

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Undergraduate Chemistry Education Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODI	CODE Course Family		Credit Weight			ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date		
Natural Materials Chemistry		84204	8420402302			T=2	P=0	ECTS=3.18	8	July 18, 2024			
AUTHORIZATION		SP D	SP Developer			Course Cluster Coordinator			Study Program Coordinator				
										Prof. Dr. Utiya Azizah, M.Pd.			
Learning model		Project B	ased Lear	d Learning									
Program Learning Outcomes		PLO study program which is charged to the course											
		Program Objectives (PO)											
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix											
				P.O									
PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)													
			P.0				Week						
				1 2 3 4	4 5 6	6 7	8	9	10 11 1	.2 13 14	15 16		
Short Course Description		Study of the benefits of secondary metabolites as bioactive compounds in the field of pharmacology and pharmaceutical industry, studying the chemistry of secondary metabolite compounds in the terpenoid, steroid, phenylpropanoid, polyketide, flavonoid and alkaloid groups, their benefits and distribution in plants (medicine), screening techniques, isolation and bioactivity tests and its role in the development of the pharmaceutical industry. Lectures are carried out using discussion methods, presentations, industry visits, and journal reviews											
References		Main :											
		 Achmad, S. A. (1986).Kimia Organik Bahan Alam. Modul 1-6. Jakarta : Penerbit UT. Manitto, P. (1990).Biosintesis Produk Alami. Semarang : IKIP Semarang Press. Harborne, J. B. (1987).Metode Fitokimia. Penterjemah: Kosasih P. Bandung : Penerbit ITB. Robinson, T. (1995).Kandungan Organik Tumbuhan Tinggi.Penerjemah Kosasih P. Bandung:ITB. Tukiran (2010).Kimia Bahan Alam. Surabaya: Unesa University Press 											
		Supporte	rs:										
Supporting lecturer Prof. Dr. Suyatno, M.Si.													
Week-	Final abilities of each			Evaluation		Lea Stud [Help Learning, earning methods, dent Assignments, [Estimated time]		Learning materials	Assessment		
	lean stag	rning	Indicator	Criteria & Fo	off	fline (fline)	O	nline	(online)	[References]	Weight (%)		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1							0%
2							0%
3							0%
4							0%
5							0%
6							0%
7							0%
8							0%
9							0%
10							0%
11							0%
12							0%
13							0%
14							0%
15							0%
16							0%

 Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

 No
 Evaluation

 Percentage

 0%

Notes

- 1. Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- **10. Learning materials** are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.

- The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
 TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.