

Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Engineering, Building Engineering Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

SEMESTER LEARNING	3 PLAN

Courses			CODE				С	Course Family			Credit Weight				SEM	ESTER	Compi Date	lation	
Differential C	alculus		8320503064								T=3 P=0 ECTS=4.7			6=4.77		1	July 18	, 2024	
AUTHORIZAT	ION		SP Developer						0	Course Cluster Coordinator			ator	Study Program Coordinator					
											Dr. Gde Agus Yudha Prawira Adistana, S.T., M.T.			Jha S.T.,					
Learning model	Case Studies																		
Program	PLO study program that is charged to the course																		
Learning Outcomes	Program Objec	m Objectives (PO)																	
(PLO)	PO - 1 Understand the concept of real, complex, vector numbers																		
	PO - 2	Formu	late a functi	on															
	PO - 3	gsi Ca	lculates deri	vative	es														
	PLO-PO Matrix																		
			P.0																
			PO-1																
			PO-2																
			PO-3																
		-		-															
	PO Matrix at th	e end o	of each lea	rning	j sta	ge (Su	b-P	0)											
			P.0									Wee	ek						
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 1	6
		PO	-1																
		PO	-2																
		PO	-3																
Short Course Description	Study of the basic real number syst along with their a applied in the civi	ems, co applicati	omplexes v	ectors	: fun	ctions	fund	ction	imits	ara	anhs o	f func	tions	polar (coordin	ates (lerivativ	es of fur	nctions
References	Main :																		
	1.																		
	 [1]. LouisLeithold, 1991, Kalkulus dan Ilmu UkurAnalitik, edisi 5, Jakarta : Erlangga. [2] L. Susskind, G. Hrabovsky, 2013, The Theorictical Minimum, New York : Basic Book [3].Purcell dan Verberg, 1992, Kalkulus dan GeometriAnalitis, Jakarta: Erlangga [4].Stroud, K.A, 1986, [alih bahasa oleh Erwin Sucipto] Matematika Untuk Teknik, Penerbit: Erlangga [5]. Baisuni , M.H, 1986, Kalkulus , Jakarta Universitas Indonesia 																		
	Supporters:																		
Supporting lecturer	Ninik Wahju Hida	jati, S.S	i., M.Si.																

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Evalua	ation	Learı Studer	lp Learning, ning methods, nt Assignments, timated time]	Learning materials	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline(offline)	Online (online)	References		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Able to explain number systems starting from the simplest numbers to the most complex numbers, radical power numbers and mathematical operations of equations and inequalities	 Explain the types of numbers starting from the simplest numbers to the most complex numbers Explains radical power numbers and their mathematical operations. Explain and be able to solve equations and inequalities 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do the questions correctly and precisely Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Brainstorming discussions and problem- based learning 3 X 50			0%	
2	Understand the definition of vectors and relations and vector algebra operations and be able to calculate the angle formed by 2 vectors calculate the area of a parallelogram and be able to calculate the volume of a parallelepipedum	 Explains the definition of vectors and relations and vector algebra operations Calculating the angle formed by 2 vectors calculates the area of a parallelogram and calculates the volume of a parallelepipedum 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly and precisely Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities, Tests	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50			0%	
3	Understand the definition of vectors and relations and vector algebra operations and be able to calculate the angle formed by 2 vectors calculate the area of a parallelogram and be able to calculate the volume of a parallelepipedum	 Explains the definition of vectors and relations and vector algebra operations Calculating the angle formed by 2 vectors calculates the area of a parallelogram and calculates the volume of a parallelepipedum 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do the questions correctly and precisely Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50			0%	
4	Understand the definition of vectors and relations and vector algebra operations and be able to calculate the angle formed by 2 vectors calculate the area of a parallelogram and be able to calculate the volume of a parallelepipedum	 Explains the definition of vectors and relations and vector algebra operations Calculating the angle formed by 2 vectors calculates the area of a parallelogram and calculates the volume of a parallelepipedum 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained especially when you do the questions correctly and precisely Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50			0%	

5	Able to define functions, understand various functions, be able to draw graphs of functions, determine the origin area (domain) and result area (function), understand graph shifts, calculate function operations and function composition, and be able to draw function graphs in polar coordinates.	 Explain the definition of function Explain the various functions Drawing function graphs determines the domain area and function area Draw function graphs with translation/shift laws Explains the occurrence of new functions based on the operation of functions and function composition Explain the depiction of function graphs in polar coordinates 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly and precisely Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
6	Able to define functions, understand various functions, be able to draw graphs of functions, determine the origin area (domain) and result area (function), understand graph shifts, calculate function operations and function composition, and be able to draw function graphs in polar coordinates.	 Explain the definition of function Explain the various functions Drawing function graphs determines the domain area and function area Draw function graphs with translation/shift laws Explains the occurrence of new functions based on the operation of function and function and function function and function function function function function graphs in polar coordinates 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly and precisely Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
7	Able to define functions, understand various functions, be able to draw graphs of functions, determine the origin area (domain) and result area (function), understand graph shifts, calculate function operations and function composition, and be able to draw function graphs in polar coordinates.	 Explain the definition of function Explain the various functions Drawing function graphs determines the domain area and function area Draw function graphs with translation/shift laws Explains the occurrence of new functions based on the operation of functions and function composition Explain the depiction of function graphs in polar coordinates 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly. Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%

8	Able to work on	UTS with material	Criteria:	UTS with		0%
	Able to work off UTS questions covering Basic Mathematics (radical number system, power numbers, mathematical operations, equations and inequalities) Vectors and Functions	overing Basic Mathematics (radical number system, power numbers, mathematical operations, equations and inequalities), Vectors and Functions	Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Test	3 X 50 Essay model		0%
9	Able to solve function limits	 Explain the definition of limit Explain limit theorems Explain the limits of trigonometric functions Explain the limits of rational numbers Explain the limit of indefinite numbers Explain the limits of exponential numbers 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
10	Able to solve function limits	 Explain the definition of limit Explain limit theorems Explain the limits of trigonometric functions Explain the limits of rational numbers Explain the limit of indefinite numbers Explain the limits of exponential numbers 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
11	Able to understand the continuity of function at one point	Proving the condition that the function is continuous at one point	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
12	Understand the definition and properties of derivatives and be able to find derivatives of various functions	 Explain the definition of a derivative and the properties of a derivative Explaining derivatives with high-level derivative chain rules implicit function derivatives and parameter function derivatives 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
13	Understand the definition and properties of derivatives and be able to find derivatives of various functions	 Explain the definition of a derivative and the properties of a derivative Explaining derivatives with high-level derivative chain rules implicit function derivatives and parameter function derivatives 	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%

14	Able to understand the application of the derivative of a function	Explain the application of the derivative of a function to the speed of solid particles, the speed of liquids, extreme values (maximum- minimum) and the associated rate of change.	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
15	Able to understand the application of the derivative of a function	Explain the application of the derivative of a function to the speed of solid particles, the speed of liquids, extreme values (maximum- minimum) and the associated rate of change.	Criteria: Full marks are obtained if you do all the questions correctly Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem- based learning and discussion 3 X 50		0%
16			Form of Assessment : Participatory Activities	Problem and discussion based learning		0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study
No Evaluation Percentage

0%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning,
- Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.