Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering Civil Engineering Undergraduate Study Program

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN																					
Courses			CODE			Course Family			Credit Weight		SEMESTER Compilation		ion Dat	te							
Road Geometry			2220102016		Compulsory Study			T=2 P=0 ECTS=3.18			3	Jı	uly 17, 2	024							
AUTHORIZATION			SP Deve	eloper				Progi	ram Sul			Cluster	Coordi	nator	Study	Progran	n Coord	linator			
								Yogie Risdianto, S.T., M.T.													
Learning model	Case Studies																				
Program	PLO study pro	gram whi	ich is cha	h is charged to the course																	
Learning Outcomes	Program Obje	ctives (PC	D)																		
(PLO)	PO - 1		have the stics data	ave the ability to conduct traffic volume surveys on highways honestly and responsibly in order to obtain traffic volume and stics data.																	
	PO - 2	Students I	have knov	vledge	about	the app	plication	of lan	d surve	ying	in its a	pplicatio	n for inte	elligent a	and respo	onsible h	nighway	hway geomeric planning			
	PO - 3	Students I	have full k	nowle	dge of	the ged	ometric	plannir	ng chara	acteri	stics o	f highwa	ıys in va	rious loc	ations a	nd curve	shapes	5			
	PO - 4	Students I	have the a	ability 1	to plan	highwa	y geom	etrics	accordi	ng to	road c	lassifica	tion and	care ab	out K3 a	nd the e	nvironm	ent			
	PO - 5	Students I	have the a	ability 1	to intell	igently	plan roa	ad geo	metrics	that	can be	used e	ficiently,	safely,	comforta	bly and	smoothl	y by veh	icle driv	ers/	
	PLO-PO Matrix	K																			
	PO Matrix at th	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 PO-5 each lea	rrning	stage 2	3 3	PO) 4	5	6	7	8	Wee 9	k 10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
		PO-4																			
		PO-5																		1	
Short Course Description	Learn about tra highway standar geometric planni	rds and be	nefits, hig	hway	classifi	ication,	highwa	y cros	s-sectio	ns, v	ehicle:	s: types	n infrasti of vehic	ructure les, visi	and facil oility. Hig	ities, hi hway ge	ghway t eometric	ransport plannin	legisla g: High	ation, away	
References	Main :																				
	AASHTO. 1984. A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets. Washington DC: AASHTO. Anonim. 1970. Peraturan Perencanaan Geometrik Jalan Raya. Jakarta: Dirjen Bina Marga. Anonim. 1997. Manual dan Kapasitas Jalan Indonesia (MKJI). Institution of Highways and Transportation with The Department of Transport. Sukirman, Silvia. 1994. Dasar-Dasar Perencanaan Geometrik Jalan. Bandung: Nova. Oglesby, CH., Hicks, RG. 1982. Highway Engineering. Singapore: John Wiley & Sons. Soeparno, 2009. Geometrik Jalan Raya. JTS FT Unesa. Hendarsin, S.L. 2000. Perencanaan Teknik Jalan Raya. Bandung: JTS, Politeknik Negeri Bandung. Undang Undang Republik Indonesia No. 38 Tahun 2004. Supporters:																				
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	1. Jurnal n			ternas	ional																
Supporting lecturer	Dr. Ari Widayant Purwo Mahardi, Abdiyah Amudi,	S.T., M.Sc																			

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evaluation		Learn Studen	p Learning, ing methods, t Assignments, imated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Able to understand the concept and meaning and history of Highways in general.	1.Explain the meaning of roads in general. 2.Tells about the history of the highway 3.Explain the objectives of geometric road planning. 4.Explain the geometric function of highway planning.	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study		Material: understanding of highways in general, history of highways, purpose and function of Highway Geometrics. Bibliography: Sukirman, Silvia. 1994. Basics of Geometric Road Planning. Bandung: Nova.	4%
2	Students understand Road Classification in accordance with regulations and legislation	Explain the classification of highways according to applicable laws and regulations. Explain the classification according to highway class.	Criteria: Understand the material well. Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study		Material: Road classification in accordance with applicable regulations and legislation. References: Law of the Republic of Indonesia no. 38 of 2004.	4%
3	Students understand Road Classification in accordance with regulations and legislation	Explain the Road Network System Explain the classification of roads according to criteria in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study		Material: Road network system, road classification according to applicable statutory and regulatory criteria. References: Law of the Republic of Indonesia no. 38 of 2004.	4%
4	Highway Geometric Planning Criteria	Explain the considerations in geometric planning of highways. Explains standards and planned vehicle groups. Explain the composition/characteristics of traffic.	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50		Material: Considerations in highway geometric planning, standards and planned vehicle groups, traffic composition/characteristics. Reader: Anonymous. 1997. Manual and Capacity of Indonesian Roads (MKJI). Material: Considerations in highway geometric planning, standards and planned vehicle groups, traffic composition/characteristics. References: Ministry of Transportation. 2014. Guidelines for Indonesian Road Capacity.	3%
5	Highway Geometric Planning Criteria	1.Explain about passenger car units (SMP) and passenger car equivalents (EMP) 2.Explains the Volume and Capacity of road traffic. 3.Explaining the Level of Service (LOS) of Highways	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50		Material: Passenger car units (smp), and passenger car equivalents (emp), road traffic volume and capacity, Highway Level of Service (LOS). Reader: Anonymous. 1997. Manual and Capacity of Indonesian Roads (MKJI). Material: Passenger car units (smp), and passenger car equivalents (emp), road traffic volume and capacity, Highway Level of Service (LOS). References: Ministry of Transportation. 2014. Guidelines for Indonesian Road Capacity.	4%
6	Able to explain viewing distance	1.Can define viewing distance. 2.Explain the factors that influence visibility on straight roads. 3.Describe visibility at road curves.	Criteria: Understand the material well. Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study		Material: Visibility, factors that influence visibility on straight roads, visibility on road curves. Bibliography: Sukirman, Silvia. 1994. Basics of Geometric Road Planning. Bandung: Nova.	4%

7	Able to explain horizontal	1.Explain in general about	Criteria: Understand the	Presentations, questions and	Material: Types of Bends: 1). FC, 2). SCS., 3) SS, in	4%
	alignment in highway geometric planning.	Horizontal alignment 2.Explains 3 (three) types of Bends: 1). FC, 2). SCS., 3) SS, in highway alignment planning 3.Explaining transition curves in types of curves	material well Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study	In Fo, 2), 33, 111 highway alignment planning Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways.	
					Material: Transitional Curves in Types of Curves Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways.	
8	Able to explain horizontal alignment in highway geometric planning.	Explains about super elevation at highway bends Explain about widening the road at the corner S.Discuss examples of Horizontal Alignment planning questions	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study		20%
9	1.Define road grade 2.Explaining Relative Ramps on highways	Understand the material well	Criteria: - Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study	Material: Road grade Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways. Material: Relative ramps on highways Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways.	4%
10	Able to explain the slope of the highway	Define road grade Explaining Relative Ramps on highways SExplains vehicle characteristics, maximum and minimum slopes and critical length of slopes Explain the climbing lane on the highway.	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study	Material: Vehicle characteristics, maximum and minimum slopes and critical slope lengths Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways. Material: Climbing lanes on highways Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways.	4%
11	Able to explain Vertical Alignment	Defining Vertical Alignment in general Explaining Convex Vertical Curves on Highways	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. And task 2 X 50	Material: General Vertical Alignment Reference: Soeparno, 2009. Highway Geometrics. JTS FT Unesa. Material: Convex Vertical Curves in Highways Reference: Soeparno, 2009. Highway Geometrics. JTS FT Unesa.	4%
12	Able to explain Vertical Alignment	1.Explaining Concave Vertical Curves in Highways 2.Discuss examples of questions regarding Vertical Curve planning	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. And task 2 X 50	Material: Concave Vertical Curves in Highways Reference: Soeparno, 2009. Highway Geometrics. JTS FT Unesa.	4%
13	Able to explain Super Elevation Diagrams around corners	Defining Super elevation diagrams in general Explains the method for achieving Super elevation	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, group discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study	Material: Super elevation diagram in general. Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways. Material: Method of achieving Super elevation Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways.	4%

14	Combined Bends and Alignment Coordination Alignment Coordination	Defines Joint Bends and Alignment Coordination in general Explain about one-way combined bends on highways	Criteria: Understand the material well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study	Material: Joint Bends and Alignment Coordination in general Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways. Material: Unidirectional combined bends on highways Reference: Soeparno, 2009. Highway Geometrics. JTS FT Unesa.	3%
15	Combined Bends and Alignment Coordination Alignment Coordination	1.Explains the combined Uturn curve on the highway 2.Explain the conditions for combining several horizontal and vertical alignment elements and cross sections	Criteria: Understand the material well	Presentations, questions and answers, discussions and reflections. 2 X 50 project based field study	Material: Combined U-Turn Turn on the highway Reference: Anonymous. 1970. Highway Geometric Planning Regulations. Jakarta: Director General of Highways. Material: Requirements for combining several horizontal and vertical alignment elements and cross sections Reference: Soeparno, 2009. Highway Geometrics. JTS FT Unesa.	3%
16	Final exams		Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests			30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	65%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	10%
3.	Test	25%
		100%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.

 3. Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or
- learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.

 Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators.
- Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning,
- Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.