Document Code



Universitas Negeri Surabaya Faculty of Education, Psychology Undergraduate Study Program

				SEI	MES	STE	RI	_EA	RN	ING	PL	_AN	I							
Courses			CODE				Course Family			Credit Weight		s	SEMESTER		С	Compilation Date		e		
Environmental I	Psychology		732010209	98				/ Progi	am El	ective	ive T=2 P=0 ECTS=3.18		.18		5	А	ugust 2	3, 2023		
AUTHORIZATIO	N		SP Developer				Cour	ses		Cours	se Clu	ster C	oordinat	tor S	tudy P	rogram	Coord	inator		
			Siti Jaroʻah, M.A.; Vania Ardel						Savira, S.Psi., Yohana		Yohana Wuri Satwika, S.Psi., M.P		i., M.Psi	i.						
Learning model	Project Based Learning																			
Program Learning	PLO study program which is charged to the course																			
Outcomes	Program Object	tives ((PO)																	
(PLO)	PO - 1		to analyze e sments	enviror	menta	prob	olems	that i	nfluen	ce hun	nan b	ehavio	r using	basic	theore	tical co	ncepts	and p	sycholo	gical
	PO - 2	Devel	op plans to in	crease	e pro-ei	nviron	menta	l beha	ior in	accord	ance v	vith the	e rules of	scient	tific writ	ing				
	PO - 3	Able to	o provide alte	ernative	e proble	em so	lving fo	or vario	us en	vironm	ental p	sychol	logical pr	oblem	s that a	rise in e	everyda	y life		
			P.O PO-1 PO-2 PO-3																	
	PO Matrix at the end of each learning stage (Sub-PO)																			
		P.O					Week								1					
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	1
		PC	D-1																	1
		PC)-2																	Ī
		PC)-3																	1
		1								1	<u> </u>	·			1	1				_1
Short Course Description	Examines the ba related to the en natural disasters,	vironme	ent, pro-envii	ronmei	ntal be	havior	and ,	applica	ations	of env	ironme	ental p	sycholog	y rela	ted to h	nousing	and se	ettleme		
References	Main :																			
	1. Steg, L. & de Groot, J. I. M. (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.																			
	Supporters:																			
 Jekria, N. & Daud, S. (2016). Environmental Concern and Recycling Behaviour. Procedia Economics and Finance, 35, 667-67. Barth, M., Masson, T., Fritsche, I., Fielding, K. & Smith, J. R. (2021). Collective responses to global challenges: The social penvironmental action. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 74. Klöckner, C. A. (2013). A Comprehensive Model of the Psychology of Environmental Behaviour: A Meta Analysis. Global Change, 23(5), 1028-1038. Namazian, Ali. & Mehdipour, A. (2013). Psychological Demands of the Built Environment, Privacy, Personal Space Architecture. International Journal of Psychology and Behavioral Sciences, 3(4), 109-113. TED. (2017, Nov 21). Nicholas Amendolare: What is the tragedy of the commons? [Video]. YouTube. https://www.you.v=Cxc161GvMPc Greenfield, M. H. (2022). An urgent need to reassess climate change and child labour in agriculture. The Lancet, 6(6), E456-E7. Greenfield, M. H. (2022). Climate change and child labour in agriculture: How rising temperatures, heat stress and the imhealth redefines safe and hazardous work. Self-published. Ayeb-Karlsson, S., Kniveton, D. & Cannon, T. (2020). Trapped in the prison of the mind: Notions of climate-induced (im) making and wellbeing from an urban informal settlement in Bangladesh, Palgrave Communications, 6(62). Nissa, C. (2020). Semes7a [Film]. Tanakhir Films. 							bal En e and outube. -E457. mpact	vironmer Territory com/wat	ntal / in tch? ren's											
Supporting lecturer	Nurchayati, S.Psi Vania Ardelia, S.I Siti Jaroʻah, S.Ps	Psi., M.	Sc.																	

Week-	Final abilities of each learning stage	Eval	luation	Help Learning, Learning methods, Student Assignments, [Estimated time]			Assessment Weight (%)	
	(Sub-PO)	Indicator	Criteria & Form	Offline (offline)	Online (online)	[References]	rreight (70)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
1	Students are able to explain and analyze the basic concepts of environmental psychology, its scope and historical development	1.Students are able to explain the meaning of environmental psychology 2.Students are able to detail the scope of environmental psychology 3.Students are able to describe the history of the development of environmental psychology	Criteria: 1.Students are able to explain the meaning of environmental psychology well 2.Students are able to detail the scope of environmental psychology well 3.Students are able to explain the history of the development of environmental psychology well Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50		Material: Environmental Psychology: History, Scope and Methods References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Environmental Risk Perception References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	1%	
2	Students are able to explain and analyze the basic concepts of environmental psychology, its scope and historical development	Can explain the meaning and scope of environmental psychology, a brief history of its development and research methods.	Criteria: Students are able to explain the history of the development of environmental psychology well Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50		Material: Environmental Psychology: History, Scope and Methods Bibliography: Material: Environmental Risk Perception References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	1%	
3	Students are able to explain and analyze concepts about the relationship and influence of humans and the environment	1.Students are able to explain the concept of the relationship and influence between humans and their environment 2.Students are able to detail the concept of environmental stress	Criteria: 1.Students are able to explain the concept of the relationship and influence between humans and their environment well 2.Students are able to detail the concept of environmental stress well Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment		Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Environmental Stress References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Health Benefits of Nature References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	3%	
4	Students are able to analyze and evaluate the influence of weather, climate, noise and lighting on human behavior	1.Students are able to describe the influence of weather and climate on human behavior 2.Students are able to describe the influence of noise and lighting on human behavior 3.Students are able to recommend solutions to the influence of weather, climate, noise and lighting on human behavior	Criteria: 1.Students are able to describe the influence of weather and climate on human behavior correctly 2.Students are able to describe the influence of noise and lighting on human behavior correctly 3.Students are able to recommend solutions to the influence of weather, climate, noise and lighting on human behavior appropriately 4 Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50		Material: Climate Change as a Unique Environmental Problem References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Ambivalence Towards Nature and Natural Landscapes References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	3%	

5	Students are able to explain and analyze various theoretical perspectives in environmental psychology	1.Students are able to explain the concept of the Theory of Planned Behavior in environmental psychology 2.Students are able to explain the concept of Protection Motivation Theory in environmental psychology 3.Students are able to examine the concept of The Norm Activation Model in environmental psychology	Criteria: 1. Students are able to explain the concept of the Theory of Planned Behavior in environmental psychology correctly 2. Students are able to explain the concept of Protection Motivation Theory in environmental psychology correctly 3. Students are able to properly examine the concept of The Norm Activation Model in environmental psychology Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment, Test	Direct Instruction (CI) 2 X 50		Material: Theories to Explain Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Theories to Explain Environmental Behavior References: Klöckner, CA (2013). A Comprehensive Model of the Psychology of Environmental Behavior: A Meta Analysis. Global Environmental Change, 23(5), 1028-1038.	7%
6	Students are able to explain and analyze various theoretical perspectives in environmental psychology	1.Students are able to explain the concept of The Value-Belief-Norm Theory of Environmentalism in environmental psychology 2.Students are able to examine the concept of Goal-Framing Theory in environmental psychology	Criteria: 1. Students are able to explain the concept of The Value-Belief-Norm Theory of Environmentalism in environmental psychology correctly 2. Students are able to properly examine the concept of Goal-Framing Theory in environmental psychology Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities		Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Theories to Explain Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Theories to Explain Environmental Behavior References: Klöckner, CA (2013). A Comprehensive Model of the Psychology of Environmental Behavior: A Meta Analysis. Global Environmental Change, 23(5), 1028-1038.	3%
7	Students are able to explain and analyze environmental problems currently faced by humans and their causes	1. Students are able to explain environmental problems with the concept of social dilemma 2. Students are able to examine environmental problems with the concept of tragedy of the common	Criteria: 1.Students are able to explain environmental problems using the concept of social dilemma correctly 2.Students are able to examine environmental problems with the concept of tragedy of the common well 3.9. Responsive and ready to accept input Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50		Material: Social Dilemmas: Motivational, Individual, and Structural Aspects Influencing Cooperation References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Tragedy of the commons Reader: TED. (2017, Nov 21). Nicholas Amendolare: What is the tragedy of the commons? [Video]. YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/	3%
8	Completing the Sub Summative Exam (USS)	Solve questions from meeting material 1-7	Criteria: Assessment rubric Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Essay Exam (MC) 2 X 50		Material: Meeting Material 1-7 References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	20%

9	Students are able to explain and analyze theoretical concepts regarding proenvironmental attitudes and individual behavior (pro-environmental behavior).	1.Students are able to explain the meaning of proenvironmental behavior 2.Students are able to describe various forms of proenvironmental behavior	Criteria: 1.Students are able to explain the meaning of proenvironmental behavior well 2.Students are able to describe various forms of proenvironmental behavior correctly Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion of Case Study (CS) Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Measuring Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Values and Pro- Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Environmental Concern and Recycling Behavior References: Jekria, N. & Daud, S. (2016). Environmental Concern and Recycling Behavior. Procedia Economics and Finance, 35, 667-673. Material: Film about efforts to tackle climate change References: Nissa, C. (2020). Semes7a [Movie]. Tanakhir Films.	3%
10	Students are able to explain and analyze theoretical concepts regarding proenvironmental attitudes and individual behavior (pro-environmental behavior).	1.Students are able to examine the formation of pro-environmental behavior from a theoretical perspective 2.Students are able to properly examine the formation of pro-environmental behavior from a theoretical perspective	Criteria: Students are able to properly examine the formation of proenvironmental behavior from a theoretical perspective Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities	Project Based Learning (PjBL) Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Social Norms and Pro-Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Emotions and Pro-Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Informational Strategies to Promote Pro-Environmental Behavior: Changing Knowledge, Awareness, and Attitudes References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	3%
11	Students are able to explain and analyze the concepts of privacy, personal space and individual territory	1.Students can detail the meaning and various concepts of human behavior related to privacy 2.Students can explain the meaning and various concepts of human behavior related to personal space	Criteria: 1.Students can detail the meaning and various concepts of human behavior related to privacy correctly 2.Students can explain the meaning and various concepts of human behavior related to personal space well Forms of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion of Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Place Attachment References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: How Cues in the Environment Affect Normative Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Psychological Demands of the Built Environment, Privacy, Personal Space and Territory in Architecture References: Namazian, Ali. & Mehdipour, A. (2013). Psychological Demands of the Built Environment, Privacy, Personal Space and Territory in Architecture. International Journal of Psychology and Behavioral Sciences, 3(4), 109-113.	3%
12	Students are able to explain and analyze the concepts of privacy, personal space and individual territory	Can explain various concepts of human behavior related to privacy, personal space, and territoriality	Criteria: Students can explain the meaning and various concepts of human behavior related to individual territory well Form of Assessment: Participatory Activities, Tests	Discussion of Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Symbolic Aspects of Environmental Behavior References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	7%

13	Students are able to evaluate environmental problems that occur in urban communities	Students are able to describe various urban environmental problems	Criteria: Students are able to relate various urban environmental problems to psychological conditions and human behavior Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment		Discussion of Case Study (CS) Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50	Material: Urban Environmental Quality References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Social Dilemmas: Motivational, Individual, and Structural Aspects Influencing Cooperation References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	5%
14	Students are able to evaluate environmental problems that occur in urban communities	Can explain the impact of various urban environmental problems on psychological conditions and human behavior	Criteria: Students are able to compare various urban and rural environmental problems well Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion of Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50		Material: Environmental Issues in Low- and Middle-Income Countries References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	3%
15	Students are able to design promotions/campaigns for recycling activities (promoting-recycling behavior) in accordance with theoretical concepts	1.Students are able to categorize promoting-recycling behavior 2.Students are able to plan various forms of promoting-recycling behavior	Criteria: 1.Students are able to categorize and explain promoting-recycling behavior correctly 2.Students are able to plan various forms of promoting-recycling behavior well Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	Discussion Project- based learning (PjBL) Direct Instruction (DI) 2 X 50		Material: Encouraging Pro- Environmental Behavior with Rewards and Penalties References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley. Material: Environmental Concern and Recycling Behavior References: Jekria, N. & Daud, S. (2016). Environmental Concern and Recycling Behavior. Procedia Economics and Finance, 35, 667-673.	5%
16	Completing Final Semester Examination (UAS) Questions	Mastering the application of environmental psychology theories that have been studied in analyzing real cases in relevant communities and providing alternative problem solutions	Criteria: Assessment rubric Form of Assessment: Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	2 X 50 Poster Project Report		Material: Meeting Material 9-15 References: Steg, L. & de Groot, JIM (2019). Environmental Psychology (2nd Edition). New Jersey: Wiley.	30%

Evaluation Percentage Recap: Project Based Learning

No	Evaluation	Percentage
1.	Participatory Activities	15%
2.	Project Results Assessment / Product Assessment	78%
3.	Test	7%
		100%

Notes

- Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (PLO Study Program) are the abilities possessed by each Study Program graduate
 which are the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of their study program obtained through the
 learning process.
- The PLO imposed on courses are several learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-Study Program) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- Program Objectives (PO) are abilities that are specifically described from the PLO assigned to a course, and are specific to the study material or learning materials for that course.
 Subject Sub-PO (Sub-PO) is a capability that is specifically described from the PO that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that
- is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.

 5. Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or
- Indicators for assessing ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability of performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- Assessment Criteria are benchmarks used as a measure or measure of learning achievement in assessments based on predetermined
 indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for assessors so that assessments are consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be quantitative or
 qualitative.
- Forms of assessment: test and non-test.
- 8. Forms of learning: Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- Learning Methods: Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.

 10. Learning materials are details or descriptions of study materials which can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. The assessment weight is the percentage of assessment of each sub-PO achievement whose size is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving that sub-PO, and the total is 100%.
- 12. TM=Face to face, PT=Structured assignments, BM=Independent study.