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Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Biology Education Undergraduate Study Program

Document Code

UNES	Ā	Biology Education Ondergraduate Study (10gram								
SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN										
Courses			CODE	DDE Course Family		Credit Weight		SEMESTER	Compilation Date	
Animal Behavior			842050219	3		T=2 P=0	ECTS=3.18	7	July 18, 2024	
AUTHORIZATION			SP Develop	SP Developer		Course Cluster Coordinator		Study Program Coordinator		
								Dr. Rinie Pratiwi Puspitawati, M.Si.		
Learning model	Learning model Case Studies									
Program		PLO study program which is charged to the course								
Outcom		Program Objectives (PO)								
(PLO)		PLO-PO Matrix								
		P.O								
		PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)								
			P.O 1	2 3 4 5 6	W6	eek 10	11 12	13 14 1	15 16	
Short Course Descript	tion	In this course, animal behavior is discussed which includes understanding behavior, behavioral development, physiological aspects of behavior, innate behavior, learned behavior and social animal behavior in animals which includes adaptive behavior in groups, mating behavior, navigation, migration, communication and social organization of animals., as well as compiling research proposals or animal behavior. This course is presented through learning with discussions, assignments to make videos of animal behavior and preparation of research proposals, as well as presentations.							groups, mating proposals on	
Referen	ces	Main :								
	 Gundevia, H.S. and Singh, H.G. 1996. Animal Behavior. New Delhi: Ram Nagar, S. Chand, Company Ltd. Hopson, J.L. and Wessel, N.H. 1990. Essential of Biology. New York: Mc Graw – Hill. Kuswanti, N., Kuntjoro, S., Ambarwati, R., and Purnomo, T. 2014. Cage Temperature in Relation to The Width of Beak Opening of Gelatik Jawa (Padda oryzivora). Proceeding of International Conference on Research, Implementation and Education of Mathematics and Sciences 2014, Yogyakarta State University, 18-20 May 2014. Manning A. and Dawkins, M.S. 1992. An Introduction to Animal Behavior. Cambridge: University Press. 									
		Supporters:								
Support lecturer		Dr. Nur Kuswanti Dr. Raharjo, M.S Nur Qomariyah, Erlix Rakhmad P	ĺ.	i.						
Week-	eac		E	valuation	Learı Studer	Ip Learning ning metho nt Assignm stimated tin	ds, ents,	Learning materials [References	Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Su	b-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (Online	(online)]		

1	Understanding the development of Animal Behavior	1. Explain the meaning of animal behavior 2. Explain the meaning of ethology and its development 3. Identify examples of animal behavior 4. List the aspects involved in animal behavior 5. Explain how researchers work in the field of ethology 6. Prepare a research proposal on animal behavior	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions Group discussions Assignments to record animal behavior around students. Assignment to prepare research proposals on animal behavior in groups to be submitted at the final meeting (16th) 2 X 50		0%
2	Understand the physiological aspects of behavior	Explain the involvement of various stimuli in animal behavior	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions Group discussion Presentation 2 X 50		0%
3	Understand the physiological aspects of animal behavior	Explain the involvement of nerves in animal behavior. 2. Explain the involvement of muscles in animal behavior	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Question and answer, classic discussion Group discussion Presentation 2 X 50		0%
4	Understand the physiological aspects of behavior	1. Explain the involvement of hormones in animal behavior. 2. Explain the role of genes in animal behavior	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions Group discussion Presentation 2 X 50		0%
5	Understand the relationship between genetics, environment and behavior	1. Explain variations in behavior 2. Explain the development of behavior 3. Explain the flexibility of behavior 4. Explain the transmission of heredity (instinct, imprinting)	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions Group discussion 2 X 50		0%
6	Distinguish between proximate and ultimate behavior	Identify proximate behavior 2. Identify ultimate behavior	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Video observation Group discussions and presentations 2 X 50		0%
7	Understanding innate behavior.	Explain innate behavior	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Observations, questions and answers, and discussions. 2 X 50		0%

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8	UTS	UTS	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	2 X 50		0%
9	Understanding Innate Behavior	Explains innate behavior	Criteria: 1.UAS 30% 2.Duty 30% 3.Participation 20% 4.UTS 20%	Lectures and Discussions 2 X 50		0%
10	Understanding learned behavior	Differentiate between types of behavior being learned (associative learning & nonassociative learning)	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Discussion and presentation 2 X 50		0%
11	Explain habituation in animals. 2. Demonstrate learning problem solving in animals.	1. Explain habituation in animals. 2. Demonstrate learning problem solving in animals.	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Discussion and presentation 2 X 50		0%
12	Identify various types of behavior	Identify various types of behavior in animals.	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions. 2 X 50		0%
13	Identifying various types of behavior (cont.)	Identify various types of behavior in animals.	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions. 2 X 50		0%
14	Understanding behavioral ecology	Explain behavioral ecology 2. Explain various types of animal behavior in relation to ecology.	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Classical questions and answers and discussions. 2 X 50		0%
15	Understand the role of ethology in various fields.	Explain the role of ethology in various fields.	Criteria: 1.Reports and task products weigh 30% 2.USS results weighted 20% 3.USS results weigh 30% 4.Participation/activity in learning 20%	Presentation and discussion 2 X 50		0%
16						0%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Case Study

No	Evaluation	Percentage	
	_	0%	

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study
 Program graduate which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their
 study program obtained through the learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which
 are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and
 knowledge.
- 3. **Program Objectives (PO)** are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
- 4. **Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO)** is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Indicators for assessing** ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.