

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business, Bachelor of Science in Office Administration Education Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER I FARNING PLAN

	SEMILSTER ELARMING FLAN																			
Courses			CODE			•	Course	Family				1	Cred	it We	ight		SEMEST	ER	Compila Date	tion
SCHOOL	CURRICULUM		872100	2119		-	Compul	sory Stu	dy Prog	dy Program Subjects			T=2	P=0	ECTS:	3.18	3		July 17, 2	2024
AUTHOR	IZATION		SP De	SP Developer					Course Cluster Coordinator				Study Program Coordinator			itor				
			Febrika	Febrika Yogie Hermanto, S.Pd.,M.Pd					Lifa Farida Panduwinata, S.Pd.,M.Pd.			.Pd.				Pd.				
Learning model	Project Base	ed Learning																		
Program	PLO study	program that i	s charged	to the co	urse															
Learning		Program Objectives (PO)																		
(PLO)	PO - 1 Able to demonstrate a responsible attitude towards work in reviewing the development of the school curriculum independently and in group								ıs.											
	PO - 2	Able to apply and analyze learning theories and school curriculum learning that applies in Indonesia																		
	PO - 3	PO - 3 Able to utilize learning resources to solve problems in comprehensive school curriculum learning in accordance with developments in science and technology																		
	PLO-PO Ma	PLO-PO Matrix																		
		Po	.O D-1 D-2 D-3																	
	PO Matrix a	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																		
		P.	0								Week									7
				1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1	12	13	14	15	16	1
		PO-1																1		1
		PO-2																1		
		PO-3																 		1
		1 1 1 1 1		l l		l .	1						1							
Short Course Descript	formulation of	discusses the state of objectives and onal curriculum (i	indicators of	f achiever	nent, cur	ope, dev rriculum	/elopme develop	nt of th	ie scho esign, ci	ol curriculur	culum, d n devel	curriculur opment e	m an evalua	alysis ation	which models,	includ curric	les task a ulum deve	nd mat lopmen	terial ana It in Indon	lysis, esia,
Reference	ces Main:																			
 Dokumen kurikulum yang berlaku. Savendra, Anna Rosefsky and Opfer, Darlem V. 2012. Teaching and Learning 21st Century Skills, Lesson from The Learning Sciences. Partnership for Global Carlinda Leite. Ana Mouraz & Preciosa Fernandes. 2015. Curriculum Studies: Policies, Perspectives and Practices. [Centre for Rese Education The Future Education and skills 2030. OECD publications 2018 Rino, 2017. Kurikulum Perencanaan, Implementasi, Evaluasi, Inovasi, dan Riset. Bandung: Alfabeta Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodih. 2019. Pengembangan Kurikulum Teori dan Praktik. Bandung: Remaja Rosdakarya 							-		-											
	Supporters:	Supporters:																		
Supporti lecturer	Durinda Pus Lifa Farida P Triesninda P	izabeth Ranu, S pasari, S.Pd., M. anduwinata, S.P ahlevi, S.Pd., M. e Hermanto, S.P	Pd. d., M.Pd. Pd.																	
Week-	Final abilities o each learning stage (Sub-PO)	abilities of learning Evaluation							Lear Studer	Ip Learn ning me nt Assig stimated	thods nmer time	nts,]			Learn materi [Referer	erials Assessm				
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Indicator

(3)

(1)

(2)

Criteria & Form

(4)

Offline (offline)

(5)

Online (online)

(6)

1	Able to explain the scope of the curriculum	1.Examining the meaning of curriculum 2.Examine the scope of the curriculum 3.Identify curriculum components 4.Analyzing the function of the curriculum	Criteria: 1.Assessment rubric 2.Non-test form: Discussing the scope of the curriculum Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions, Questions and Answers and Assignments. Task statement: Curriculum can be defined as an educational program provided to teach students. By taking a curriculum, students can obtain a diploma. Instructions: Discuss with your group members and determine the function of the curriculum as referred to in the statement above! 2 X 50	Material: curriculum components, definition of curriculum, function of curriculum Reader: Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodih 2019. Theory and Practice Curriculum Development. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth Material: Curriculum Reform and Research in China: A socia historical perspective, Curriculum an didactics in th 21st century: Still divergent	d d
2	Able to explain the				Bibliography Carlinda Leite Ana Mouraz & Preciosa Fernandes. 2015. Curriculum Studies: Policies, Perspectives and Practices. [Center for Research and Intervention in Education	
2	Able to explain the scope of the curriculum	1.Examining the meaning of curriculum 2.Examine the scope of the curriculum 3.Identify curriculum components 4.Analyzing the function of the curriculum	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Discussing the scope of the curriculum Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions, Questions and Answers and Assignments. Task statement: Curriculum can be defined as an educational program provided to teach students. By taking a curriculum, students can obtain a diploma. Instructions: Discuss with your group members and determine the function of the curriculum as referred to in the statement above! 2 X 50	Material: curriculum components, definition of curriculum, function of curriculum Reader: Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodih 2019. Theory and Practice Curriculum Development. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth Material: Curriculum Reform and Research in China: A socia historical perspective, Curriculum an didactics in th 21st century: Still divergent or converging'	l-
					Bibliography Carlinda Leite Ana Mouraz & Preciosa Fernandes. 2015. Curriculum Studies: Policies, Perspectives and Practices. [Center for Research and Intervention in Education	

3	Able to explain current curriculum developments in Indonesia	um that has been in effect 1 Assessment rubric		Lectures, discussions and assignments Assignment: Write a paper on the comparison of the 1994 curriculum, 2004/2006 curriculum, revised 2013/2013 curriculum and the Independent Curriculum 2 X 50	Material: Current curriculum Reference: Current curriculum documents. Material: curriculum development in Indonesia Reference: Rino, 2017. Curriculum Planning, Implementation, Evaluation, Innovation and Research. Bandung: Alphabeta Material:	2%
	Abla as contain				Curriculum development in Indonesia Reference: Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodin. 2019. Theory and Practice Curriculum Development. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth	
4	Able to explain current curriculum developments in Indonesia	Explains the curriculum that has been in effect in Indonesia Analyzing curriculum development in Indonesia	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Discussing curriculum developments Analyzing curriculum developments in Indonesia Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions and assignments Assignment: Write a paper on the comparison of the 1994 curriculum, 2004/2006 curriculum, revised 2013/2013 curriculum and the Independent Curriculum 2 X 50	Material: Current curriculum Reference: Current curriculum documents. Material: curriculum development in Indonesia Reference: Rino, 2017. Curriculum Planning, Implementation, Evaluation, Innovation and Research. Bandung: Alphabeta Material: Curriculum development in Indonesia Reference: Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodih. 2019. Theory and Practice Curriculum Development. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth	2%
5	Able to describe curriculum development	Explain the concept of curriculum development 2.explain the principles of curriculum development 3.analyzing curriculum development approaches 4.Explain the steps in curriculum development	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Project form: analyzing scientific journals regarding vocational school curriculum development in the field of Office Administration/OTKP/MPLB expertise Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions and Case Studies Assignment to analyze scientific journals regarding vocational school curriculum development in the field of expertise in Office Administration/OTKP/MPLB 9 X 50	Material: Lesson study and curriculum development Reader: Carlinda Leite. Ana Mouraz & Preciosa Fernandes. 2015. Curriculum Studies: Policies, Perspectives and Practices. [Center for Research and Intervention in Education Material: Library Curriculum Development : Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodih. 2019. Theory and Practice Curriculum Development. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth	2%

6	Able to analyze curriculum development designs	1.Explain the meaning of curriculum design 2.Explain the principles in designing a curriculum 3.Explaining the subject centered design model 4.Explaining the learned centered design model 5.Explaining the problem based design model	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Discussing designs, principles and various concepts in curriculum design Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions, case studies Assignment: Group discussion to analyze the design of vocational school curriculum development in the field of Office Administration/OTKP/MPLB expertise based on current needs 2 X 50	Material: Curriculum development Reader: Sukmadinata, Nana Syaodih. 2019. Theory and Practice Curriculum Development. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth Material: Bibliography: The Future Education and skills 2030. OECD publications 2018 Material: Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%
7	Able to analyze Curriculum implementation	1.Students are able to explain the meaning of curriculum implementation 2.Students are able to explain approaches to curriculum implementation 3.Students are able to identify curriculum implementation models 4.Students are able to analyze the factors that influence curriculum implementation	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Discusses curriculum implementation, approaches and models in curriculum implementation. Analyze the factors that influence curriculum implementation Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions, Case Studies Assignment: Analyze the factors that influence the implementation of the 2 X 50 Curriculum	Material: curriculum implementation Reference: Applicable curriculum documents. Material: How to Teach 21st century Skills: Nine Lessons from the "Science of Learning" Reference: Savendra, Anna Rosefsky and Opfer, Darlem V. 2012. Teaching and Learning 21st Century Skills, Lesson from The Learning Sciences. Hong Kong: Asia Society, Partnership for Global Material: Curriculum implementation, Reference: Rino, 2017. Curriculum Planning, Implementation, Evaluation, Innovation and Research. Bandung: Alphabeta	2%
8	UTS	Do UTS questions correctly	Criteria: Assessment rubric	2 X 45	Material: - Library:	25%
			Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment			

9	Able to explain curriculum development evaluation models	1. explains the meaning of curriculum development evaluation 2. Explain the importance of curriculum evaluation 3. State the scope of curriculum evaluation 4. Identify curriculum evaluation waluation models	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Discussing evaluation in curriculum development. Identifying curriculum evaluation models Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study Assignment: Analyze the most effective evaluation model to be used in curriculum evaluation in Indonesia. 2 X 50	Material: Evaluation of Curriculum Development Reference: Rino, 2017. Curriculum Planning, Implementation, Evaluation, Innovation and Research. Bandung: Alphabeta Material: School evaluation and the improvement of curricular processes: which relationship? Bibliography: Carlinda Leite. Ana Mouraz & Preciosa Fernandes. 2015. Curriculum Studies: Policies, Perspectives and Practices. [Center for Research and Intervention in Education	1%
10	Able to examine misconceptions about curriculum implementation and coping strategies	Able to examine misconceptions and coping strategies	Criteria: 1.Assessment rubric 2.Non-test form: Analyzing misconceptions and coping strategies Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions and Case Studies Assignment: Analyze misconceptions about implementing the 2 X 50 curriculum	Materials: - Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%
11	Describe the national curriculum (independent curriculum)	Explain the basis of the independent curriculum 2.Rationalization of independent curriculum development 3.Differences between the independent curriculum and the revised 2013 curriculum	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Discussing the foundations of the independent curriculum, rationalization and differences between the independent curriculum and the revised 2013 curriculum Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions, Questions and Answers Assignment: Identify the differences between the independent curriculum and the 2013 revised curriculum 2 X 50	Material: . Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%
12	Describe the national curriculum (independent curriculum)	Implementation of the independent curriculum at vocational school level in the field of Office Administration/OTKP/MPLB expertise	Criteria: 1.Assessment rubric 2.Non-test form: Analyzing the implementation of the independent vocational school curriculum in the field of Office Administration/OTKP/MPLB expertise Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions and Case Studies Assignment: Analyze the implementation of the independent curriculum at each level of education 2 x 50	Material: Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%
13	Describe the national curriculum (independent curriculum)	1.Explaining the realm of graduate competency in the national curriculum (independent curriculum) 2.Explain the relationship between SKL, KI and KD in office administration subjects at vocational school level	Criteria: 1.Assessment rubric 2.Non-test form: Discussing the areas of graduate competency in the curriculum Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, Discussions, Case Studies Assignment: Explain the areas of graduate competency in the national curriculum! Explain the relationship between SKL, KI and KD in office administration subjects at vocational school level! 2 X 50	Material: Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%
14	Describe the national curriculum (independent curriculum)	Analyzing the suitability of the material in the syllabus in achieving SKL, KI and KD	Criteria: 1.Assessment rubric 2.Non-test form: Analyzing the suitability of the material in the syllabus in achieving curriculum goals Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lecture: Lecture, Discussion, Case Study Group discussion Assignment: Analyze the suitability of the material in the syllabus in achieving SKL, KI and KD using LKM 1. 2 X 50	Material: . Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%
15	Describe the national curriculum (independent curriculum)	Describe the national curriculum (independent curriculum)	Criteria: 1. Assessment rubric 2. Non-test form: Analyzing curriculum evaluation in vocational schools specifically for Office Administration Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lecture: Lecture, Discussion, Case Study Assignment: Analyze the evaluation model used in the 2 X 50 Independent Curriculum	Materials: - Library: Applicable curriculum documents.	2%

16	UAS	Do UAS questions correctly	Criteria: Assessment rubric	2 X 45	Material: - Library:	50%
			Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Test			

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	25%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	50%
3.	Test	25%
		100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at
- each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.

 Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are detailing, rober based examing, and other equivalent intended in the form of several main points and sub-topics.

 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.