

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Economics and Business Bachelor of Commerce Education Study Program

Document Code

UNES	A									
			SEMI	ESTER I	LEAR	NING	PLAN			
Courses			CODE		Course F	-amily	Credit We	ight	SEMESTER	Compilation Date
Banking			8721102054	ļ			T=2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	7	July 19, 2024
AUTHOR	RIZAT	ION	SP Develop	er		Cour	se Cluster (Coordinator	Study Progra	
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Learning model	J	Case Studies	·			·				
Program		PLO study prog	gram that is charg	ed to the cou	irse					
Outcom		PLO-7	PLO-S3 Able to ap	ply an entrepre	neurial spir	rit in solving	problems a	ccording to the	eir field	
(PLO)		Program Object	• • •							
		PLO-PO Matrix								
		P.O PLO-7								
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)								
			P.O 1 2	3 4	5 6	7 8	Week 9 10	11 12	13 14	15 16
Short Course Descript	tion	banking. This con and development liquidity manage	usses banking know urse covers banking t of bank organizatio ment. credit mana iking. Lectures are	concepts. means and manage gement. under	aning and f ement syst standing.	function. bá ems. fund n purpose a	sic manager nanagement nd function	ment patterns . system. sou of credit. in	. policy formularce. allocation rce. allocation	ation. planning of bank funds. stitutions, and
Referen	ces	Main :								
 Kasmir. 2008. Bank dan Lembaga KeuanganLainnya. Edisi Revisi ke-8. PT RajaGrafindo Persada. Jakarta. Sigit Triandaru dan Totok Budisantoso. 2009. Bank dan Lembaga Keuangan Lain. Edisi ke-2. Salemba Empat. 3. Ketut Rindjin. 2000. Pengantar Perbankan danLembaga Keuangan Bukan Bank. PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama. Peni Sawitri, EkoHartanto. 2007. Bank dan Lembaga Keuangan. Gunadarma. Jakarta Rivai Veithzal, AndriaPermata Veithzal, Ferry N. Idroes. 2007. Bank and Financial Institution ManagementConversal Sharia System. PT. Raja Grafindo Persada. Jakarta. 							pat. Jakarta. ama. Jakarta.			
		Supporters:								
			D. 1.1.5.							
Support lecturer		Novi Marlena, S.I Erta, S.E., M.M. Septyan Budy Ca	Pd., M.Si. ahya, S.Pd., M.Pd.							
Week-	eac			Evaluation		Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]		ods, nents, me]		Assessment Weight (%)
	(Su	b-PO)	Indicator	Criteria &	Form	Offline (offline)	Online	(online)	1	
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)

1	Describe financial institutions	1.Explain the meaning of financial institutions 2.Explain the functions and roles of bank and non-bank financial institutions 3.Describe the types of bank and non-bank financial institutions	Criteria: 1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2.Correct 1 mark 35 Correct 2 marks 70 Correct 3 marks 100	Reading literature, and lectures 2 X 50		0%
2	Describe the development of banking conditions in Indonesia	1.Describe the development of banking conditions before deregulation 2.Describe the development of banking conditions after deregulation 3.Describe the development of banking conditions during the economic crisis 4.Describe the development of banking conditions during the economic crisis 5.Describe the development of banking conditions after the economic crisis 5.Describe the latest developments in banking conditions	Criteria: 1. The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2. Correct 1 mark 20 Correct 2 marks 40 Correct 3 marks 60 Correct 4 marks 80 Correct 5 marks 100	Reading literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		0%
3	Explain the functions and duties of the central bank (Bank Indonesia)	1.Explain the objectives of the Central Bank 2.Explain the duties of the Central Bank 3.Explaining Bank Indonesia as Lender of the resort	Criteria: 1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria 2.Correct 1 mark 35 Correct 2 marks 70 Correct 3 marks 100	Reading literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		0%
4	Distinguish between Commercial Banks and Rural Banks	1.Explain the functions of commercial banks 2.Explain the types of commercial banks 3.Explain the function of Rural Banks 4.Explain the types of Rural Banks 5.Distinguish between commercial banks and people's credit banks	Criteria: 1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2.Correct 1 mark 20 Correct 2 marks 40 Correct 3 marks 60 Correct 4 marks 80 Correct 5 marks 100	Reading literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		0%

5	Explaining	1.Explain the	Criteria:	Reading		0%
	Commercial Banks based on sharia concepts	meaning of Islamic banking 2.Explain the basis of sharia law 3.Explain the activities of Islamic banks 4.Distinguish between conventional banks and sharia banks	1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2.Correct 1 value 50 3.Correct 2 marks 100	literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		
6	Explain the concept of sources of funds and use of funds in banking financial institutions	1.Explain the meaning of sources of funds (collecting funds) 2.Explain the sources of raising funds 3.Explain the meaning of use of funds 4.Explain considerations for use of funds 5.Explain alternative uses of funds	Criteria: 1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2.1. Correct 1 value 50 3.2. Correct 2 marks 100	Reading literature, and lectures 2 X 50		0%
7	Explains banking credit	1.Explain the meaning of credit 2.Describe the types of credit 3.Explain the considerations for distributing credit	Criteria: 1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2.1. Correct 1 value 50 3.2. Correct 2 marks 100	Reading literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		0%
8	MIDDLE SEMESTER EXAMINATION (UTS)			2 X 50		0%
9	Describe banking services	Describe banking services which include transfers, collections, bank guarantees, letters of credit, clearing	Criteria: 1.The maximum score with all correct answers is: 100 with the following criteria: 2.Correct 1 mark 20 Correct 2 marks 40 Correct 3 marks 60 Correct 4 marks 80 3.Correct 5 marks 100	Reading literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		0%
10	Explains the health of the bank	1.Explain the meaning of bank health 2.Explain bank health regulations 3.Describes violations of bank health regulations		Reading literature, lectures and discussions 2 X 50		0%

11 Explains bonk 1,Explain the implomentary 2, Describes the legal basis for bank secrety 3, Explain to secretory 1, Explain the form and secretory 1, Explain the form and deposit insurance institutions 1, Explain the form and secretory 1, Explain the secretory 1, Explain the secretory 1, Explain the measurance institutions 1, Explain the measurance 1, Explain the m		I	I	ı		I	
and status of deposit insurance institutions 2 mistures of deposit insurance institutions 2 misturance institutions 2 misturance institutions 2 misturance institutions 3 misturance institutions 3 misturance institutions 3 misturance institutions 4 misturance institutions 6 misturance institutions 7 misturance institutions 8 misturance institutions 8 misturance institutions 9 mis	11		purpose of implementing bank secrecy 2.Describes the legal basis for bank secrecy 3.Explains sanctions for violations of bank secrecy		lectures and discussions		0%
Financial Services Authority (OJK) Resorting (OJK) 2. Describes the functions, objectives and duties of the Financial Services Authority (OJK) 2. Describes the functions, objectives and duties of the Financial Services Authority (OJK) 3. Describes the authority of the Financial Services Authority (OJK) 14 Describes the business sector of non-bank financial institutions institutions 1. Describes the business selfields of non-bank financial institutions which include pawnshops 2. Insurance 3. cooperative 4. Leasing 5. joint venture 6. pension fund 15 0% 16 FINAL SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2 x 50	12	and status of deposit insurance	form and status of deposit insurance institutions 2. Describes the functions, duties and authority of deposit insurance institutions 3. Describes the participating banks as deposit insurance institutions 4. Describe the insurance		literature, lectures and discussions		0%
business sector of non-bank financial institutions business fields of non-bank financial institutions which include pawnshops 2.insurance 3.cooperative 4.leasing 5.joint venture 6.pension fund literature, lectures and discussions 4 × 50 15 0% 16 FINAL SEMESTER EXAMINATION	13	Financial Services	meaning of the Financial Services Authority (OJK) 2.Describes the functions, objectives and duties of the Financial Services Authority (OJK) 3.Describes the authority of the Financial Services Authority of		literature, lectures and discussions		0%
16 FINAL SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2 X 50		business sector of non-bank financial	1.Describes the business fields of non-bank financial institutions which include pawnshops 2.insurance 3.cooperative 4.leasing 5.joint venture		literature, lectures and discussions		0%
EXAMINATION 2 X 50	15						0%
	16	EXAMINATION			2 X 50		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage	•
		0%	

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program)
 which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills
 and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.