies by utilizing ICT.	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly!	Student- centered (Student centered approach) with learning methods: discussion, questions and answers, and assignments. Learning model: Problem Based Learning 9 X 50		0%
14						0%
15						0%
16	UAS			2 X 45		0%

**Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study** 

No	Evaluation	Percentage	ľ
		0%	

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
  which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills
  and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based
  on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and
  unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.