

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Undergraduate Culinary Education Study Program

Document Code

		SE	MESTER	LEARN	ING PI	LAN			
Courses		CODE	Cou	rse Family		Credit W	eight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Evaluatio Learning	on of Learning and	8321102134				T=2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	3	July 17, 2024
AUTHOR	ZATION	SP Develope	r		Course Cl	uster Coo	rdinator	Study Program	n Coordinator
								Dr. Hj. Sri Han M.K	idajani, S.Pd., jes.
Learning model	Project Based	d Learning							
Program	PLO study p	rogram which is cha	rged to the cours	e					
Outcom	Program Ob	jectives (PO)							
(PLO)	PLO-PO Mat	rix							
		P.O	[						
	PO Matrix at	the end of each lear	ning stage (Sub-	PO)					
		P.O 1 2	D     Week       1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9     10     11     12     13     14     15     16					5 16	
Short Course Descript	tion explicable in sclass-based a instrument tes ends with an e in group discu	d providing an underst schools, basic concept ssessment, workshops t results, as well as ass xercise in preparing as ssion and reflection acti	g an understanding of the role of learning evaluation and learning outcomes in accordance with the curriculur asic concepts of authentic assessment, various forms of authentic assessment and techniques, alternative ar t, workshops on developing assessment instruments and testing assessment instruments, analysis of data fro s well as assessment result data. Learning is carried out by applying a constructivist approach. The learning activit preparing assessment instruments and rubrics based on one KI-3 Basic Competency for a subject by each stude reflection activities.					the curriculum alternative and s of data from earning activity y each student	
Referen	ces Main :								
	1. Arikur	nto, Suharsimi. 2016. Da	asar-Dasar Evaluasi	Pendidikan.	akarta: Bum	ni Aksara.			
	Supporters:								
	<ol> <li>Nitko,</li> <li>Marz</li> <li>Susar</li> <li>Ridwa</li> <li>no, Ha</li> </ol>	Anthony J. 1983. Educ ano,Robert J. and Kam n M. 2010. How toAsses n Abdullah. 2016. Penil amzah B.dan Koni, Satr	nony J. 1983. Education, Test and Measurement. London: Hcourt. ,Robert J. and Kamdall,John S. 2007. The Taxonomy of Educational. Objecctiives. California: Corwin Pres. Brookhart, 2010. How toAsses Higher-Order Thinking Skills In Your Classroom. Virginia USA: ASCD Alexandria bdullah. 2016. Penilaian Autentik. Jakarta: Bumi Aksara. ah B.dan Koni, Satria. 2016.Assesment Pembelajaran. Jakarta: PT Bumi Aksara						
Support lecturer	ing Dra. Niken Pu Dra. Lucia Tri Mauren Gita M Andika Kunco	urwidiani, M.Pd. i Pangesthi, M.Pd. Miranti, S.Pd., M.Pd. oro Widagdo, M.Pd.							
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage (Sub-PO)	Evalu	uation		Help L Learning Student As [Estima	earning, y methods ssignmen ated time]	, ts,	Learning materials [ References 1	Assessment Weight (%)
		Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline	offline )	Online	e ( online )	,	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(	5)		(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Students are able	1.Presents a	Criteria:	Presentation,	Material:	7%
	to review RPS	description of	The maximum	discussion,	evaluation	
	lecture contracts.	the learning	meets the	assignment	Bibliography:	
	Students are able	evaluation	assessment	2 \ 50	Subarsimi	
	concepts and	course and	criteria		2016. Basics	
	principles of	learning	Form of		of Educational	
	learning	2 Determine the	Assessment :		Evaluation.	
	learning outcomes	rules and	Participatory		Jakarta: Bumi	
	louining outcomee	tasks of	Activities		Literacy.	
		learning			1 1983	
		evaluation			Education,	
		courses and			Test and	
		learning			Measurement.	
		outcomes			London:	
		3.Describes the			Ridwan	
		Importance of			Abdullah.	
		evaluation and			2016.	
		learning			Authentic	
		outcomes			Assessment.	
		<ol><li>Explain the</li></ol>			Jakarta: Bumi	
		meaning of			Hamzah R	
		measurement,			and Koni,	
		assessment,			Satria. 2016.	
		evaluation and			Learning	
		assessment 5 Clarify the			Assessment.	
		nurnose and			Jakana. PT Rumi Aksara	
		function of			Yusuf, A.	
		learning			Muri. 2015.	
		evaluation and			Educational	
		learning			Assessment	
		outcomes			Evaluation	
		6.Identify the			Jakarta:	
		of evaluation			Kencana.	
		orevaluation			Marzano,	
					Robert J. and Komdoll John	
					S 2007 The	
					Taxonomy of	
					Education.	
					Objectives.	
					California: Corwin Pres	
					Brookhart	
					Susan M.	
					2010. How to	
					Assess	
					Thinking Skills	
					In Your	
					Classroom.	
					Virginia USA:	
					ASCD	
					nichai i Ulia	
					Material:	
					evaluation	
					References:	
					Nitko, Anthony	
					J. 1983. Education	
					Test and	
					Measurement.	
					London:	
					HCOURT.	

2	Students are able	1 Evolein the	Criteria:	Model: Cooperativo		Material	70%
-	to master	⊥.Explain the subject of	The maximum	Method:		learning	170
	knowledge about	Subject Of	score is 100 if it	presentation.		results	
	subjects and	learning	meets the	discussion.		References:	
	learning	evaluation and	assessment	assignment		Arikunto.	
	and learning	learning	criteria	2 X 50		Suharsimi.	
	outcomes and	outcomes	Form of			2016. Basics	
	authentic	2.Shows				of Educational	
	assessments	learning	Assessment .			Evaluation.	
		evaluation	Activition Tooto			Jakarta: Bumi	
		targets and	Activities, Tests			Literacy.	
		learning				Nitko, Anthony	
		outcomes				J. 1983.	
		<ol><li>Put forward</li></ol>				Education,	
		the principles				Test and	
		of learning				Measurement.	
		evaluation and				London:	
		learning				Hcourt. Sani,	
		outcomes				Ridwan	
		<ol><li>Describe the</li></ol>				Abdullah.	
		relationship				2016.	
		between				Authentic	
		objectives				Assessment.	
		activities				Jakarta: Bumi	
		curriculum				Literacy. Uno,	
		and evaluation				Hamzah B.	
		5 Describes the				and Koni,	
		concont of				Satria. 2016.	
		outhontic				Learning	
		authentic				Assessment.	
		the 2012				Jakarla. PT	
		the 2013				DUIIII AKSala. Vusuf A	
		cumculum				Muri 2015	
						Educational	
						Assessment	
						and	
						Evaluation	
						Jakarta:	
						Kencana.	
						Marzano,	
						Robert J. and	
						Kamdall, John	
						S. 2007. The	
						Taxonomy of	
						Education.	
						Objectives.	
						California:	
						Corwin Pres.	
						Brookhart,	
						Susan M.	
						2010. How to	
						Assess	
						Higher-Order	
						I NINKING Skills	
						IN YOUR	
						Classroom.	
						virginia USA:	
						ASCD	
						Alexandria	

3	Students are able to master knowledge about tests and test techniques	<ol> <li>Explain the meaning of the test</li> <li>Explain the function of the test</li> <li>Identify test requirements</li> <li>Identify the characteristics of the test</li> <li>Describe the forms of the test</li> <li>Describes how to carry out the test</li> <li>Comparing standardized tests with authentic assessments</li> <li>Identify the types of test techniques</li> <li>Describe each test technique evaluation tool</li> <li>Compare the usefulness of diagnostic, format, and summative test types</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, presentation 2 X 50		Material: test function References: Nitko, Anthony J. 1983. Education, Test and Measurement. London: Hcourt. Material: test References: Nitko, Anthony J. 1983. Education, Test and Measurement. London: Hcourt.	7%
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4	Students are able to master knowledge about non-test techniques	<ol> <li>Explain the meaning of non-test techniques</li> <li>Describe each non-test technical assessment tool</li> <li>Identify types of non-test techniques</li> <li>Describes interview evaluation tools</li> <li>Discuss the questionnaire</li> <li>Discuss attitude scales</li> <li>Discuss portfolio assessment techniques</li> <li>Discuss product assessment techniques</li> <li>Discuss attitude assessment techniques</li> <li>Discuss product assessment techniques</li> <li>Demonstrate skills assessment techniques</li> <li>Demonstrates project assessment techniques</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, practice questions 2 X 50	Material: test techniques References: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy. Nitko, Anthony J. 1983. Education, Test and Measurement. London: Hoourt. Sani, Ridwan Abdullah. 2016. Authentic Assessment. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy. Uno, Hamzah B. and Koni, Satria. 2016. Learning Assessment. Jakarta: PT Bumi Aksara. Yusuf, A. Muri. 2015. Education. Jakarta: PT Bumi Aksara. Yusuf, A. Muri. 2015. Education. Jakarta: Kencana. Marzano, Robert J. and Kamdall, John S. 2007. The Taxonomy of Education. Objectives. California: Corwin Pres. Brookhart, Susan M. 2010. How to Assess Higher-Order Thinking Skills In Your Classroom. Virginia USA: ASCD Alexandria <b>Material:</b> assessment. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%
5	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding test measurement techniques	<ol> <li>Explain the meaning of validity</li> <li>Identify the types of validity</li> <li>Reviewing test validity tests rationally</li> <li>Describes empirical testing of test validity</li> <li>Carrying out validity measurements from test samples</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, presentation 2 X 50	Material: viliditas Bibliography: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy. Material: reliability References: no, Hamzah B. and Koni, Satria. 2016. Learning Assessment. Jakarta: PT Bumi Aksara	7%

6	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding test measurement techniques	<ol> <li>Explain the meaning of reliability</li> <li>Shows the steps to measure test reliability</li> <li>Explains how to calculate the reliability of an example of a learning outcomes test</li> <li>Carrying out reliability measurements from test samples</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, presentation 2 X 50	Material: reliability References: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%
7	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding the taxonomy of learning outcomes	<ol> <li>Explaining demands for changes in behavior from learning outcomes according to K-13</li> <li>Applying cognitive behavior change verbs in the preparation of learning indicators</li> <li>Applying affective behavior change verbs to learning indicators</li> <li>Applying skill behavior change verbs to learning indicators</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise 2 X 50	Material: Changes in Behavior Reference: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016, Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy. Material: Changes in Behavior References: no, Hamzah B. and Koni, Satria. 2016. Learning Assessment. Jakarta: PT Bumi Aksara	7%
8	UTS		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	2 X 50		0%
9	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding specification tables in preparing learning outcomes tests	<ol> <li>Describe the meaning of the specification table</li> <li>Explain the function of the specification table</li> <li>Identify the types of specification tables</li> <li>Shows how to create a specification table</li> <li>Prepare a table of specifications for the evaluation design for one subject</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, and presentation 2 X 50	Material: specification table References: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016, Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%

10	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding the process of preparing and implementing tests	<ol> <li>Explain the steps in preparing the test</li> <li>Compile objective test items based on the specification table that has been created</li> <li>Arrange essay test items based on the specification table that has been created</li> <li>Develop a test rubric based on the test items that have been prepared</li> <li>Carry out trials of the resulting tests</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, and presentation 2 X 50	Material: questions References: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy. Material: making question items Reader: Ridwan Abdullah. 2016. Authentic Assessment. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	8%
11	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding implementing skills evaluation	<ol> <li>I.Identify         examples of         skills         assessment         instruments</li> <li>Carry out         procedures for         preparing         skills         assessment         instruments         that have been         specified in         the         specification         table</li> <li>Develop a         skills         assessment         instrument         rubric</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, and presentation 2 X 50	Material: instrument References: Nitko, Anthony J. 1983. Education, Test and Measurement. London: Hcourt.	8%
12	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding preparing attitude assessment instruments	<ol> <li>Identify examples of attitude assessment techniques</li> <li>Carrying out procedures for preparing attitude assessment instruments that have been specified in the specification table</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, and presentation 2 X 50	Material: attitude assessment References: . Marzano, Robert J. and Kamdall, John S. 2007. The Taxonomy of Education. Objectives. California: Corwin Pres. Brookhart, Material: attitude assessment Reader: Ridwan Abdullah. 2016. Authentic Assessment. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%

13	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding examination, scoring and processing learning results	<ol> <li>Explains         <ul> <li>techniques for             checking             learning             outcomes test             results</li> <li>Checking the             results of             learning             outcomes             tests</li> <li>Explain the             technique of             giving scores             to learning             outcomes             tests</li> <li>Giving scores             to the results             of learning             outcomes             tests</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise 2 X 50	Material: examination of learning outcomes References: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%
14	Students are able to master the knowledge and skills regarding analysis techniques for learning outcomes test items	<ol> <li>Explain the technique of analyzing the degree of error in test items</li> <li>Determine the degree of difficulty of test items</li> <li>Describes techniques for analyzing the differentiating power of test items</li> <li>Determining the differentiating power of test items</li> <li>Explain techniques for analyzing the function of test item</li> <li>Cetermine the distractors</li> <li>Determine the distractor function of each test item</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, and presentation 2 X 50	Material: Differentiating factors References: Nitko, Anthony J. 1983. Education, Test and Measurement. London: Hcourt. Material: distractors References: Arikunto, Suharsimi. 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%

15	Students are able to master knowledge about techniques for determining final grades, KKM, preparing rankings and loading learning achievement profiles	<ol> <li>Describe the meaning of final value</li> <li>Identify the final value function</li> <li>Indicates factors to consider in determining the final grade</li> <li>Categorizing techniques for arranging rankings.</li> <li>Describe the meaning of Rankin types and procedures for preparing Rankin</li> <li>Demonstrates techniques for creating learning achievement profiles</li> <li>Describe the meaning of learning achievement profiles</li> <li>Describe the meaning of learning achievement profiles</li> <li>Describe the meaning of learning achievement profiles</li> </ol>	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Model: Cooperative Method: discussion, assignment/exercise, and presentation 2 X 50	Material: Positioning techniques <b>References:</b> <i>Arikunto,</i> <i>Suharsimi.</i> 2016. Basics of Educational Evaluation. Jakarta: Bumi Literacy.	7%
16	UAS		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	2 X 50		0%

## Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

INO	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	78%
2.	Portfolio Assessment	11.5%
3.	Test	10.5%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.