

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering Civil Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE Course Famil		e Family	Credit Weight			SE	EMEST	ER	С	omp	ilation	Date				
Statistics			2220103148 Compulsor Program S			llsory Stu m Subjer	dy T=2 P=1 ECTS=4.77			7	3 July 17, 2024								
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develop	er		J		Cours	e Clust	er Co	ordinator	St	udy Pi	r <mark>ogra</mark> m	Coord	linato	or		
							Prof. Dr. Suparji, M.Pd.				Yogie Risdianto, S.T., M.T.								
Learning model	earning Case Studies		1																
Program	1 I	PLO study pr	ogra	m which is o	charged	d to the	cour	se											
Learning	g es l	S Program Objectives (PO)																	
(PLO)	I	PO - 1 Students have an understanding of the basic theoretical concepts of statistics for educational and applied research of building construction							ch in th	e field									
	1	PO - 2	Stude	ents have the	ability to	o explair	n the th	neory of a	descripti	ve statis	stics a	nd inferenti	al stat	tistics (parame	etric and	d non	-param	etric).
	1	PO - 3 Students have the ability to present and analyze data to support the preparation of practical reports, research, theses and scientific articles.																	
	1	PLO-PO Matr	ix																
Short Course Descript	ition	PO Matrix at	Provide a these at the series of the series	P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 nd of each I P.O O-1 O-2 O-3 s an underst sis using both applying a cc a with writen	earning 1 anding descript	2 3 of basic tive and vist app	(Sub-	PO)	6 eory and tistics (p arning a	7 8	With 9 9 of datic and ic and nds to	eek 10 ata, presen d non-parar with practic	11 tation netric) e ana	12 and a . Learn	13 analysis ning is and p	14 s of da carried resenti	15	suppo Ising a search	ort the direct data.
Reference	ces	Main :																	
		1. Suparji, Palupi, A.E. dan Mulyono, W.D. (2020). Statistik untuk Penelitian Pendidikan. Surabaya:Prima Abadi Jaya 2. Sujana.1(989).Metoda Statistika.Tarsito:Bandung 3. Sugiyono. (2012). Statistik untuk Penelitian. Jakarta:Rajawali Pers 4. Djarwanto& Subagyo.(1994). Statistik Induktif. Yogyakarta:BPFE Supporters: 1. Sukardi. (2011). Metode Penelitian Pendidikan, Kompetensi dan Praktiknya. Jakarta:Bumi Aksara																	
Supporting lecturer		Prof. Dr. Suparji, S.Pd., M.Pd. Wahyu Dwi Mulyono, S.Pd., M.Pd.																	
Week-	Fina each stag (Sub	al abilities of ch learning ge ub-PO) I		Evaluation ndicator Criteria & Form			Offline	He Lear Stude [Es (offline)	lp Lear ning m nt Assig stimate e O	ning, ethod gnme d time nline	ls, nts, e] (online)		Learning materials [References]			Assess Weigh	sment It (%)		
(1) (2		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)			(7)			(8))		

1	Explain the meaning of statistics	 Explain the meaning of statistics Explain various types of statistics 	Criteria: Criteria: correct oral questions are given a score which is part of the Participation SCORE Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	direct learning, discussion, questions and answers, practice questions 2 X 50	Material: Definition and types of statistics Reader: Sujana. (1989). Statistical Methods. Tarsito: Bandung	3%
2	Identify various types of data presentation	 Explain the presentation of data with tables Explain the presentation of data using a frequency distribution table Differentiate between various tables 	Criteria: Criteria: correct oral questions are given a score which is part of the Participation SCORE Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, discussion, questions and answers, and practice questions 2 X 50	Material: Data presentation Library: Sujana.1(989).Statistical Methods.Tarsito:Bandung	3%
3	Calculating central tendency (mean, median, and mode)	1.Calculates the mean, median, and mode of single data 2.Calculate the mean, median, and mode of grouped data	Criteria: Assignment of assignments Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Direct learning, discussion, questions and answers, and practice questions 2 X 50	Material: Calculating men, median, and mode for single and group data Reference: Sujana.1(989).Statistical Methods.Tarsito:Bandung	5%
4	Calculating Dispersion (range and variance)	Students can calculate standard deviation and variance	Criteria: Given an assignment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Direct learning, discussions, questions and answers, and practice questions. 4 X 50	Material: calculating standard deviation and variance Reference: Sujana.1(989).Statistical Methods.Tarsito:Bandung	3%
5	Calculating the probability of an event	Calculates probabilities, expectations, permutations, combinations, and probability distributions	Criteria: Given an assignment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, discussions, questions and answers, and practice questions. 4 X 50	Material: Probability References: Djarwanto & Subagyo. (1994). Inductive Statistics. Yogyakarta: BPFE	3%
6	Planning the sample size of the population	 Explain the meaning of population and sample. Explain the various sampling techniques Determine the number and size of samples 	Criteria: Oral questions Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Direct learning, discussion, questions and answers, and practice questions 2 X 50	Material: Population and sample Reference: Sugiyono. (2012). Statistics for Research. Jakarta: Rajawali Press	3%
7	Explain the hypothesis and its testing	 Explain the meaning and form of a hypothesis Explain the various types of hypotheses and their testing 	Criteria: The task of testing a hypothesis Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 2 X 50	Material: Hypothesis and testing Reference: Sugiyono. (2012). Statistics for Research. Jakarta: Rajawali Press	3%
8	Able to do UTS questions (written test)	Able to do UTS questions (written test)	Criteria: Able to do UTS questions (written test) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Written test 2 X 50	Material: UTS Reader: Sugiyono. (2012). Statistics for Research. Jakarta: Rajawali Press	20%

9	Students can use: t test to test hypotheses software) to test hypotheses manual methods and software (Software) to interpret the results of calculations	explain and test normality, homogeneity, multicollinearity, and linearity	Criteria: Given an assignment Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 4 X 50	Material: parametric statistical requirements test Reader: Sugiyono. (2012). Statistics for Research. Jakarta: Rajawali Press	4%
10	Conduct descriptive hypothesis testing	Able to test descriptive hypotheses for 1 party and 2 parties	Criteria: Correct oral questions are given a score which is part of the Participation SCORE Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 2 X 50	Material: Descriptive hypothesis and testing References : Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	4%
11	Carry out associative hypothesis testing	Calculates single, multiple, and partial correlations	Criteria: The task of calculating correlation Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 4 X 50	Material: Correlation Literature: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	4%
12	Carry out associative hypothesis testing	Computes single, multiple, and partial regressions	Criteria: The task of calculating regression Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 4 X 50	Material: Correlation Literature: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya Material: Regression Literature: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	4%
13	Conduct comparative hypothesis testing	Test the difference with the t test	Criteria: The task is to test differences with the t test Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 2 X 50	Material: Difference test with t test References: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	4%
14	Conduct comparative hypothesis testing	Testing the difference with the F/Anava test	Criteria: The task of testing differences with the F test (anava) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, exercises, discussions and questions and answers. 2 X 50	Material: Difference test with t test References: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	4%
15	Analyze data using statistical application program software	Processing data with applications	Criteria: The task of processing data with applications Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct learning, discussions, exercises, demonstrations, questions and answers, assignments	Material: SPSS Reader: Cornelius, Trihendradi. 2005. Step by Step SPSS, Statistical Data Analysis. Yogyakarta: Andi Offset. Material: Processing data with the Library application: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	3%

16	Able to take the UAS test (written test)	Able to do UAS questions (written test)	Criteria: Able to do UAS questions (written test) Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Test	Material: UAS Reference: Suparji, Palupi, AE and Mulyono, WD (2020). Statistics for Educational Research. Surabaya: Prima Abadi Jaya	30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	59%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	16%
3.	Test	25%
		100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the 4. final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on 6. predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test. 7.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative 9. Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and
- sub-topics. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%. 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.