

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering , Undergraduate Culinary Education Study Program

Document Code

UNES	A												
				SEM	ESTER	LEA	RNI	NG	PLAN	I			
Courses		CODE Course Family		/ Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date						
Asian food			8321102135			T=2 P=	0 ECT	S=3.18	3	July 17, 2024			
AUTHOR	RIZAT	ION		SP Develope	er			Course	e Cluster	Coordir	nator	Study Program Coordinator	
						Mauren Gita Miranti, S.Pd., M.Pd		Dr. Hj. Sri Handajani, S.Pd., M.Kes.					
Learning model	I	Project Based	Learnir	ng									
Program Learning		PLO study pro	ogram	which is cha	arged to the	course							
Outcom (PLO)		PLO-8	Able t	to create works	s in the field of	culinary	arts bas	sed on lo	ocal wisdo	m with a	an entre	oreneurial outl	ook
(PLO)		Program Obje		(PO)									
		PLO-PO Matri	X										
				P.O PLO-8									
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)											
			Р	2.0			Week						
				1 2	3 4	5 6	7	8	9 10	11	12	13 14	15 16
Short Course Descript	tion	Mastering know influencing fact processing, serv the applicable of theoretically, pra making portfolio	ors, kn /ing and urriculu actically	lowledge of for d eating proce Im. The learning and by giving	ood ingredient dures from the ng strategy is g assignments	s and s countri carried o individua	spices, es involvout by a	knowled /ed. is c pplying	dge of too on the Asia a constru	ols, mer un contir ctivist au	nu patte nent. The oproach.	rns, preparati e learning pro learning activ	on processes, cess adapts to vities are given
Referen	ces	Main :											
		<ol> <li>Gwenda L, Hyman. 1993. Cuisines of Southeast Asia. New York: John willey &amp; Sons Inc.</li> <li>Ling, Kong Foong. 2007. The Asian Kitchen. Singapore: Periplus Editions (HK) Ltd.</li> <li>Purcer, Jan dan Joshi, Ajoi. 2003. Indian Cooking. Singapore: Lansdowne Publishing Pty. Ltd.</li> <li>Richard, Hosking. 2000. A Dictionary of Japanese Food. Ingredients &amp; Culture. Singapore: Tutle Publishing.</li> <li>Rowe, Silvena. 2011. Orient Express. London: Hutchinson.</li> <li>Solomon, Charmaine. 2013. The Complete Asian Cookbook. London: Hardie Grant Books.</li> <li>Sy, Sufi. 2010. Sedap Sehat dari Dapur Oriental. Dipilih dari Lima Negara di Asia. Jakarta: Dian Rakyat.</li> <li>The Sultans's Kitchen A Turkish Cookbook. 1999. Boston: Periplus Solomon's Charmaine.</li> </ol>											
		Supporters:											
Support lecturer			Ora. Niken Purwidiani, M.Pd. Mauren Gita Miranti, S.Pd., M.Pd.										
Week- eac sta		nal abilities of ch learning age ub-PO)		Evaluation			Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials [ References	Assessment Weight (%)			
				ndicator	Criteria & I	Form		ne ( ne )	Online ( online )		]		
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(!	5)		(6)		(7)	(8)

1	Students are able to study RPS and carry out lecture contracts. Students are able to express basic concepts of Asian food	1.Presents a description of the Asian Food course 2.Describes the importance of Asian Food 3.Determine the rules and assignments of the Asian Food course 4.Explain the meaning of Asian Food 5.Grouping countries by region in Asia 6.Delve into the characteristics of Asian dishes 7.Identify the factors that influence Asian cuisine 8.Summarizing the menu pattern for Asian dishes	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, presentation, searching for library sources and other references, discussion and reflection 2 X 50		5%
2	Students are able to master knowledge and dishes from the Southwest Asia region: Turkey	1.Presents a general overview of Turkey 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from Turkey. Explain food processing from Turkey 3.Identifying food processing from Turkey 4.Shows the menu pattern of dishes from Turkey	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50		0%
3	Students are able to master knowledge about dishes from the Southwest Asia region: Arab Countries	1.Presents a general overview of Arab countries 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from Arab countries 3.Examining food processing from Arab countries 4.Shows the menu pattern of dishes from Arab countries	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50		0%
4	Students are skilled at processing food from Turkey and Arab countries by implementing POAC and paying attention to K3 (Occupational Health and Safety)	Making dishes from the Southwest Asia region: Turkish and Arab countries	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Practice 2 X 50		0%

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5	Students are able to master knowledge about dishes from the South West Asia region: India and Pakistan	1.Presents a general overview of India and Pakistan 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from India and Pakistan 3.Identify food processing from India and Pakistan 4.Shows the menu pattern of dishes from India and Pakistan	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50			0%
6	Students are able to master knowledge about dishes from the South West Asia region: Bangladesh and Sri Lanka	1.Presents a general overview of Bangladesh and Sri Lanka 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from Bangladesh and Sri Lanka 3.Explains food processing from Bangladesh and Sri Lanka 4.Shows the menu pattern of dishes from Bangladesh and Sri Lanka	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50			0%
7	Students are skilled at processing food from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka by implementing POAC and paying attention to K3 (Occupational Health and Safety)	Making dishes from the South Asian region: India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Practice 2 X 50			0%
8	UTS			2 X 50			0%
9	Students are able to master knowledge and skills about dishes from the East Asian region: China	1.Presents a general overview of China 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from China 3.Explaining food processing from China 4.Shows the menu pattern of dishes from China china	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50			0%

10	Students are able to master knowledge and skills about dishes from the East Asian region: Korea and Japan	1.Presents a general overview of Korea and Japan 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from Korea and Japan 3.Explains food processing from Korea and Japan 4.Shows the menu pattern of dishes from Korea and Japan	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50		0%
11	Students are skilled at processing food from China, Korea and Japan by applying POAC and paying attention to K3 (Occupational Health and Safety)	Making dishes from the East Asian region: China, Korea and Japan	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Practice 2 X 50		0%
12	Students are able to master knowledge and skills about dishes from the Southeast Asian region: Malaysia, Singapore and Brunei Darussalam	1.Presents a general overview of Malaysia, Singapore and Brunei Darussalam 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from Malaysia, Singapore and Brunei Darussalam 3.Explains food processing from Malaysia, Singapore and Brunei Darussalam 4.Shows menu patterns for dishes from Malaysia, Singapore and Brunei Darussalam 5.Singapore and Brunei Darussalam 5.Singapore and Brunei Darussalam 5.Singapore and Brunei Darussalam	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50		0%

13	Students are able to master knowledge and skills about dishes from the Southeast Asian region: the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam	1.Presents a general overview of the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 3.Explains food processing from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 4.Shows menu patterns for dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 4.Shows menu patterns for dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 4.Shows menu patterns for dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, and giving assignments 2 X 50			0%
14	Students are able to master knowledge and skills about dishes from the Southeast Asian region: Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar and Timor Leste	1.Presents a general overview of the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 2.Discuss the characteristics of dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 3.Explains food processing from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 4.Shows menu patterns for dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam 4.Shows menu patterns for dishes from the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Presentations, searching for library sources and other references, giving assignments, and 2 X 50 practice			0%
15	Students are skilled at processing food from Southeast Asia: Malaysia, Singapore, Brunei Darussalam, the Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar and Timor Leste by implementing POAC and paying attention to K3 (Occupational Health and Safety	Making dishes from the East Asian region: Malaysia, Singapore, Brunei Darussalam, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos, Myanmar and Timor Leste	Criteria: The maximum score is 100 if it meets the assessment criteria	Practice 2 X 50			0%
16	UAS			2 X 50			0%
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## Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	5%
		5%

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
  Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of
  their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
  are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
  knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based
  on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and
  unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.