

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Undergraduate Chemistry Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

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Courses			CODE	Course Famil			ily	y Credit Weight				S	EMES	TER	Co Da	mpilati te	ion			
POLYFUNCTIONAL ORGANIC COMPOUNDS			47201031	92 Compulsory S Program Sub					T=3	P=0	ECTS=4.7	77	:	3	Ju	y 18, 20	023			
AUTHORIZAT	ION		SP Develo	oper						Co	urse	Clus	ter Co	oordinator	S	tudy P	rogran	1 Cool	dinato	or
			Dr. Ratih [Dr. Ratih Dewi Saputri, M.Si					Pro	of. Dr.	. Suy	atno, I	M.Si		Dr. Amaria, M.Si.					
Learning model	Case Studies		<u> </u>																	
Program	PLO study prog	gram th	at is char	ged t	o the	cour	rse													
Learning Outcomes	Program Objec	tives (F	°O)																	
(PLO)	PO - 1	Explain	the structu	re, pr	operti	es an	d use:	s of p	olyfur	ctiona	al orga	anic (compo	ounds						
	PO - 2	Explain	the nomen	clatur	re, str	ucture	, prop	oerties	s and	uses (of pol	ycycl	ic and	heterocyc	lic arc	omatic	compo	unds		
	PO - 3	Explain	the nomen	clatur	re, str	ucture	, prop	oerties	s and	uses (of car	bohy	drates	6						
	PO - 4	Explain	the nomen	clatur	re, str	ucture	, prop	oerties	s and	uses (of am	ino a	cids a	nd proteins	6					
	PO - 5	Explain	the nomen	clatur	re, str	ucture	, prop	oerties	s and	uses (of lipi	ds								
	PO - 6	Explain	the nomen	Iclatur	re, str	ucture	, prop	oerties	s and	uses (of bio	logic	al orga	anic compo	unds					
	PLO-PO Matrix																			
			P.0																	
			PO-1																	
			PO-2																	
			PO-3																	
			PO-4																	
			PO-5																	
			PO-6																	
	PO Matrix at th	e end o	of each lea	rning	y stag	ge (Si	ub-PO	D)												
			P.0									We	eek							
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	1
		PO-	-1																	
		PO-																		
												-								
		PO-											_							
		PO-																		
		PO-	-5																	
		PO-	·6																	
Short Course Description	Study of polyfun biological organic	ctional compou	organic coi unds.	mpou	nds,	polycy	clic a	and h	ietero	cyclic	aron	natic	hydro	ocarbons,	carbo	hydrat	es, pro	teins,	lipids	and
References	Main :																			
			<u> </u>																	

	 Robert V Publicati Smith JG Fessend 	ons 6, 2011, Organic Chemist en, R.J. dan Fessenden, Craine, L.E. & Hart, D.J	nic Chemistry, an Int try, third editiion, New J.S. (1998). Kimia Org	termediate Tex York, Mc Graw- Janik. Jilid I dan	t, Second Adition, Cana	atmaka. Jakarta: E	rlangga.			
	Supporters:	Supporters:								
	2. Artikel da	.A. (2000). Organic Cher alam jurnal ilmiah yang re , Hoffman (2004). Organ	elevan dengan materi p	perkuliahan	Companies, Inc. nd Ed, Canada: John Wile	ey and Sons, Inc				
Support lecturer	Prof. Dr. Tukiran, Dr. Ratih Dewi Sa	M.Si. aputri, S.Si., M.Si. nadhania, S.Si. M.Si.								
Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalua	ation	Lear Stude	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, <mark>stimated time]</mark>	Learning materials [References]	Assessment Weight (%)			
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline(offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)	[References]				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			
1	 Understand the Polyfunctional Organic Chemistry lecture system Explain the structure, properties and uses of polyfunctional organic compounds 	 Explain the chemical reactions of dicarboxylic acids Explain the formation of lactones and lactides from hydroxy carboxylic acids Explain the decarboxylation reaction in oxocarboxylic acid Explain the Diels Alder reaction 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: Dicarboxylic acids, hydroxy carboxylic acids, phenolic acids, keto carboxyl acids, dicarbonyl compounds, and diene compounds References: Fessenden, RJ and Fessenden, RJ and Fessenden, JS (1998). Organic Chemistry. Volumes I and 2. Translator AH Pudjaatmaka. Jakarta: Erlangga.	4%			
2 Explain the structure, properties and uses of polyfunctional organic compounds		 Explain the chemical reactions of dicarboxylic acids Explain the formation of lactones and lactides from hydroxy carboxylic acids Explain the decarboxylation reaction in oxocarboxylic acid Explain the Diels Alder reaction 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: Dicarboxylic acids, hydroxy carboxylic acids, phenolic acids, keto carboxyl acids, dicarbonyl compounds, and diene compounds References: Fessenden, RJ and Fessenden, JS (1998). Organic Chemistry. Volumes I and 2. Translator AH Pudjaatmaka. Jakatta: Erlangga.	4%			

3	Explain the structure, nomenclature, and chemical properties of polycyclic and heterocyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	 Explain electrophilic substitution reactions in polycyclic hydrocarbon compounds Write examples of oxidation and reduction reactions in polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon compounds Explain the basicity of heterocyclic aromatics and their solubility in water in relation to hydrogen bonds Explain electrophilic substitution reactions in heterocyclic aromatic hydrocarbon compounds 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: 1. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons;2. Heterocyclic aromatic hydrocarbons Bibliography: 2. Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011.). Organic Chemistry Material: substitution reactions References: 2. Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011.). Organic Chemistry	4%
4	Explain the structure, nomenclature, and chemical properties of polycyclic and heterocyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	 Explain electrophilic substitution reactions in polycyclic hydrocarbon compounds Write examples of oxidation and reduction reactions in polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon compounds Explain the basicity of heterocyclic aromatics and their solubility in water in relation to hydrogen bonds Explain electrophilic substitution reactions in heterocyclic aromatics 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: 1. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons;2. Heterocyclic aromatic hydrocarbons Bibliography: 2. Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011.). Organic Chemistry Material: substitution reactions References: 2. Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011.). Organic Chemistry Material: oxidation and reduction reactions References: 3. Carey, FA (2000). Organic Chemistry	4%
5	Understand the structure, nomenclature and chemical properties of carbohydrates	 1.1. Explain the structure of carbohydrates 2.2. Explain the cyclization process in monosaccharides 3.3. Explain the reactions that occur in carbohydrates 4.4. Explain the role of carbohydrates for living things 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 min	Material: 1. Structure and nomenclature of carbohydrates; 2. Disaccharides; 3. Polysaccharides; 4. Carbohydrate reactions References: 4. Brewster, RQ (1976.). Organic Chemistry	4%

6	Understand the structure, nomenclature and chemical properties of carbohydrates	 1.1. Explain the structure of carbohydrates 2.2. Explain the cyclization process in monosaccharides 3.3. Explain the reactions that occur in carbohydrates 4.4. Explain the role of carbohydrates for living things 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: 1. Structure and nomenclature of carbohydrates; 2. Disaccharides; 3. Polysaccharides; 4. Carbohydrate reactions References: 4. <i>Brewster, RQ</i> (1976.). <i>Organic</i> <i>Chemistry</i>	4%
7	Understand the structure, nomenclature and chemical properties of carbohydrates	 1.1. Explain the structure of carbohydrates 2.2. Explain the cyclization process in monosaccharides 3.3. Explain the reactions that occur in carbohydrates 4.4. Explain the role of carbohydrates for living things 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: 1. Structure and nomenclature of carbohydrates; 2. Disaccharides; 3. Polysaccharides; 4. Carbohydrate reactions References: 4. Brewster, RQ (1976.). Organic Chemistry Material: reactions that occur in carbohydrates References: 2. Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011.). Organic Chemistry	4%
8	Mid-Semester Exam to assess the achievement of Final Skills from TM 1 to 7	Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer.	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Students take the Mid- Semester Exam (UTS) for 100 minutes	Students take the Mid- Semester Exam (UTS) for 100 minutes	Material: material 1-7 References: Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011). Organic Chemistry. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc 	20%
9	Understand the structure, types and chemical properties of amino acids and proteins	 1.1. Explain the structure of amino acids 2.2. Explain chemical reactions in amino acids 3.3. Explain the reaction to form peptides 4.4. Explain the structure and function of proteins 5.5. Explain the process of protein denaturation 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3 x 50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3 x 50 minutes	Material: amino acid reactions, peptide bonds and protein denaturation processes. Reference: <i>Robert V,</i> <i>Hoffman, 2004,</i> <i>Organic</i> <i>Chemistry, an</i> <i>Intermediate</i> <i>Text, Second</i> <i>Addition,</i> <i>Canada, John</i> <i>Wiley and Sons.</i> <i>Inc. Publications</i>	10%

10	Understand the structure, types and chemical properties of amino acids and proteins	 1.1. Explain the structure of amino acids 2.2. Explain chemical reactions in amino acids 3.3. Explain the reaction to form peptides 4.4. Explain the structure and function of proteins 5.5. Explain the process of protein denaturation 	Criteria: Based on the assessment rubric that has been created by the teaching lecturer. Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Tests	Students solve the stunting problem by linking several fields of science that support problem solving 3 x 50 minutes	3x50 minutes	Material: amino acid reactions, peptide bonds and protein denaturation processes. Reference: <i>Robert V,</i> <i>Hoffman, 2004,</i> <i>Organic</i> <i>Chemistry, an</i> <i>Intermediate</i> <i>Text, Second</i> <i>Addition,</i> <i>Canada, John</i> <i>Wiley and Sons.</i> <i>Inc. Publications</i>	10%
11	Understand the structure, nomenclature, chemical properties of lipids	 1.1. Explain the structure and function of lipids 2.2. Explain the chemical reactions of lipids 3.3. Explain the structure of steroids and their role as hormones 	Criteria: essay test 25% while summative and performance assessment 75% Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3 x 50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3 x 50 minutes	Material: 1. Structure and function of lipids 1. Hydrogenation of vegetable oils 2. Saponification of oils and fats 3. Production of detergents 4. Phospholipids 5. Steroids References: 4. Brewster, RQ (1976.). Organic Chemistry	10%
12	Understand the structure, nomenclature, chemical properties of lipids	 1.1. Explain the structure and function of lipids 2.2. Explain the chemical reactions of lipids 3.3. Explain the structure of steroids and their role as hormones 	Criteria: essay test 25% while summative and performance assessment 75% Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	case study regarding the application of steroids in everyday life, presentation, discussion 150	case study regarding the application of steroids in everyday life, presentation, discussion 150	Material: 1. Structure and function of lipids 1. Hydrogenation of vegetable oils 2. Saponification of oils and fats 3. Production of detergents 4. Phospholipids 5. Steroids References: 4. Brewster, RQ (1976.). Organic Chemistry	3%
13	Explain the bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites including terpenoids, steroids, flavonoids and alkaloids) of plants and state their benefits in the pharmaceutical industry	 1.1. Explain the types of bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites) from plants 2.2. Name the types of plants native to Indonesia that have medicinal properties 	Criteria: essay test 25% while summative and performance assessment 75% Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: Discuss the content of bioactive compounds in Indonesian medicinal plants and their functions. Reference: 3. Carey, FA (2000.). Organic Chemistry Material: plant bioactive compounds References: Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011). Organic Chemistry. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc	3%

14	Explain the bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites including terpenoids, steroids, flavonoids and alkaloids) of plants and state their benefits in the pharmaceutical industry	 1.1. Explain the types of bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites) from plants 2.2. Name the types of plants native to Indonesia that have medicinal properties 	Criteria: essay test 25% while summative and performance assessment 75% Forms of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment, Tests	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Lecture, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: Discuss the content of bioactive compounds in Indonesian medicinal plants and their functions. Reference: 3. <i>Carey, FA</i> (2000.). Organic <i>Chemistry</i> Material: plant bioactive compounds References: Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011). Organic <i>Chemistry. New</i> York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc	3%
15	Explain the bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites including terpenoids, steroids, flavonoids and alkaloids) of plants and state their benefits in the pharmaceutical industry	 1.1. Explain the types of bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites) from plants 2.2. Name the types of plants native to Indonesia that have medicinal properties 	Criteria: essay test 25% while summative and performance assessment 75% Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Portfolio Assessment	Presentation, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Presentation, question and answer, discussion, problem solving, case method 3x50 minutes	Material: Discuss the content of bioactive compounds in Indonesian medicinal plants and their functions. Reference: 3. <i>Carey, FA</i> (2000.). Organic <i>Chemistry</i> Material: plant bioactive compounds References: Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011). Organic <i>Chemistry. New</i> York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc	3%
16	Students understand the concepts, attitudes and skills in Polyfunctional Organic Compounds MK from TM-9 to TM- 15	Understand the concepts, landscape and skills in Polyfunctional Organic Compounds MK	Criteria: The final semester exam (UAS) is used to measure the achievement of the TM 9-15 indicators, through a written exam, and the results are given a weight of 3. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Final Semester Exam 100 minutes	Final Semester Exam 100 minutes	Material: Lecture material for weeks 9-15 References: 1. Hart, H., Craine, LE & Hart, DJ (2003.). Organic Chemistry Material: Lecture material for weeks 9-15 References: 2. Solomon, TWG & Fryhle, CB (2011.). Organic Chemistry Material: Lecture material for weeks 9-15 References: 3. Carey, FA (2000.). Organic Chemistry Material: Lecture material for weeks 9-15 References: 4. Brewster, RQ (1976). Organic Chemistry	10%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

	No	Evaluation	Percentage
ſ	1.	Participatory Activities	56.83%
ſ	2.	Portfolio Assessment	14.33%
	3.	Test	28.83%
ſ			99.99%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
 Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is
- Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specificatly described infinite PO that can be measured of observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
 Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.