

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Bachelor of Economics Study Program

Document Code

UNESA												
SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN												
Courses			CODE		Course Family		Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Field Work Practice/Internship			87220	03095	Comp Study Progra	,	T=0	P=0	ECTS=0	0	July 18, 2024	
AUTHORIZATIO		ION	SP De	Developer Sub		cts Cou	urse Cluster ordinator		Study Program Coordinator			
				Nurul Hanifa.,S.E.,M.Si.			Dr.Lucky Rachmawati.,S.E.,M.Si.			Dr. Tony Seno Aji, S.E., M.E.		
Learning model			ased Learn									
Program Learning	g 占	PLO study program that is charged to the course										
Outcom (PLO)	-	Program Objectives (PO) PLO-PO Matrix										
		. 20 . 0 .	TIGHT IX									
			P.O									
		PO Matrix	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)									
			P.O         Week           1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10         11         12         13         14         15         16									
Short Course Description												
		Main :										
		Supporter	rs:									
Supporting Hendry Cahyono, S.E., M.E.												
lecturer			Help Learning,									
Week-	Final abilities of each learning			Evaluation		Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]			Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)		
	stag		Indicator	Criteria & Fo		offline ( offline )	On	iine ( d	online )	References ]		
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)	(8)	
1											0%	
2											0%	

3				0%
4				0%
5				0%
6				0%
7				0%
8				0%
9				0%
10				0%
11				0%
12				0%
13				0%
14				0%
15				0%
16				0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
		0%

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **The PLO imposed on courses** are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO** (**Sub-PO**) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in
  assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that
  assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.