

## Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Legal Sciences Communication Science Bachelor Study Program

Document Code

Courses		(	CODE		Course Family  Compulsory Study			Credit Weight			SEMESTER			Compilation Date				
Introduction to Public Relations			7020103058							T=3	P=0	ECTS:	=4.77	2		Jul	July 17, 2024	
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develo	per		ІР	rogram	Subjec		urse	Clust	ter Co	ordina	tor	Study	Progr	am Co	ordinat
		ı	Mutiah, M.I.Kom				Mutiah, M.I.Kom			Dr. Anam Miftakhul Huda, S.Kom., M.I.Kom.								
Learning model	Case Studies																	
Program	PLO study pr	ogram t	hat is cha	raed	to th	e cour	se											
Learning Outcomes	PLO-9	_	produce m	_				comm	unica	ation	purpo	ses u	sing va	rious t	vnes of	comm	unicat	ion
(PLO)		channe	ls, both cor ble legal, s	nvent	ional c	hannels	and di	gital ch	anne	els, w	hich a	are be	neficial	to soc	iety and	d in acc	cordar	ice with
	Program Obje	1 11																
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	PO - 2	Student	s are able	to ap	ply pu	blic rela	•								g deve	lopmer	nts in i	nformati
	PLO-PO Matr	1	nmunicatio	n tecl	nolog	у												
			P.O		PLO	D-9												
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	stage (Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline ( offline )	Online ( online )	[ References ]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Students are able to understand the basic concepts of public relations (public relations)	1.Explain the scope and meaning of PR 2.Distinguish between PR and marketing, advertising and publication 3.Explain the history of the development of PR	Criteria: Can understand the basic concepts of public relations  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture, Question and answer, Discussion 3 X 50		Material: Basics of Homework Reader: Soemirat, Soleh & Elvinaro Ardianto. 2010. Basics of Public Relations. Bandung: Rosda Karya	2%
2	Students understand the role, duties & functions of PR in organizations	1.Explain the role of PR in organizations 2.Identify managerial functions & PR staff 3.Explain the advantages and disadvantages of internal departments VS external PR departments	Criteria: Can understand the role, duties & functions of PR in the organization  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Pulpit lecture. Question and answer. Discussion 3 X 50		Material: The role of PR in organizations Reader: Soemirat, Soleh & Elvinaro Ardianto. 2010. Basics of Public Relations. Bandung: Rosda Karya	2%
3	Students recognize and identify homework problems	Identify PR problems and distinguish them from other problems	Criteria: The assessment sheet  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	- Presentation - Question and answer - Discussion 3 X 50		Material: Issues in PR Reference: Cutlip, Scott M., Allen H. Center & Glen M. Broom. 2009. Effective Public Relations Ed.9. Jakarta: Kencana Prenada Media	3%
4	Students are able to understand the concept of public	Explain the concept of public. Identify internal and external publics. Explain the importance of maintaining relationships with the public	Criteria: Can understand the concept of public  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	- Lecture - Question and answer - Discussion 3 X 50		Material: Public Bibliography: Cutlip, Scott M., Allen H. Center & Glen M. Broom. 2009. Effective Public Relations Ed.9. Jakarta: Kencana Prenada Media	2%
5	Students are able to understand the mechanism of PR tools or PR devices	- Identifying PR tools - Internal media and external media - Characteristics of PR media	Criteria: Can understand and explain the mechanism of PR tools  Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	- Presentation - Question and answer - Discussion 3 X 50		Material: PR work Reference: Lattimore, et al. 2010. Public Relations: Profession & Practice ed. 3 . Jakarta: Salemba Humanika	0%

6	Students understand the concepts and theories of media relations	- identify opportunities and threats in the mass media - explain the importance of maintaining good relations with the media - prepare a press conference plan	Criteria:  Can understand and explain theory and practical implementation in PR activities	- Presentation - question and answer - discussion 3 X 50	Material: PR theory Bibliography: Lattimore, et al. 2010. Public Relations: Profession & Practice ed. 3 . Jakarta: Salemba Humanika	3%
7	Students are able to make simple press releases	- making a written outline - conducting resource interviews - holding a press conference	Criteria: Can apply theoretical knowledge about PR in writing press releases  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	- Lectures - Questions and answers - 3 X 50 field assignments	Material: Press release Bibliography: Cutlip, Scott M., Allen H. Center & Glen M. Broom. 2009. Effective Public Relations Ed.9. Jakarta: Kencana Prenada Media	5%
8	Master the final abilities of encounters 1-7	Explain, identify and create basic concepts of public relations	Criteria: Assessment sheet, maximum score 100  Form of Assessment: Test	3 X 50 test	Material: PR theory Reader: Soemirat, Soleh & Elvinaro Ardianto. 2010. Basics of Public Relations. Bandung: Rosda Karya	24%
9	Students understand the concept of company image and reputation	- define imaging - explain imaging activities - outline how to build a company image	Criteria: Can analyze PR reputation  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	- lecture - presentation 3 X 50	Material: Bibliographic Reputation: Cutlip, Scott M., Allen H. Center & Glen M. Broom. 2009. Effective Public Relations Ed.9. Jakarta: Kencana Prenada Media	2%
10		Students are able to analyze PR issues in organizations	Criteria: Students apply knowledge of PR theory to analyze issues  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentation, Discussion	Material: Bibliography Issue : Suhandang, Kustadi. 2004. Corporate Public Relations. Bandung: Nuansa Publishers	0%
11	Students understand crisis management in PR	Able to analyze crises in organizations	Criteria: Implementing PR theory to see crises in organizations  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, discussions	Material: Crisis Literature: Suhandang, Kustadi. 2004. Corporate Public Relations. Bandung: Nuansa Publishers	3%
12		Able to design proposals for overcoming PR crises in organizations	Criteria: Complete the proposal, maximum score is 100  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Projects, discussions	Material: PR Crisis Literature: Suhandang, Kustadi. 2004. Corporate Public Relations. Bandung: Nuansa Publishers	7%

13	Students design solutions to crises in organizations	Able to present solutions to resolve PR crises systematically	Criteria: Complete the project, maximum value 100  Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Project, Discussion	Material: PR Crisis Literature: Suhandang, Kustadi. 2004. Corporate Public Relations. Bandung: Nuansa Publishers	10%
14	Students understand the PR professional code of ethics	Able to explain the PR professional code of ethics	Criteria: Can answer written questions, maximum score is 100  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	lecture, discussion	Material: PR code of ethics Reader: Suhandang, Kustadi. 2004. Corporate Public Relations. Bandung: Nuansa Publishers	2%
15	Students understand the legal rules related to the PR profession	Understand the legal rules that apply in the PR profession	Criteria: Can answer written questions, maximum score is 100  Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Lectures, discussions	Material: Regulations related to PR Library: Soemirat, Soleh & Elvinaro Ardianto. 2010. Basics of Public Relations. Bandung: Rosda Karya	3%
16	Students are able to understand the concept of professional PR	Students are able to analyze case studies related to the PR profession	Criteria: Written test, maximum score is 100  Form of Assessment: Test	Test	Material: professional PR Reference: Suhandang, Kustadi. 2004. Corporate Public Relations. Bandung: Nuansa Publishers	35%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	31%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	10%
3.	Test	59%
		100%

## Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
  Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
  study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
  are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
  knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
  Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.

 $12. \ \mathsf{TM}\text{-}\mathsf{Face} \ \mathsf{to} \ \mathsf{face}, \ \mathsf{PT}\text{-}\mathsf{Structured} \ \mathsf{assignments}, \ \mathsf{BM}\text{-}\mathsf{Independent} \ \mathsf{study}.$