

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Social and Legal Sciences Communication Science Bachelor Study Program

Document Code

			SEM	IESTER		RNII	NG	PLA	٩N					
Courses			CODE		Course Family			Credit Weight			SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Development Social Communication			702010303	7020103032				T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.77	5	July 18, 2024		
AUTHOR	UTHORIZATION		SP Develo	SP Developer			Course Cluster Coordinator				Study Program Coordinator			
												iftakhul Huda, M.I.Kom.		
Learning model		Case Studies												
Program Learning Outcomes		PLO study program that is charged to the course												
		Program Objec	tives (PO)											
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix												
		P.O												
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)												
			P.O 1	2 3 4	5 6	7	8	Week 9 1	LO	11 12	13 14	15 16		
Course		Examining the substance of development theory, principles, basic designs, communication planning models for development studies as well as information and communication technology and the diffusion of 13 innovations as a means of identifying and resolving development problems using lecture, discussion and case study analysis methods.												
References		Main :												
		Routledg 2. Mefalopu Washing 3. Melkote, Empowe 4. Saebani, 5. Wilkins, I	J. and Tacchi, J. 2 le. 2. llos, P. 2008.Dev ton D.C.: The Worl S. and Steeves, rment, 2nd edition. B. 2016. S osiolog K., Tufte, T., and C Viley-Blackwell.	elopment Cor d Bank. H. 2005.Con New Delhi: Sa ji Pembanguna	mmunicatic nmunicatio age Publica an. Bandur	on Sou n for E ation Ind ng: Pust	rceboc Develoj dia Pvt caka Se	bk: Bro pment t Ltd. etia.	aden in th	ing the Bou e Third Wo	ındaries of C rld: Theory an	ommunication.		
		T												
Supporti lecturer	ing	Tsuroyya, S.S., M Gilang Gusti Aji, S												
Week-	eac stag	al abilities of h learning ge b-PO)		Evaluation ndicator Criteria & Form		C ⁴⁴ .	Lear Stude E	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]			Learning materials References	Assessment Weight (%)		
		•	Indicator		FOLU	Offlin offlin	ne)	Online (<i>online</i>)		1				
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)		

1	- Understand the definition of the third world, development, empowerment, and development communication - Identify the scope of development	- Explain the definition of the third world, development, and development communication - Understand the scope of development	Criteria: understanding of the third world, empowerment, development communication, and the scope of development	- Lecture - Discussion 3 X 50	0%
2	Distinguish the characteristics of each development communication approach	- Identify the characteristics of each development communication approach	Criteria: Use and benefits of development communication approaches	- Lecture - Discussion - Analysis of 3 X 50 case studies	0%
3	Understand modernization theory	Explains modernization theory by Harrod Domar, Max Webber, David McClelland, WW Rostow, and Bert F. Hoselitz	Criteria: The suitability of modernization theory and current social problems	- Lecture - Discussion 3 X 50	0%
4	Distinguishing dominant modernization applications in development aspects	Identifying dominant modernization applications in development aspects	Criteria: Development modernization applications with relevant issues	- Lecture - Discussion - Presentation 3 X 50	0%
5	Understanding the modernization process in the third world using a communication approach	Explaining the process of modernization in the third world using a communication approach	Criteria: Analysis of third world modernization and relevant communication approaches	- Lecture - Discussion 3 X 50	0%
6	Understand dependency theory	Explains the basic concepts of dependency theory which includes history, development in third world countries, the impact and criticism of dependency theory	Criteria: Case study analysis and appropriate dependency theory	- Lecture - Discussion - Analysis of 3 X 50 case studies	0%
7	Understand the basic concepts of human development theory	Explains the basic concepts of human development theory which includes definitions, development directions, empowerment, cooperation and equality	Criteria: Comparison of the development of third world countries with development theory	- Lecture - Discussion 3 X 50	0%
8	Mastering the material for meetings 1 - 7	Explain, compare and analyze UTS questions	Criteria: Accuracy in answering questions about UTS	3 X 50 test	0%
9					0%
10					0%
11					0%
12					0%
13					0%
14					0%
15					0%
16					0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.