

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Undergraduate Chemistry Education Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses	;			CODE			Cou	se Fa	amily		С	Cred	it We	ight	SE	MESTER	Compilation Date
Biochem Function		I: Structure &		842040203	37						T	=2	P=0	ECTS=3.18		5	July 18, 2024
AUTHOR	RIZAT	ION		SP Developer				Cou	Course Cluster Coordinator				ıdy Progr ordinator				
													Prof. Dr. Utiya Azizah, M.Pd.				
Learning model	3	Case Studies													-		
Progran		PLO study pro	gram v	vhich is ch	arged t	o the c	ourse										
Learnin Outcom		Program Objec	tives ((PO)													
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix															
		P.0															
		PO Matrix at th	e end	of each lea	arning s	stage (S	Sub-PO	D)									
			Р	.0						١	Week						
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														UU			
Short Course Descrip	tion	Study of the strue as studies on the															branes; as well
Referen	ces	Main :															
		 Lehninge Color Atl Mathews Nelson D Stryer, L 	as of B ,C. K a). L. , a	iochemistry, nd Van Holo nd Cox M. N	2005,Ko de K. E, 1 1. , 2003	oolman, 2000, Bi , Lehnin	J and I iochem igerPrir	Roehr istry , iciple	n K. H secon of Bio	l. , 2nde d ed. , ⁻ chemis	edition The B stry , 4t	n. Sti lenja th eo	utgaro Imin (dition,	d New York Cumming con	npan	y, Inc.	dison
		Supporters:															
Supporting lecturer Prof. Dr. Leny Yuanita, Prof. Dr. Hj. Rudiana A Dr. Prima Retno Wikan Prof. Dr. Nuniek Herdy Mirwa Adiprahara Angg			ana Ág Wikand Herdya	ustini, M.Pd lari, M.Si. stuti, M.Si.													
Week-	eac sta	al abilities of h learning ge b-PO)			Evaluatio				Lea Stude		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		ls, ents, e]	m	earning aterials [ferences	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Su	5-1-0)		ndicator		Criteria	& Forn	ו		fline(fline)		0	nline	(online)]		
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)			(5)			((6)		(7)	(8)

1	Understand the molecules of living organisms (biomolecules) and their composition	1. Explain the characteristics of living substances. 2. Explain the chemical processes in living substances. 3. Explain that cells are the smallest part of life. 4. Explain the parts of living cells. 5. Explain the function of each organelle 6. Explain the organization of molecules in cells 7. Explain the use of energy in living systems to maintain their structure	 Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Questions and answers, discussion, reflection 2 X 50		0%
2	Understand the structure and function of Carbohydrates	1. Classify carbohydrates based on the number of constituent monomers, functional groups and constituents. 2. Explain asymmetry centers, ring structures, hawort, mutarotation and anomers. 3. Explain the functions of monosaccharides and polysaccharides in biological systems.	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10	Questions and answers, discussion, reflection 2 X 50		0%

3	Understand the structure and function of Carbohydrates	1. Classify carbohydrates based on the number of constituent monomers, functional groups and constituents. 2. Explain asymmetry centers, ring structures, hawort, mutarotation and anomers. 3. Explain the functions of monosaccharides in biological systems.	 Criteria: The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (UTS value x2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Questions and answers, discussion, reflection 2 X 50	0%
4	Understand the structure and function of Carbohydrates	1. Classify carbohydrates based on the number of constituent monomers, functional groups and constituents. 2. Explain asymmetry centers, ring structures, hawort, mutarotation and anomers. 3. Explain the functions of monosaccharides and polysaccharides in biological systems.	 Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Questions and answers, discussion, reflection 2 X 50	0%
5	Understand the structure and function of Proteins	1. Explain the structure of amino acids and the classification of amino acids 2. Explain the nature of acids and bases, amphoteries, isoelectric points, separation of amino acids	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through	Discussion Presentation 2 X 50	0%

(electrophoresis	
and chromatography),	
special reactions	
of amino acids 3. Explain the	
reaction of	
peptide bond formation 4.	
Explain the	
function of	
peptides in living systems 5.	
Explain the	
separation process by	
dialysis, gel	
filtration, electrophoresis 6.	
Explain the	
determination of	
amino acid series by hydrolysis and	
amino acid	
reactions with FDNB, dansyl	
chloride, Edman	
reagents 7. Explain the	
definition of	
homologous	
proteins 8. Explain fixed	
residues, non-	
fixed residues, series homology	
and examples of	
the importance of	
series homology from various	
species9. Explain	
the classification of proteins based	
on function,	
constituent	
elements and shape10. Explain	
configuration and	
conformation 11.	
Explain the structure of -	
helices, the types	
of amino acids that make up	
them, their	
properties and	
structure as constituents of	
keratin 12.	
Explain the structure of silk	
fibroin, and the	
differences in its	
properties from - helices 13.	
Explain the	
structure of the	
helix that makes up collagen, the	
properties of	
collagen in tendons and bone	
matrix 14. Explain	
the helical	
structure that makes up elastin	
and the properties	
of elastin in joints 15. Types and	
functions of	
globular proteins 16.	
Characteristics of	
the tertiary	
structure of globular proteins	
in myoglobin 17.	
Types of amino	
acids that make up globular	
proteins 18.	
tertiary structures in myoglobin 19.	
Differences in	
tertiary structures	
in several globular proteins 20.	
Types of bonds	
that stabilize tertiary structures	
21. Definition of	
oligomeric proteins and	
examples of	
oligomeric	
proteins 22. Quaternary	
structures make	
up oligomeric	

all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10	

		proteins 23. Explain the function of hemoglobin and myoglobin. 24. Explain sickle cell anemia and other disorders caused by gene mutations				
6	Understand the structure and function of Proteins	1. Explain the structure of amino acids and the classification of amino acids 2. Explain the nature of acids and bases, amphoteries, isoelectric points, separation of amino acids (electrophoresis and chromatography), special reactions of amino acids 3. Explain the reaction of peptide bond formation 4. Explain the function of peptides in living systems 5. Explain the separation process by dialysis, gel filtration, electrophoresis 6. Explain the determination of amino acid series by hydrolysis and amino acid series by hydrolysis and reactions with FDNB, dansyl chloride, Edman reagents 7. Explain the definition of homologous proteins 8. Explain fixed residues, non-fixed residues, series homology and examples of the importance of series homology and examples of the helices the types of amino acids that make up collagen, the properties of collagen in tendons and bone matrix 14. Explain the helical structure that makes up collagen in the helical structure that makes up collagen in tendon	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10	Discussion Presentation 2 X 50		0%

		in myoglobin 17. Types of amino acids that make up globular proteins 18. tertiary structures in myoglobin 19. Differences in tertiary structures in several globular proteins 20. Types of bonds that stabilize tertiary structures 21. Definition of oligomeric proteins and examples of oligomeric proteins 22. Quaternary structures make up oligomeric proteins 23. Explain the function of hemoglobin. 24. Explain sickle cell anemia and other disorders caused by gene mutations					
7	Understand the structure and function of Proteins	1. Explain the structure of amino acids and the classification of amino acids 2. Explain the nature of acids and bases, amphoteries, isoelectric points, separation of amino acids (electrophoresis and chromatography), special reactions of amino acids 3. Explain the reaction of peptide bond formation 4. Explain the function of peptides in living systems 5. Explain the function of peptides in living systems 5. Explain the function of amino acid series by dialysis, gel filtration, electrophoresis 6. Explain the determination of amino acid series by hydrolysis and amino acid series by hydrolysis and amino acid reactions with FDNB, dansyl chloride, Edman reagents 7. Explain the definition of homologous proteins 8. Explain fixed residues, non- fixed residues, series homology and examples of the importance of series homology from various species9. Explain the classification of proteins based on function, constituent elements and shape10. Explain configuration and conformation 11. Explain the structure of - helices, the types of amino acids that make up them, their properties and structure of silk fibroin, and the differences in its	 Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Discussion Presentation 2 X 50		0%	

		properties from - helices 13. Explain the structure of the helix that makes up collagen, the properties of collagen in tendons and bone matrix 14. Explain the helical structure that makes up elastin and the properties of elastin in joints 15. Types and functions of globular proteins 16. Characteristics of the tertiary structure of globular proteins in myoglobin 17. Types of amino acids that make up globular proteins 18. tertiary structures in myoglobin 19. Differences in tertiary structures in several globular proteins 20. Types of bonds that stabilize tertiary structures 21. Definition of oligomeric proteins and examples of oligomeric proteins 23. Explain the function of hemoglobin and myoglobin 124. Explain sickle cell anemia and other disorders caused by gene mutations				
8	Midterm exam		 Criteria: The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x3) (UTS value x 3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Giving a Subsummative written test-1 2 X 50		0%

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9	Understand the structure and function of enzymes	1. Explain the structure of enzymes 2. Explain the properties of enzymes 3. Explain the function of enzymes 4. Explain the difference between trivial and systematic naming of enzymes 5. Name the six groups of enzymes 3long with the groups they attack 6. Explain the groups they attack 6. Explain the Michaelis-Menten equation 7. Explain the Michaelis-Menten equation 8. Determine the values of Vmax and KM. 9. Explain the Lineweaver-Burk equation10. Explain the factors that influence enzyme activity11. Explain the process of enzyme inhibition by inhibitors along with a binding model12. Explain multi enzyme systems with	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 2) UAS value (3) divided by 10	Study material from mandatory books, ask questions, answer 2 X 50 practice questions		0%
10	Understand the structure and function of enzymes	1. Explain the structure of enzymes 2. Explain the properties of enzymes 3. Explain the function of enzymes 4. Explain the difference between trivial and systematic naming of enzymes 5. Name the six groups of enzymes along with the groups they attack 6. Explain the mechanism of enzymatic reactions 7. Explain the Michaelis-Menten equation 8. Determine the values of Vmax and KM. 9. Explain the Lineweaver-Burk equation 10. Explain the factors that influence enzyme activity11. Explain the process of enzyme inhibitions by inhibitors along with a binding model12. Explain multi enzyme systems with	 Criteria: The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) S.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) S.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) S.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x3) (UTS value x2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Study material from mandatory books, ask questions, answer 2 X 50 practice questions		0%

11	Inderstand the	1 Name water	Criteria:			006
11	Understand the structure and function of vitamins and minerals	 Name water- soluble vitamins Name fat- soluble vitamins Describe the structure of water- soluble vitamins Describe the structure of fat- soluble vitamins. Explain the role of vitamins in biological systems6. Mention the minerals needed in nutrition, both plants and animals. 7. Explain the role of minerals in enzyme function. 	 Criteria: The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Study material from mandatory books, ask questions, answer 2 X 50 practice questions		0%
12	Understand the structure and function of vitamins and minerals	1. Name water- soluble vitamins 2. Name fat- soluble vitamins 3. Describe the structure of water- soluble vitamins 4. Describe the structure of fat- soluble vitamins. 5. Explain the role of vitamins in biological systems6. Mention the minerals needed in nutrition, both plants and animals. 7. Explain the role of minerals in enzyme function.	 Criteria: The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Study material from mandatory books, ask questions, answer 2 X 50 practice questions		0%

13	Understand the structure and function of nucleic acids	1. Explain the components of nucleosides, nucleotides 2. Explain the main components of DNA and RNA nucleic acids; free nucleotides 3. Describe the structure of DNA and RNA nucleic acids; free nucleotides 4. Explain the nature of nucleic acids DNA, RNA 5. Explain the nature of tRNA, rRNA, mRNA 6. Explain the relationship between transcription, translation, protein synthesis	Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x3) (UTS value x 2) UAS value (3) divided	Questions and answers, discussion, reflection 2 X 50		0%
14	Understand the structure and function of lipids and bio- membranes	1. Explain the structure of lipids. 2. Explain the function of lipids in biological systems 3. Explain the main components of membranes 4. Describe the fluid structure of the membrane 5. Explain the nature of the lipid bilayer in the membrane 6. Explain the function of the membrane	by 10 Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x3) (UTS value x2) UAS value (3) divided by 10	Questions and answers, answering 2 X 50 practice questions		0%

15	Understand the structure and function of Hormones	Describe the role of each hormone in primary and secondary target hormones	 Criteria: The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x2) UAS value (3) divided by 10 	Questions and answers, answering 2 X 50 practice questions		0%
16	UAS		Criteria: 1. The assessment is carried out on the following aspects: 2.1. Participation during lectures is carried out through observation (weight 2) 3.2. Subsummative test, carried out twice assessing all relevant indicators through written exams, averaged and weighted (2) 4.3. Structured assignment assessment from each teacher and the scores are averaged, then given a weight (3) 5.4. Summative test as UAS score, given weight (3) 6. The final NA is (participation value x2) (assignment value x 3) (UTS value (3) divided by 10	2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study
No Evaluation Percentage

0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
- Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods. 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.