

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Building Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

Courses			CODE		Cours	Course Family			Credit Weight			SEM	IESTER	Cor	npilation
Project Planning and Control		8320503162	2	Comp	Compulsory Study Program Subjects			T=3	T=3 P=0 ECTS=4.77		7	4	Apr 202	il 27, 3	
AUTHORIZAT	ION		SP Develop	er	. rogi		0010	Course Cluster Coordinator				Stu	dy Progra	am Co	ordinator
			Dr. Gde Agus Yudha Prawira Adistana, S.T., M.T.				Dr. Gde Agus Yudha Prawira Adistana, S.T., M.T.			Dr.	Dr. Gde Agus Yudha Prawira Adistana, S.T., M.T.				
Learning model	Project Based	Learni	earning												
Program	PLO study pro	ogram	which is c	harged to th	e cours	se									
Learning Outcomes	Program Obje	ctives	s (PO)												
(PLO)	PO - 1	Stude engin	ents are able eering work in	to have knowl n the field.	edge al	bout eng	ginee	ring pla	Inning	and p	roject cont	ol to be	e used in	carryir	ng out civil
	PO - 2	Stude target	ents are able is.	to plan the us	se of pr	oject res	sourc	es (ma	n, moi	ney) to	o achieve p	oroject (cost, sche	dule a	and quality
	PO - 3	Stude projec	ents are able ct implementa	to create and tion honestly t	d carry using in	out con formatio	nstruc n tec	tion pr	oject a / and o	admini compu	stration sy ters.	stems a	at all stag	es/pro	cesses of
	PO - 4	Stude and th	ents are able t ne results can	to control all re be used as m	esource aterial	s involve for consi	ed in idera	project tion in r	impler naking	menta J decis	tion to ensi ions on fur	ire that ther wo	planning ′k.	runs a	s it should
	PLO-PO Matri	x													
	PO Matrix at t	he en	P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3 PO-4 d of each le P.O P.O D-1 D-2 D-3 D-4	arning stage	e (Sub-	PO)	6	7 8	We 9	ek 10		2 13	3 14	15	16
Short Course Description References	This course con Chart, Line Dia Project or Prima can be used to student center. Main : 1. Suryant 2. Soehart 3. Widiasa	tains gram, avera F contro to HS, to Imai anti Irik	the project p and Network Project Plann I project cost: Mas, Dani Ha n. 2001. Mana (a, Lenggogel	lanning proce: < Planning ma er, followed by s and time. Le asan. 2006. Ma ajemen Proyel ni. 2013. Mana pa Mongola I	ss whic mually plannin arning anajem dari K ijemen	h consis (AOA ar ng, alloc is carrie en Proye onseptu Konstrul	sts of nd A(ation d out ek II . al Sa ksi . I	f manua ON me , equal : using : Suraba .mpai O Bandun	ally pre thods) distrib a cons aya: U perasi g: Ren	eparin or us oution structiv nipres onal J naja R	g a project ing schedu of project r ist paradig Unesa. ilid 2 . Jaka osdakarya	schedu lling so esource m by er rta: Erla	ule in the ftware su use, and nphasizin	form ch as techn g learr	of a Gantt Microsoft iques that hing at the
	Supporters:				I UYER (aengail					Dall	iong.			

 Nugraha Paulus, Natan Ishak, Sutjipto R. 1985. Manajemen Proyek Konstruksi 2 . Surabaya: Kartika Yudha. Husen Abrar. 2011. Manajemen Proyek . Yogyakarta: Andi. Yrama Widya. Journal of Construction Engineering and Management (ASCE) 								
Support lecturer	ing Dr. Suprapto, S Dr. Gde Agus Y Desy Ratna Art	.Pd., M.T. ′udha Prawira Adista haningtyas, S.T., M.	ana, S.T., M.T. T.					
Final abilities of each learning		Ev	valuation	He Lear Stude [E	elp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, stimated time]	Learning materials	Assessment	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline(offline)	Online (<i>online</i>)]	in origin (70)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Understand the functions and types of project scheduling	Mention the functions and types of project scheduling	Criteria: Can mention the functions and types of project scheduling properly and correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 3 X 50	Lectures, discussions and questions and answers 3 X 50	Material: Functions and types of project scheduling Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa.	2%	
2	Understand and create project schedules in the form of Gantt Charts and Line Diagrams	Can create a project schedule in the form of a Gantt Chart	Criteria: Can create a project schedule in the form of a Gantt Chart properly, completely and correctly Form of Assessment : Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Lectures, and making a project schedule in the form of a 3 X 50 Gantt Chart	Lectures, and making a project schedule in the form of a 3 X 50 Gantt Chart	Material: project schedule in the form of a Gantt Chart Reader: Widiasanti Inika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth. Material: project schedule in the form of a Gantt Chart Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa.	2%	
3	Understand and draw Network Planning for project scheduling	Can draw Network Planning for project scheduling	Criteria: Good marks if answered correctly Form of Assessment : Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Lecture, practice making 3 X 50 network planning drawings	Lecture, practice making 3 X 50 network planning drawings	Material: network planning Bibliography: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: network planning Reference: Widiasanti Irika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth.	2%	

4	Understand the project schedule using the CPM Method	Can draw CPM schedule creation	Criteria: able to identify project schedule characteristics using the CPM method correctly	Lectures, practice in making a 3 X 50 CPM schedule	Lectures, practice in making a 3 X 50 CPM schedule	Material: CPM method Reader: Soeharto Iman. 2001. Project Management from Conceptual to Operational Volume 2. Jakarta: Erlangga. Material: CPM scheduling method Reader: Widiasanti Irika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth. Material: network planning Bibliography: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unisa.	2%
5	Able to create project schedules using the CPM method	Can create project schedules using the CPM Method	Criteria: create a project schedule using the CPM method properly, completely and correctly Form of Assessment : Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Project for creating 3 X 50 CPM scheduling	Project for creating 3 X 50 CPM scheduling	Material: CPM method Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: network planning Reference: Soeharto Iman. 2001. Project Management from Conceptual to Operational Volume 2. Jakarta: Erlangga. Material: CPM method Reader: Widiasanti Irika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth.	2%

6	Understand the project schedule using the PERT Method	Can understand the project schedule using the PERT method	Criteria: Able to identify project schedule characteristics using the PERT method correctly	Lectures, practice making schedules using the PERT 3 X 50 method	Lectures, practice making schedules using the PERT 3 X 50 method	Material: PERT method Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa.	2%
						Material: PERT method Reference: Husen Abrar. 2011. Project Management. Yogyakarta: Andi.	
7	Able to create a project schedule using the PERT method	Can create project schedules using the PDM method	Criteria: Create a project schedule using the PERT method properly, completely and correctly Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Making schedules using the PERT 3 X 50 Method	Making schedules using the PERT 3 X 50 Method	Material: PERT method Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: PERT method Reader: Widiasanti Irika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth.	2%
8	Sub Summative Exam	Mastery of scheduling with CPM and PERT	Criteria: Able to plan project schedules using CPM or PERT properly and correctly	Sub Summative Exam 3 X 50			32%
9	Understand the project schedule using the PDM Method	Can understand the project schedule using the PDM Method	Criteria: Able to identify project schedule characteristics using the PDM method correctly	Lectures, practice making schedules using the PDM 3 X 50 method	Lectures, practice making schedules using the PDM 3 X 50 method	Material: Precedence diagram method References: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: Precedence diagram method Reference: Soeharto Iman. 2001. Project Management from Conceptual to Operational Volume 2. Jakarta: Erlangga.	2%

10	Able to create S Curves for scheduling and Able to understand Project Reports	 Can create S curves for project schedules Can create weekly project reports 	Criteria: 1.Create an S Curve for the project schedule properly, completely and correctly 2.Make weekly project reports properly, completely and correctly Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Creation of S curve and 3 X 50 project report	Creation of S curve and 3 X 50 project report	Material: S Curvas Literature: Widiasanti Irika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth. Material: S curve Reference: Husen Abrar. 2011. Project Management. Yogyakarta: Andi.	2%
11	Understand the basics of scheduling with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner	Master the basics of scheduling with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner	Criteria: Good marks if answered correctly	Lectures, computer scheduling exercises with MS project 3 X 50	Lectures, computer scheduling exercises with MS project 3 X 50	Material: Ms Project Reader: Suhendi Edi. 2009. Guide to Managing Projects with Microsoft Office Project 2007. Bandung:	2%
12	Able to create project schedules with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner	Can create project schedules with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner	Criteria: Project scheduling with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner is carried out well, completely and correctly Form of Assessment : Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Presentation or performance of project scheduling with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner 3 X 50	Presentation or performance of project scheduling with MS Project or Primavera Project Planner 3 X 50	Material: Ms Project Reader: Suhendi Edi. 2009. Guide to Managing Projects with Microsoft Office Project 2007. Bandung:	2%

13	Can calculate labor requirements based on the duration of work and be able to allocate resources	 Can calculate labor requirements based on the duration of work Able to allocate limited or unlimited resources 	Criteria: 1.Can determine the number of workers based on the specified work duration 2.Allocation of limited resources is carried out properly and correctly according to allocation rules Form of Assessment : Assessment of Project Results / Product Assessment, Practices / Performance	Lectures, practice solving problems in cases of 3 X 50 labor requirements	Lectures, practice solving problems in cases of 3 X 50 labor requirements	Material: Labor Productivity References: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: Labor Productivity Reference: Soeharto Iman. 2001. Project Management from Conceptual to Operational Volume 2. Jakarta: Erlangga. Material: Labor allocation Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: Labor allocation Reader: Suryanto HS, Mas, Dani Hasan. 2006. Project Management II. Surabaya: Unipres Unesa. Material: Labor allocation Reference: Soeharto Iman. 2001. Project Management from Conceptual to Operational Volume 2. Jakarta: Erlangga.	2%
14	Understand how to control project costs and time using the Earned Value Method		Criteria: 1.Able to calculate the value of the cost performance index and schedule performance index 2.Able to predict project completion costs 3.Able to predict project completion time Form of Assessment : Practice/Performance, Test	Lectures, discussions, practice in solving cases using the 3 X 50 Earned Value Method	Lectures, discussions, practice in solving cases using the 3 X 50 Earned Value Method	Material: result value method References: Widiasanti Irika, Lenggogeni. 2013. Construction Management. Bandung: Rosdakarya Youth.	2%
15	Understand methods of accelerating project completion	Can accelerate project completion time using the TCTO method	Criteria: Can calculate optimal acceleration costs properly and correctly Form of Assessment : Practice/Performance, Test	Lectures, discussions, TCTO 3 X 50 case study exercises	Lectures, discussions, TCTO 3 X 50 case study exercises	Material: TCTO Reader: Yrama Widya. Journal of Construction Engineering and Management (ASCE)	2%
16	Summative Exam	Understand how to control project costs and time	Criteria: Able to apply project cost and time control methods properly and correctly	Summative Exam 100			40%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	1%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	10%
3.	Practice / Performance	6%
4.	Test	3%
		20%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. Indicators for assessing abilities in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the abilities or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
- Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods. 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.