Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Legal Sciences Communication Science Bachelor Study Program

				SEN	ΛE	STI	ER	LI	EΑ	RN	III	NG	P	'L/	ΑN	ı								
Courses			СО	DE				Со	urse	Fam	nily		С	redi	it We	eight			SEN	IEST	ER	Con	npilat	ion
Mass commu	ınication		702	01030	27								T:	=3	P=0	EC	TS=4	.77		4		July	18, 2	024
AUTHORIZATION			SP Developer				L	Cours			rse (se Cluster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator									
																			Dr.			ftakh M.I.k	ul Huc Com.	da,
Learning model	Case Studies																							
Program Learning	PLO study prog	gram	that	is cha	arge	d to t	he co	ours	e															
Outcomes (PLO)	Program Object	tives	(PO)																				
(PLO)	PLO-PO Matrix																							
		P.O																						
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																							
			P.O								Week													
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	9		10	11	1	2	13	14	-	L5	16	
Short Course Description	The Mass Comm practice. Apart froganization, and using presentation written and performance.	om th its in on me	at, the terace thods	e praction with the property of the property o	ctice th so	of ma cial, p	ss mo	edia al, cu	as a	a cer I and	nter I ec	of sonor	tudy nic ir	is : nstit	studi ution	ed c ıs. Le	oncer earnin	otua g is	lly fro	m the	e lev t for	el of one	conto	ent, ster
References	Main :																							
	1. 1. Ardianto, Elvinaro. Komala, Lukiati. 2005. Komunikasi Massa Suatu Pengantar. Bandung: PT. Remaja Rosdakarya 2. Baran, J Stanley& Dennis K Davis.2000 Mass Communication Theory: Foundations, Ferment, and Future. California: Wadsworth 3. Cangara, Hafied. 2011. Komunikasi Politik Konsep, Teori, dan Strategi. Jakarta: PT. Raja Grafindo Persada 4. Eriyanto. 2011. Analisis Isi, Pengantar Metodologi untuk Penelitian Ilmu Komunikasi & Ilmu Sosial Lainnya. Jakarta: Kencana. 5. Kovach, Bill dan Tom Rosenstiel. 2006. Sembilan Elemen Jurnalisme: Apa yang Seharusnya Diketahui Wartawan dan Diharapkan Publik. Jakarta: Yayasan Pantau.Little, John 6. McQuail, Denis. 2010. Mass Communication Theory 6thed. London: Sage 7. Nurudin, Komunikasi Massa, CESPUR, Malang, September 2003 8. Pete Golding and Garham Murdock, 2007 The Political Economy of Media. Volume I, Cheltenham, UK. Broolfield, US: The International Library of Studi and culture. 9. Shoemaker, Pamela J., & Stephen D. Reese. (1996). Mediating The Message: Theories Of Influences On Mass Media Content, London: Pearson Longman 10. Sobur, Alex. Semiotika Komunikasi. Bandung: PT Remaja Rosdakarya, 2003																							
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Anam Miftakh Gilang Gusti Aji, S				M.I.ł	Kom.																		

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Eva	aluation	Lea Stude	elp Learning, rning methods, ent Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	References]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Explain the meaning, characteristics, themes, issues and traditions of mass communication	- Defining Mass Communication - Outlining the characteristics of mass communication - Explaining themes, issues and traditions in mass communication	Criteria: Synthesis of the meaning, characteristics, themes, issues and traditions of mass communication from various references that have been determined and do not rule out the possibility of national and international journal articles	- Lecture - Question and answer pulpit - Discussion 3 X 50			0%	
2	Explain the history of the early presence of mass media	- Explain the beginning of the presence of mass media: print media, electronic media, films, recordings - Describe the characteristics of old and new mass media	Criteria: The number of current references in the form of books and scientific journal articles	- lecture - question and answer pulpit - discussion 3 X 50			0%	
3	Explaining Mass Concepts and Mass Communication Models	- Differentiate the concepts of mass, audience, public - Explain the concept of mass as audience and mass culture - Describe various models of mass communication	Criteria: Synthesis of phenomena and current theoretical concepts and references	- lecture - question and answer pulpit - discussion 3 X 50			0%	
4	Explain the theory of media and society	- Connecting media and society - Outlining several themes of media and society theory - Explaining several media and society theories	Criteria: Analyze current issues in media & society with the latest theories and references	- lecture - question and answer podium - assignment to write a 3 X 50 essay			0%	
5	Explaining Normative Media Theory	- Explain the obligations of the media - Explain the four theories of the press	Criteria: Analysis and synthesis of the implementation of media responsibility	- lecture - question and answer pulpit - discussion - assignment 3 X 50			0%	
6	Explain various principles in media practice	Explain various ideal criteria for media practice	Criteria: Peer review essay implementation of media responsibility	- lectures - discussions - case studies 3 X 50			0%	
7	Explains the definition and framework of Media Accountability	- Explain the definition of media accountability - Outline the media accountability framework	Criteria: Analysis and synthesis of assignment topics and current theories and references	- lectures - discussions - case studies 3 X 50			0%	
8	Mastering meeting material 1 - 7	Explain, compare and analyze UTS questions	Criteria: Comprehensive analysis and synthesis of written paper assignment topics	3 X 50 test			0%	
9							0%	
10							0%	

11				0%
12				0%
13				0%
14				0%
15				0%
16				0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage	-
		0%	

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills
 and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or
 observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the
 course.
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.