

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business, Bachelor of Science in Office Administration Education Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses		CODE	Course Fai	mily	Credit Weight		ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date	
Microteaching		8721002110			T=2	P=0	ECTS=3.18	6	July 18, 2024	
AUTHORIZATION		SP Developer		Course Cluster Coordinator			oordinator	Study Program Coordinator		
								Brillian Rosy, S.Pd., M.Pd.		
Learning model	Project Based Le	earning	g		I				I	
Program	PLO study prog	gram t	hat is charged to the cou	irse						
Learning Outcomes	Program Objec	tives (	(PO)							
(PLO)	PLO-PO Matrix									
			P.O							
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)									
		P	.0	Week						
			1 2 3 4	5 6 7	8	9	10	11 12	13 14	15 16
		P		- <b>I</b>				•		
Short Course Description	This course examines school-based management, clinical supervision through presentations and discussions, and facilitates students in developing learning tools based on the applicable curriculum, the needs and diversity of students, including those with special needs. This device is a means of preparing students to manage learning at school for microteaching courses in accordance with applicable National Education Standards through workshops and discussions. Students are required to utilize ICT and research results to produce products in the form of learning tools for primary and secondary education. Apart from that, it also equips students to have teaching skills in the form of micro teaching and peer teaching.					ncluding those ing courses in juired to utilize				
References	Main :									
	<ol> <li>Nurkolis. 2003. Manajemen Berbasis Sekolah: Teori, Model, danAplikasi. Jakarta: Grasindo.</li> <li>Mulyasa, E. 2004. Manajemen Berbasis Sekolah: Konsep, Strategi, dan Implementasi. Bandung : PT Remaja Rosdakarya.</li> <li>Makawimbang, J.E. 2013. Supervisi KlinisTeori Dan Pengukurannya (Analisis di bidangPendidikan). Bandung: Alfabeth</li> <li>UPT-P4 Unesa. 2014. Pedoman Pengalaman Lapangan. Surabaya: University Press.</li> <li>Arends, R.I. 2012. Learning to Teach. New York: McGraw-Hill International Edition.</li> <li>Slavin, R.E. 2011. PsikologiPendidikan (TeoridanPraktik) (Terjemahan). Jakarta: PT Indeks.</li> <li>Baroncelli, Stefania., Farneti, Roberto., Horga, Ioan., Vanhoonacker , Sophie (eds). 2014. Teaching and Learning the European Union:Traditional and Innovative Method.Dordrecht: Springer.</li> <li>Susantini, E., dkk. 2014.Panduan Microteaching untuk Dosen, Mahasiswa, dan Crew. Surabaya: University Press.</li> </ol>									
	Supporters:									
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Siti Sri Wulandari, S.Pd., M.Pd. Durinta Puspasari, S.Pd., M.Pd. Durinda Puspasari, S.Pd., M.Pd. Lifa Farida Panduwinata, S.Pd., M.Pd. Triesninda Pahlevi, S.Pd., M.Pd. Brillian Rosy, S.Pd., M.Pd. Ruri Nurul Aeni Wulandari, S.Pd., M.Pd. Novi Trisnawati, S.Pd., M.Pd.									

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalua	tion	Learı Studer	Ip Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, timated time]	Learning materials [ References	Assessment Weight (%)
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline( offline)	Online ( <i>online</i> )	]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning (1)	<ol> <li>Explains concepts and MBS from various learning sources and ICT</li> <li>Explain the characteristics of schools that implement SBM</li> </ol>		Lectures, discussions, assignments 2 X 50			0%
2	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning (1)	Identify the school curriculum		Discussion 2 X 50			0%
3	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning (1)	<ol> <li>Explains the concept of Clinical Supervision (SK) from various learning sources and ICT</li> <li>Explain the factors that influence the process of drafting a SK</li> </ol>		Lectures, discussions 2 X 50			0%
4	Have important knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching, and learning planning (1)	1.Explains the concept of micro teaching from various learning sources and ICT 2.Give examples of basic teaching skills		Lectures, discussions and assignments 2 X 50			0%
5	Have knowledge of school-based management, clinical supervision, micro teaching and learning planning (1)	Explains basic teaching skills scenarios		Discussion, Presentation 2 X 50			0%
6	Making decisions about the design, implementation and evaluation of learning in accordance with the characteristics of the material (2) Developing learning tools that take into account the diversity of students, including students with special needs (6) Utilizing research results to develop effective learning tools (5)	Develop learning tools in the form of syllabus, lesson plans and teaching materials		Workshop and Presentation 2 X 50			0%

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7	Making decisions about the design, implementation and evaluation of learning in accordance with the characteristics of the material (2) Developing learning tools that take into account the diversity of students, including students with special needs (6) Utilizing research results to develop effective learning tools (5)	Develop assessments		Workshop and Presentation 2 X 50		0%
8	Midterm exam			2 X 50		0%
9	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	1.Carrying out learning based on the tools developed 2.Identify the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried 3.Develop a plan to improve learning devices		Micro teaching and simulation 2 X 50		0%
10	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	1.Carrying out learning based on the tools developed 2.Identify the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried 3.Develop a plan to improve learning devices		Microteaching and 2 X 50 simulation		0%
11	Have a responsible attitude by implementing learning that is relevant to students' competencies and characteristics (4)	1. Carrying out learning based on the tools developed 2. Identify the advantages and disadvantages of learning tools that have been tried 3. Develop a plan to improve learning devices		Microteaching and 2 X 50 simulation		0%
12						0%
13						0%
14						0%
15					<u> </u>	0%

16				0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- **10. Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.